CARLTON TRAVEL GOODS LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr D Piramal

Ms R Piramal Mr S Jatia Mr EPS Menon

Secretary N Dhingra

Company number 05078622

Registered office Hollies House

230 High Street Potters Bar Hertfordshire EN6 5BL

Auditors Sedley Richard Laurence Voulters

1 Conduit Street

London W1S 2XA

Business address Hollies House

230 High Street Potters Bar Hertfordshire EN6 5BL

Bankers HSBC Bank Plc

196 Oxford Street

London W1A 1EZ

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of wholesale retail and distribution of travel bags.

During the year the company opened one retail outlet in Essex.

The directors have considered the implications of the Insolvency Act 1986 and regard the Balance Sheet position as temporary only. VIP Industries Limited and the directors of that company have indicated their willingness to financially support the company to enable it to pay its liabilities as and when they fall due. The directors have also ensured adequate funding will be available throughout the year to meet the company's liabilities as they fall due.

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and intercompany balances. Cash and intercompany balances are required for the day to day running of the company

The directors continue to assess the risk facing the Company. Both the securing of new business and maintaining existing relationships are key to the Company's success.

Other ongoing challenges are credit risk and overhead cost control which are kept under regular review by the Directors.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

No dividends were recommended during the year.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2008:

Mr D Piramal Ms R Piramal Mr S Jatia Mr EPS Menon

Creditor payment policy

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to:

- settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts; and
- pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations.

Creditors at the period end mainly represented the balance owing to the parent company VIP Industries Limited. On average, other trade creditors as at 31 March 2009 represented 39 days (2008: 39 days) purchases.

Auditors

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Sedley Richard Laurence Voulters be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Mr D Piramal

Director

11 May 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CARLTON TRAVEL GOODS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Carlton Travel Goods Limited for the year ended 31 March 2009 set out on pages 5 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CARLTON TRAVEL GOODS LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

Seedley Richard Laurence Voulters

11 May 2009

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

1 Conduit Street London W1S 2XA

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover	2	8,486,354	8,626,253
Cost of sales		(5,910,963)	(6,938,102)
Gross profit		2,575,391	1,688,151
Distribution costs		(427,262)	(459,787)
Administrative expenses		(5,020,331)	(1,047,972)
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(2,872,202)	180,392
Other interest receivable and similar			
income	4	8,742	2,019
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(125,525)	-
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(2,988,985)	182,411
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activity	ties 6	-	-
(Loss)/profit for the year	14	(2,988,985)	182,411

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2009

		20	009	200	08
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		315,952		191,221
Current assets					
Stocks	8	1,814,336		2,968,839	
Debtors	9	3,276,550		3,020,448	
Cash at bank and in hand		293,587		158,665	
		5,384,473		6,147,952	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(6,663,247)		(6,650,600)	
Net current liabilities			(1,278,774)		(502,648)
Total assets less current liabilities			(962,822)		(311,427)
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	11		(2,337,590)		
			(3,300,412)		(311,427)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		200,000		200,000
Profit and loss account	14		(3,500,412)		(511,427)
Shareholders' funds	15		(3,300,412)		(311,427)
					

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 11 Mey 2009

Mr D Piramal

Director

Allen Page Collison

Company Registration No: 05078622

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

	£	2009 £	£	2008 £
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(2,003,823)		242,423
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible assets	(193,824)		(194,643)	
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure		(193,824)		(194,643)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		(2,197,647)		47,780
Financing Other new long term loans	2,337,590			
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing		2,337,590		-
Increase in cash in the year		139,943		47,780

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

	from operating activities			_	
	On a setting (lane) to sett			£	£
	Operating (loss)/profit			(2,872,202)	180,392
	Depreciation of tangible assets			69,093	26,810
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks			1,154,503	(993,488)
	Increase in debtors			(247,360)	(1,305,224)
	(Decrease)/Increase in creditors within one	e year		(107,857)	2,333,933
	Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating	g activities		(2,003,823)	242,423
2	Analysis of net (debt)/funds	1 April 2008	Cash flow	Other non- cash changes	31 March 2009
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:				
	Cash at bank and in hand	158,665	134,922	-	293,587
	Bank overdrafts	(14,968)	5,021		(9,947)
		143,697	139,943		283,640
	Debt:				
	Debts falling due after one year	-	(2,337,590)	-	(2,337,590)
	Net funds/(debt)	143,697	(2,197,647)	-	(2,053,950)
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to move	ment in net (debt)/	funds	2009 £	2008 £
	Increase in cash in the year			139,943	47,780
	Cash inflow from increase in debt			(2,337,590)	-
	Movement in net (debt)/funds in the vea	r		(2.197.647)	47,780
	Opening net funds			143,697	95,917
	Closing net (debt)/funds			(2,053,950)	143,697
3	Net funds/(debt) Reconciliation of net cash flow to move Increase in cash in the year Cash inflow from increase in debt Movement in net (debt)/funds in the year Opening net funds	ment in net (debt)/	(2,197,647)	2009 £ 139,943 (2,337,590) (2,197,647) 143,697	47,7 47,7 95,9

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

At 31 March 2009, the company disclosed a net deficit on the balance sheet amounting to £3,300,412. Included within trade creditors is £5,199,825 owed to VIP Industries Limited, the ultimate parent company. VIP Industries Limited and the directors of that company have indicated their willingness to financially support the company to enable it to pay its liabilities and as when they fall due.

Thus the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis which, in the opinion of the directors, is wholly appropriate.

