

Company Registration No. 05120350 (England and Wales)

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director	J.D. Bateman
Secretary	J.D. Bateman
Company number	05120350
Registered office	53 Smith Street Warwick CV34 4HU
Auditor	The Ollis Partnership Limited Nelson House 2 Hamilton Terrace Leamington Spa Warwickshire CV32 4LY
Business address	53 Smith Street Warwick CV34 4HU

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Director's report	1
Director's responsibilities statement	2
Independent auditor's report	3 - 4
Profit and loss account	5
Group balance sheet	6
Company balance sheet	7
Group statement of changes in equity	8
Company statement of changes in equity	9
Notes to the financial statements	10 - 17

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2018.

Principal activities

The group's principal activity during the year continued to be that of insurance investment and Corporate Consultants, and the sale of General Insurance Premiums.

Director

The director who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

J.D. Bateman

Results and dividends

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £48,000. The director does not recommend payment of a further dividend.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that The Ollis Partnership Limited be reappointed as auditor of the group will be put at a General Meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

J.D. Bateman

Director

18 February 2019

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

The director is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company, and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bateman Group Holdings Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 July 2018 which comprise the group profit and loss account, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 July 2018 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's *responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the director's report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the director's report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Davies (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of The Ollis Partnership Limited

18 February 2019

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

Nelson House
2 Hamilton Terrace
Leamington Spa
Warwickshire
CV32 4LY

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	916,992	922,634
Cost of sales		(39,217)	(19,089)
Gross profit		877,775	903,545
Administrative expenses		(767,489)	(743,076)
Operating profit		110,286	160,469
Interest receivable and similar income	5	551	223
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	(4,816)	(5,873)
Amounts written off investments		-	358
Profit before taxation		106,021	155,177
Tax on profit		(21,736)	(32,067)
Profit for the financial year		84,285	123,110

Profit for the financial year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2018

	Notes	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
Fixed assets					
Total intangible assets			-		-
Tangible assets	7		197,951		182,356
Current assets					
Debtors	11	107,717		153,548	
Investments	12	53,347		50,358	
Cash at bank and in hand		896,737		902,183	
		<u>1,057,801</u>		<u>1,106,089</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(419,543)</u>		<u>(494,596)</u>	
Net current assets			638,258		611,493
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>836,209</u>		<u>793,849</u>
Provisions for liabilities			<u>(11,399)</u>		<u>(8,314)</u>
Net assets			<u><u>824,810</u></u>		<u><u>785,535</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		420		420
Revaluation reserve			35,390		32,400
Capital redemption reserve			1,380		1,380
Profit and loss reserves			<u>787,620</u>		<u>751,335</u>
Total equity			<u><u>824,810</u></u>		<u><u>785,535</u></u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to groups and companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 18 February 2019

J.D. Bateman
Director

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		175,000		175,000
Investments	8		5,001		5,001
			<u>180,001</u>		<u>180,001</u>
Current assets					
Investments	12	10,669		10,072	
Cash at bank and in hand		43,379		42,790	
		<u>54,048</u>		<u>52,862</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(34,814)		(34,986)	
Net current assets			<u>19,234</u>		<u>17,876</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>199,235</u>		<u>197,877</u>
Provisions for liabilities			<u>(7,600)</u>		<u>(7,600)</u>
Net assets			<u><u>191,635</u></u>		<u><u>190,277</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		420		420
Revaluation reserve			32,998		32,400
Capital redemption reserve			1,380		1,380
Profit and loss reserves			<u>156,837</u>		<u>156,077</u>
Total equity			<u><u>191,635</u></u>		<u><u>190,277</u></u>

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the year was £48,760 (2017 - £63,317 profit).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 18 February 2019

J.D. Bateman
Director

Company Registration No. 05120350

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 August 2016	420	32,000	1,380	676,225	710,025
Year ended 31 July 2017:					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	123,110	123,110
Other comprehensive income:					
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	-	400	-	-	400
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	400	-	123,110	123,510
Dividends	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Balance at 31 July 2017	420	32,400	1,380	751,335	785,535
Year ended 31 July 2018:					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	84,285	84,285
Other comprehensive income:					
Adjustments to fair value of financial assets	-	2,990	-	-	2,990
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	2,990	-	84,285	87,275
Dividends	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Balance at 31 July 2018	420	35,390	1,380	787,620	824,810

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 August 2016	420	32,000	1,380	140,760	174,560
Year ended 31 July 2017:					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	63,317	63,317
Other comprehensive income:					
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	-	400	-	-	400
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	400	-	63,317	63,717
Dividends	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Balance at 31 July 2017	420	32,400	1,380	156,077	190,277
Year ended 31 July 2018:					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	48,760	48,760
Other comprehensive income:					
Adjustments to fair value of financial assets	-	598	-	-	598
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	598	-	48,760	49,358
Dividends	-	-	-	(48,000)	(48,000)
Balance at 31 July 2018	420	32,998	1,380	156,837	191,635

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Bateman Group Holdings Limited ("the company") is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is .

