Company Registration No. 05065554 (England and Wales)	
THE GRASS FACTORY LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019	
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019)	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		53,015		38,992
Current assets					
Stocks		41,319		24,106	
Debtors	4	49,825		46,384	
Cash at bank and in hand		56,311		3,746	
		147,455		74,236	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(135,916)		(111,819)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			11,539		(37,583)
Total assets less current liabilities			64,554		1,409
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(50,000)		-
Net assets			14,554		1,409
Canital and recenture					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	7		2		2
Profit and loss reserves	,		14,552		1,407
Total equity			14,554		1,409

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 28 February 2020

Mr A Almond **Director**

Company Registration No. 05065554

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The Grass Factory Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Building M, Ribble Park, Philips Road, Blackburn, Lancashire, BB1 5RB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Going concern

The company is reliant upon the financial support of its director in order to meet its liabilities as they fall due. the director has indicated that this support will continue for the foreseeable future and, as a result, has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 20% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was 6 (2019 - 6).

Plant and

3 Tangible fixed assets

	ma	achinery etc
		£
Cost		
At 1 March 2019		98,654
Additions		27,278
At 31 December 2019		125,932
Depreciation and impairment		
At 1 March 2019		59,662
Depreciation charged in the period		13,255
At 31 December 2019		72,917
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2019		53,015
At 28 February 2019		38,992
Debtors		
	2019	2019
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	39,260	27,992
Other debtors	10,565	18,392
	49,825	46,384

Included in other debtors is a directors loan account of £nil (2019 £1,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2019	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	5,598
	Trade creditors	29,768	68,331
	Corporation tax	19	-
	Other taxation and social security	20,205	23,522
	Other creditors	85,924	14,368
		135,916	111,819
	The company's bank borrowings are secured on the assets of the company and by a for £150,000 given by Mr A Almond, the director. Included in other creditors is a directors loan account of £20,013 (2019 - £nil)	i joint and several g	uarantee
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	•	2019	2019
		£	£
	Other creditors	50,000	_
	Included in other creditors is a directors loan account of £50,000 (2019 - £nil)		
7	Called up share capital		
		2019	2019
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.