This year the company has adopted the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No 4, 'Capital Instruments'. Accordingly, the amount of shareholders' funds attributable to equity and non-equity interests has been separately disclosed. In addition, the direct costs incurred in connection with the issue of capital instruments have been deducted from the proceeds of the issue and the finance costs associated with debt and non-equity shares have been allocated to periods at a constant rate based on the carrying amount. However, issue costs in connection with debt instruments issued prior to the beginning of the financial year and previously written off to the share premium account have not been reflected in the carrying value as these were not considered to be material.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings Leasehold

Over the period of the lease

Plant and machinery

25% -straight line

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% - straight line

1.5 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is mainly average cost and comprises direct costs in bringing the stock to their present location and condition.

1.7 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

1 Accounting policies

(continued)

1.8 Deferred taxation

The accounting policy in respect of deferred tax has been changed to reflect the requirements of FRS19 - Deferred tax. Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

1.9 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the average exchange rate for the year. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

2 Turnover

Geographical market

Coograpmour market	Turnover		
	2009	2008	
	£	£	
United Kingdom	2,356,021	1,976,958	
Europe	6,989,835	6,961,016	
Rest of world	63,830	109,437	
	9,409,686	9,047,411	
			

The total turnover of the company has been derived from its principal activity undertaken in the period. Turnover in the accounts has been disclosed net of discounts totalling £923,330 (2008: £421,158). A geographical analysis of turnover before discounts is shown above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

3	Operating (loss)/profit	200 9 £	2008 £
	Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:	~	~
	Depreciation of tangible assets	69,093	26,810
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	1,815,064	· -
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Plant and machinery	7,117	7,234
	- Other assets	59,873	59,672
	and after crediting:		
	Profit on foreign exchange transactions		(872,217)
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	annual accounts	10,000	10,000
	Professional fee	10,000 ————	10,000
		20,000	20,000
4	Investment income	2009	2008
		£	£
	Bank interest	8,742	2,019
		8,742 	2,019
5	Interest payable	2009	2008
		£	£
	On amounts payable to group companies	125,525	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

6	Taxation Current tax charge	2009	2008
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(2,988,985)	182,411
	(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard		
	rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00% (2008 - 30.00%)	(896,696)	54,723
	Effects of:		
	Non deductible expenses	384	-
	Depreciation add back	20,728	8,043
	Capital allowances	(9,941)	(14,018)
	Tax losses utilised	-	(48,748)
	Unrelieved tax losses	885,525	-
		896,696	(54,723)
	Current tax charge	-	

There is no tax liability arising in the period .

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

7	Tangible fixed assets				_
		Land and	Plant and	Fixtures,	Total
		buildings Leasehold	machinery	fittings & equipment	
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2008	89,010	109,439	59,286	257,735
	Additions	120,777	42,777	30,271	193,825
	At 31 March 2009	209,787	152,216	89,557	451,560
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2008	1,899	46,773	17,842	66,514
	Charge for the year	16,844	31,183 ———	21,067	69,094
	At 31 March 2009	18,743	77,956 ———	38,909	135,608
	Net book value				
	At 31 March 2009	191,044	74,260 	50,648	315,952 ————
	At 31 March 2008	87,111	62,666	41,444	191,221
8	Stocks			2009	2008 £
				£	
	Finished goods and goods for resale			1,814,336	2,968,839
9	Debtors			2009	2008
				£	£
	Trade debtors			3,039,910	2,778,015
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiar	y undertakings		-	82,001
	Other debtors			156,653	70,145
	Prepayments and accrued income			79,987	90,287
				3,276,550	3,020,448
					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2009	2008
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	9,947	14,968
	Trade creditors	5,832,934	5,983,845
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	136,823	-
	Taxes and social security costs	23,760	24,721
	Other creditors	12,425	11,679
	Accruals and deferred income	647,358	615,387
		6,663,247	6,650,600
			

Bank overdrafts are secured by fixed and floating charges over the assets of the company.

Included in trade creditors is an amount of £5,199,825(2008:£5,682,281) owed to its parent company, VIP Industries Limited.

11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2009	2008
	· ·	£	£
	Other loans	2,337,590	_
	Analysis of loans		•
	Wholly repayable within five years	2,337,590	-
		2,337,590	
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than two years but not more than five years	2,337,590	-
12	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments Defined contribution		
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	13,623	11,746

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

13	Share capital	2009 £	2008 £
	Authorised	r.	L
	200,000 Ordinary shares issued of £1 each	200,000	200,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	200,000 Ordinary shares issued of £1 each	200,000	200,000
14	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
	otatement of movements on pront and toda account		Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 April 2008 Loss for the year		(511,427) (2,988,985)
	Balance at 31 March 2009		(3,500,412)
15	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2009 £	2008 £
	(Loss)/Profit for the financial year	(2,988,985)	182,411
	Opening shareholders' funds	(311,427)	(493,838)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(3,300,412)	(311,427)
	Closing shareholders lunds	(3,300,412)	(311,

16 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2009 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 March 2010:

	Land and buildings	
	2009	2008
	£	£
Operating leases which expire:		
In over five years	399,810	310,000
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2009

17 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the vear was:

year was.	2009 Number	2008 Number
	40	30
Employment costs	2009 £	2008 £
Wages and salaries	868,761	686,795
Social security costs	99,050	85,584
Other pension costs	13,623	11,746
	981,434	784,125

18 Control

The ultimate parent company is VIP Industries Limited, a company registered in India.Registered office, DGP House, 5th Floor, PO Box 9120, 88C Prabhadevi Road, Mumbai 400-25, India. The published consolidated group accounts are available from this office.

19 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company.