REGISTERED NUMBER: 05114996 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 April 2019

for

The Mood Factory Limited

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DIRECTOR: Mr B W J Gadd

REGISTERED OFFICE: 10-12 Mulberry Green Old Harlow

Old Harlow Essex CM17 0ET

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05114996 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Giess Wallis Crisp LLP

10-12 Mulberry Green

Old Harlow Essex CM17 0ET

Statement of Financial Position 30 April 2019

	2019		2018		
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	4		25,569		27,753
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	5	750 9 759		<u>-</u>	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	6	38,727	_(37,968) _(12,399)	39,933	(39,933) (12,180)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	7		1 (12,400) (12,399)		1 (12,181) (12,180)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of
- (b) Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 29 January 2020 and were signed by:

Mr J Gadd - Director

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Mood Factory Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no estimates and assumptions which have had a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - Straight line over 25 years
Equipment - Straight line over 3 years
Research library - Straight line over 10 years
Computer equipment - 25% on reducing balance

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11: Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade debtors and creditors.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors

Short terms debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by current accounts, cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2018 - 2).

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4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Freehold property £	Equipment £	Research library £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST					
	At 1 May 2018					
	and 30 April 2019	25,086	6,549	8,978	34,060	74,673
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 May 2018	3,009	6,549	6,128	31,234	46,920
	Charge for year	1,003_	<u>-</u> _	<u>475</u>	706	2,184
	At 30 April 2019	4,012	6,549	6,603	31,940	49,104
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 30 April 2019	21,074		2,375	2,120	25,569
	At 30 April 2018	22,077	-	<u>2,850</u>	<u>2,826</u>	27,753
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING	DUE WITHIN ON	E YEAR			
					2019	2018
					£	£
	Trade debtors				<u>750</u>	
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLIN	G DUE WITHIN O	NE YEAR			
					2019	2018
					£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts				-	63
	Trade creditors				3,840	-
	Taxation and social security				2,089	2,111
	Other creditors				32,798	37,759
					38,727	39,933

7. **CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:

Ordinary

Nominal value: £1

2019 £ 2018 £ This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.