Company registration number 05123060 (England and Wales)	
SILVER CROSS (IP) LIMITED  FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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### **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		202	22	202	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	3	4,691,487		4,428,314	
Cash at bank and in hand		310		35,000	
		4,691,797		4,463,314	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	4	(311,102)		(638,706)	
Net current assets			4,380,695		3,824,608
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss reserves			4,379,695		3,823,608
Total equity			4,380,695		3,824,608

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 September 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr C A Walsh

Director

Company Registration No. 05123060

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Silver Cross (IP) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Micklethorn, Broughton, Skipton, BD23 3JA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of Fosun International Limited as at 31 December 2022. These consolidated financial statements are available from www.fosun.com.

#### 1.2 Going concern

To assess the appropriateness of the preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis, a range of financial forecasts have been prepared to model hypothetical scenarios reflecting material deterioration in demand, or ability to meet demand, amongst other factors. The latest cash, bank facilities and working capital position are also factored into the assessment. Based on this assessment, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Royalty income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the agreement.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

#### 1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### 1.8 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2 Employees

There were no persons (2021 - nil) employed by the company in the year.

		2022 Number	2021 Number
	Total	<u>-</u>	-
3	Debtors		<del></del>
•	Desicold	2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	173,822	_
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,517,665	4,296,314
	Other debtors	-	132,000
		4,691,487	4,428,314
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2022	2021
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	305,998	545,146
	Taxation and social security	-	85,560
	Other creditors	5,104	8,000
		311,102	638,706

### 5 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

Senior Statutory Auditor: Chris Butt

Statutory Auditor: Azets Audit Services Limited

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.