Registered number 05104383

UK Parking Control Limited

Report and Financial Statements

30 September 2014



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UK Parking Control Limited Company Information

Director

Rupert John Williams

Secretary

Amanda Joy Williams

Auditors

Financial Professional Strategy Services LLP Fifth Floor 11 Leadenhall Street London EC3V 1LP

Registered office

The Apex .
2 Sheriffs Orchard Coventry CV1 3PP

Registered number

05104383

UK Parking Control Limited

Registered number: 05104383

Director's Report

The director presents his report and accounts for the year ended 30 September 2014.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the year continued to be that of car park management.

Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year:

Rupert John Williams

The sole director is the holder of 1 Ordinary A share, being 50% of the issued share capital of the company and has interest in 100% of the issued share capital.

Political and charitable donations

During the year the company made donations to various charities of £14,703 (2013:£9,494). No political donations were made in the year (2013:£Nil)

Statement of Director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

UK Parking Control Limited

Registered number: 05104383

Director's Report

Disclosure of information to auditors

The director confirms that:

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware: and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditors, Financial Professional Strategy Service LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 16 April 2015 and signed on its behalf.

Rupert John Williams

Director

UK Parking Control Limited Strategic Report

The directors present their strategic report for UK Parking Control Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 September 2014.

Review and Analysis of the Business during the Current Year

The Company continued its principal activities throughout the current year, which are those of the management of car parks.

During the year the business has continued to grow and gain new business, achieving a 24% growth in revenue to £8,495,013 (2013: £6,855,837)

This success has been within the environment both increasing levels of competition in the market, and also greater regulation and public scrutiny of the industry.

The company's results show profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £1,278,932 (2013: £970,015) achieving a 32% increase in the year.

As of the balance sheet date the company had net assets of £434,176 (2013: £256,772)

Future Outlook

We expect the market to be challenging throughout 2014/15 however the management considers that the ongoing investment the business is making in personnel and IT systems leaves it extremely well positioned to take advantage of new opportunities.

Principle Risks and Uncertainties

Increased competition and consolidation in the industry poses both an opportunity and a risk to UK Parking Control however we believe the scale of the business throughout the country will enable the company to capitalise on these uncertainties as property owners look to appoint operators across the country.

Legislative and legal changes from ongoing action in the wider industry could impact future profit levels and we continually review the business to ensure

The business employs an average of 200 people (2013: 171) and ensuring the retention and ongoing training of those staff is a key priority of management. Various programs and initiatives are in place to motivate and incentivise the employees.

Key Performance Indicators

The financial indicators referred to above are considered by management to be the key performance indicators of the company. In addition the management review operating margins throughout the year including Operating Profit of 44.6% (2013: 47.8%) and Profit Before Tax 15.1% (2013: 14.2%)

This report was approved by the board on 16 April 2015 and signed on its behalf.

Rupert John Williams

Director

UK Parking Control Limited Independent auditors' report to the members of UK Parking Control Limited

We have audited the accounts of UK Parking Control Limited for the year ended 30 September 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities, the director is responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatement or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 22 to the financial statements. After the yearend, the company received a VAT assessment which it is appealing against, having taken specialist professional advice. The ultimate outcome of the matter cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the financial statements.

Other matter

The comparatives shown in these financial statements are unaudited.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report and the Strategic Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts.

UK Parking Control Limited Independent auditors' report to the members of UK Parking Control Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Keith Malcouronne FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Financial Professional Strategy Services LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

16 April 2015

Fifth Floor

11 Leadenhall Street

London

EC3V 1LP

UK Parking Control Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Notes	2014 £	Unaudited 2013 £
Turnover	2	8,495,013	6,855,837
Direct expenses		(4,706,736)	(3,574,919)
Gross Profit		3,788,277	3,280,918
Administrative expenses		(2,509,526)	(2,310,903)
Operating Profit	3	1,278,751	970,015
Interest receivable Interest payable	6	189 (8)	258 (31)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,278,932	970,242
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(276,779)	(233,408)
Profit for the financial year		1,002,153	736,834