The group consists of Bateman Group Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements for parent company information presented within the consolidated financial statements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position': Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues': Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 26 'Share based Payment': Share-based payment expense charged to profit or loss, reconciliation of opening and closing number and weighted average exercise price of share options, how the fair value of options granted was measured, measurement and carrying amount of liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments, explanation of modifications to arrangements;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

In the parent company financial statements, the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. The cost of the combination includes the estimated amount of contingent consideration that is probable and can be measured reliably, and is adjusted for changes in contingent consideration after the acquisition date. Provisional fair values recognised for business combinations in previous periods are adjusted retrospectively for final fair values determined in the 12 months following the acquisition date. Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the value of assets (other than goodwill) and liabilities recognised in a business combination accounted for using the purchase method and the amounts that can be deducted or assessed for tax, considering the manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is expected to be recovered or settled. The deferred tax recognised is adjusted against goodwill or negative goodwill.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Bateman Group Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries (ie entities that the group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits). Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes.

All financial statements are made up to 31 July 2018. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold	Nil
Plant and machinery	25% Reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	15% Reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Equity investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except for those equity investments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, which are recognised at cost less impairment until a reliable measure of fair value becomes available.

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The group considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Investments in associates are initially recognised at the transaction price (including transaction costs) and are subsequently adjusted to reflect the group's share of the profit or loss, other comprehensive income and equity of the associate using the equity method. Any difference between the cost of acquisition and the share of the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the associate on acquisition is recognised as goodwill. Any unamortised balance of goodwill is included in the carrying value of the investment in associates.

Losses in excess of the carrying amount of an investment in an associate are recorded as a provision only when the company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

In the parent company financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

Entities in which the group has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method is tested for impairment as a single asset. Any goodwill included in the carrying amount of the investment is not tested separately for impairment.

1.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Turnover and other revenue

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other significant revenue		
Interest income	551	223
	<u>551</u>	<u>223</u>

3 Auditor's remuneration

	2018	2017
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:		
For audit services		
Audit of the financial statements of the group and company	1,500	1,500
Audit of the financial statements of the company's subsidiaries	5,000	5,000
	<u>6,500</u>	<u>6,500</u>

4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group and company during the year was:

	Group 2018 Number	2017 Number	Company 2018 Number	2017 Number
Total employees	16	17	2	2
	<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

4 Employees

(Continued)

Their aggregate remuneration comprised:

	Group 2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £	2017 £
Wages and salaries	409,010	440,178	43,553	42,846
Social security costs	32,724	35,468	4,281	4,639
Pension costs	35,189	19,857	7,904	7,904
	<u>476,923</u>	<u>495,503</u>	<u>55,738</u>	<u>55,389</u>

5 Interest receivable and similar income

	2018 £	2017 £
Other interest receivable and similar income	551	223
	<u>551</u>	<u>223</u>

6 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2018 £	2017 £
Interest payable to group undertakings	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

7 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 August 2017	175,000	68,879	243,879
Additions	-	22,852	22,852
At 31 July 2018	<u>175,000</u>	<u>91,731</u>	<u>266,731</u>
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 August 2017	-	61,524	61,524
Depreciation charged in the year	-	7,256	7,256
At 31 July 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>68,780</u>	<u>68,780</u>
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2018	<u>175,000</u>	<u>22,951</u>	<u>197,951</u>
At 31 July 2017	<u>175,000</u>	<u>7,356</u>	<u>182,356</u>

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

7 Tangible fixed assets (Continued)

Company	Land and buildings
	£
Cost	
At 1 August 2017 and 31 July 2018	175,000
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 August 2017 and 31 July 2018	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 July 2018	175,000
At 31 July 2017	175,000

8 Fixed asset investments

	Group 2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £	2017 £
Investments	-	-	5,001	5,001

9 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 July 2018 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held Direct	Indirect
Bateman Asset Management Limited	UK	Pension and life cover insurance	Ordinary	100.00	-
John Bateman Insurance Consultants Limited	UK	General insurance	Ordinary	100.00	-

10 Financial instruments

	Group 2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £	2017 £
Carrying amount of financial assets				
Instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	53,347	50,358	10,669	10,072

As permitted by the reduced disclosure framework within FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing the carrying amount of certain classes of financial instruments, denoted by 'n/a' above.

BATEMAN GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

11 Debtors

	Group 2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £	2017 £
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade debtors	91,384	119,549	-	-
Other debtors	16,333	33,999	-	-
	<u>107,717</u>	<u>153,548</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

12 Current asset investments

	Group 2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £	2017 £
Investments	<u>53,347</u>	<u>50,358</u>	<u>10,669</u>	<u>10,072</u>

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	322,202	388,785	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	25,000	25,000
Corporation tax payable	18,650	31,753	-	-
Other taxation and social security	8,624	9,505	1,214	1,386
Other creditors	70,067	64,553	8,600	8,600
	<u>419,543</u>	<u>494,596</u>	<u>34,814</u>	<u>34,986</u>

14 Share capital

	Group and company	
	2018 £	2017 £
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
420 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	<u>420</u>	<u>420</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.