# FORWARD AUTOS LIMITED Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30th June 2021



# **EDWARDS VEEDER LLP**

Chartered Accountants
Alex House
260-268 Chapel Street
Salford
M3 5JZ

#### Statement of Financial Position

#### 30th June 2021

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		202	2021		2020	
<b></b>	Note	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5		31,594		35,342	
Current assets						
Stocks		355,959		377,513		
Debtors	6	9,242		2,842		
Cash at bank and in hand		170,775		134,491		
to a		535,976		514,846		
Creditors: amounts falling due						
within one year	7	301,728		335,613		
Net current assets			234,248		179,233	
Total assets less current liabilities			265,842		214,575	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		39,690		50,000	
	•					
Net assets			226,152		164,575	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			2		2	
Share premium account			414,076		414,076	
Profit and loss account			(187,926)		(249,503)	
Shareholders funds			226,152		164,575	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30th June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### 30th June 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10.02 1.0 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

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Mr. G. C. Forward Director

Director .

Mr. P. J. Forward Director

Company registration number: 5057125

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 30th June 2021

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Gaskell Street, St. Helens, Merseyside, WA9 1PX.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

- 10% reducing balance

Equipment

- 33% straight line

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30th June 2021

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Impairment of fixed assets (continued)

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30th June 2021

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Government grants (continued)

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 9 (2020: 10).

#### 5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1st July 2020 and 30th June 2021	112,472	26,146	138,618
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1st July 2020 Charge for the year	78,047 3,442	25,229 306	103,276 3,748
At 30th June 2021	81,489	25,535	107,024
Carrying amount At 30th June 2021	30,983	611	31,594
At 30th June 2020	34,425	917	35,342
6. Debtors			
Trade debtors Other debtors		2021 £ 7,204 2,038 9,242	2020 £ 717 2,125 2,842
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Social security and other taxes Other creditors		2021 £ 9,527 87,719 32,068 172,414	2020 £ - 132,634 20,869 182,110
		301,728	335,613

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Year ended 30th June 2021

8.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2021 £ 39,690	2020 £ 50,000
9.	Directors' advances, credits and guarantees		
	Directors current account	2021 £ 161,864	2020 £ 174,860

No interest has been charged to the company in respect of the balance which is repayable on demand and classified under Other creditors.