Continuing operations

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

UK Parking Control Limited Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2014

tes		2014 £		Unaudited 2013 £
		_		_
8		211,864		147,415
9				-
		211,865	_	147,415
10	40,894		16,439	
11	449,317		250,854	
	552,540		467,041	
	1,042,751		734,334	
12	(785,615)		(603,772)	
		257,136		130,562
		469,001	-	277,977
14		(33,950)		(21,205)
		435,051	-	256,772
		•		
15		2		2
16		435,049		256,770
18	-	435,051	_	256,772
	10 11 12 14	8 9 10 40,894 11 449,317 552,540 1,042,751 12 (785,615) 14	£ 8	£ 8

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 16 April 2015 Rupert John Williams Director

UK Parking Control Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Notes	2014 £	Unaudited 2013 £
Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		2	2
Operating profit Depreciation and amortisation (Increase)/decrease in stocks (Increase)/decrease in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors		1,278,751 117,276 (24,455) (198,463) 130,012	970,050 86,169 1,305 116,386 (23,035)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,303,121	1,150,875
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,303,121	1,150,875
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	19	181	227
Taxation		(212,203)	(250,604)
Capital expenditure	19	<u>(181,726)</u> 909,373	<u>(117,813)</u> 782,685
Equity dividends paid		(823,874) 85,499	<u>(708,814)</u> 73,871
Increase in cash		85,499	73,871
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net	debt		
Increase in cash in the period		85,499	73,871
Change in net debt	20	85,499	73,871
Net funds at 1 October		467,041	393,170
Net funds at 30 September		552,540	467,041

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of value added tax and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Gross income including site owners' share represents the company's turnover, which includes both revenue in relation to the company acting in principal and commission in relation to the company as agent, together with amount invoiced and receivable for goods sold and services provided as agent on behalf of owners.

Plant and machinery 25% straight line Fixture, fittings and equipment 25% straight line Motor vehicles 33% straight line

Stocks

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in respect of the tax effect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely as not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2 Analysis of turnover

All of the company's turnover is derived from their main activity of providing car park management services. None of the company's turnover (2013: None) is attributable to geographical markets outside the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2014 £	2013 £
	This is stated after charging:	-	-
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets Auditors' remuneration for audit services	117,276 6,500	86,170
4	Director's emoluments	2014 £	2013 £
	Emoluments	5,466	5,565
5	Staff costs	2014 £	2013 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,313,553 35,756 1,737 1,351,046	1,165,939 15,158 1,181,097
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Operations Management Administration	163 10 38 211	128 8 35 171
6	Interest payable	2014 £	2013 £
	Other loans	8_	31_

7	Taxation	2014 £	2013 £
	Analysis of charge in period		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profits of the period	264,034	212,203
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	12,745	21,205
	Origination and reversal or timing differences	12,743	21,203
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	276,779	233,408
	Factors affecting tax charge for period The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the stare explained as follows:	tandard rate of c	orporation tax
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,278,932	970,242
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	21%	23%
		£	3
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of		
	corporation tax	268,576	223,156
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	70,911	(10,953)
	Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(75,453)	-

264,034

212,203

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Current tax charge for period

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

8 Tangible fixed assets

•	•••	5 1. 4 4	Fixtures, fittings,	
	Motor	Plant and	tools and	Tatal
	vehicles £	machinery £	equipment £	Total £
Cost	L	L	L	L
At 1 October 2013	14,030	135,877	187,440	337,347
Additions	300	99,445	82,830	182,575
Disposals	(1,845)		(47,374)	(49,219)
At 30 September 2014	12,485	235,322	222,896	470,703
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2013	8,830	66,048	115,054	189,932
Charge for the year	1,957	46,434	68,885	117,276
On disposals	(995)		(47,374)	(48,369)
At 30 September 2014	9,792	112,482	136,565	258,839
Net book value				
At 30 September 2014	2,693_	122,840	86,331	211,864
At 30 September 2013	5,200	69,829	72,386	147,415

9 Investments

	Investments in subsidiary undertakings £
Cost At 1 October 2013 Additions	- 1
At 30 September 2014	1
Net Book Value At 1 October 2013	-
At 30 September 2014	1

The company holds 20% or more of the share capital of the following companies:

			Capital and	Profit (loss)
Company	Shares held		reserves	for the year
	Class	%	3	3
UKPC Management Limited	Ordinary	100	-	-

The above company is incorporated in the United Kingdom registered in England and Wales The company was dormant

10	Stocks	2014	2013
		£	£
	Consumables	40,894	16,439
	The difference between purchase price of stocks and their replacement	nent cost is not ma	aterial.
11	Debtors	2014	2013
, ,	Deblois	2014 £	2015 £
		_	_
	Trade debtors	84,363	47,326
	Other debtors	162,433	12,446
	Prepayments and accrued income	77,721	64,536
	Other taxes and social security costs	124,800	126,546
		449,317	250,854
•			
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014	2013
12	Creditors, amounts faming due within one year	£ 102	£ 1015
		_	_
	Trade creditors	203,362	179,966
	Corporation tax	264,034	212,203
	Other taxes and social security costs	67,875	49,132
	Other creditors	72,656	46,318
	Accruals and deferred income	177,688_	116,153
		785,615	603,772
12	Obligations under operating leases	2014	2013
13	Obligations under operating leases	£	£
		_	_
	As of 30 September 2014 the company had annual commitments ur	der non-cancella	ble operating
	leases as set out below		
	Amounts navable:		
	Amounts payable: Within one year	67,407	51,119
	Within two to five years	180,754	173,654
	Within two to live years		
		248,161	224,773

14	Deferred taxation		2014 £	2013 £
	Accelerated capital allowances		33,950	21,205
	Undiscounted provision for deferred to	ax	33,950	21,205
		·	2014 £	2013 £
	At 1 October Deferred tax charge in profit and loss	account	21,205 12,745	- 21,205
	At 30 September		33,950	21,205
15	Share capital	Nominal value	2014 £	2013 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: A Ordinary shares	£1 each	1	1
	B Ordinary shares	£1 each	1	1
			2	2
16	Profit and loss account		2014 £	
	At 1 October 2013		256,770	
	Profit for the financial year		1,002,153	
	Dividends		(823,874)	
	At 30 September 2014		435,049	
17	Dividends		2014	2013
			£	3
	Dividends for which the company bec	ame liable during the year:		
	Dividends paid		823,874	708,814
18	Reconciliation of movement in shar	reholders' funds	2014 £	2013 £
	At 1 October		256,772	228,752
	Profit for the financial year		1,002,153	736,834
	Dividends		(823,874)	(708,814)
	At 30 September		435,051	256,772

19	Gross cash flows			2014 £	2013 £
	Returns on investments and serv	icing of finance	9		_
	Interest received	_		189	258
	Interest paid			(8)	(31)
				181	227
	Capital expenditure				
	Payments to acquire tangible fixed a	assets		(182,575)	(120,213)
	Payments to acquire investments			(1)	-
	Receipts from sales of tangible fixed	d assets		850_	2,400
				(181,726)	(117,813)
20	Analysis of changes in net debt				
	, many one on onlying or more work	At 1 Oct	Cash flows	Non-cash	At 30 Sep
		2013		changes	2014
		£	£	3	3
	Cash at bank and in hand	467,041	85,499		552,540
	Total	467,041	85,499		552,540

21 Ultimate controlling party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Rupert J Williams, the sole director and a shareholder of the company

22 VAT

A recent VAT inspection has resulted in an assessment being raised against the company.

The company has appealed against this assessment, and is of the opinion that it has a very strong case against the assessment and therefore no provision has been made in these financial statements.

The director understands that there is a material uncertainty surrounding the above matter. The director concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Therefore, going concern basis of preparing these financial statements is appropriate.

23 Related Party

Included in other debtors is a working capital advance of £148,354 (2013: £Nil) to Pins & Stripes Ltd, a company owned and controlled by Rupert J Williams. This is an interest free advance and does not have a fixed repayment date.