Company Registration No: 05039001

PATALEX IV PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 November 2009

Group Secretariat
The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc
Gogarburn
P.O. Box 1000
Edinburgh EH12 1HQ

WEDNESDAY



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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS.

S Caterer P Sullivan

R Warren J Rogers

SECRETARY.

C Whittaker

REGISTERED OFFICE:

The Quadrangle The Promenade Cheltenham Gloucestershire

GL50 1PX

AUDITORS:

Deloitte LLP Bristol

Registered in England and Wales.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2009

ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

Activity

The principal activity of the company, is to carry on the business of developing, making, producing, distributing, exhibiting (by any means now or hereafter becoming known) and otherwise exploiting cinematograph films and video and sound recordings, manufacturing, buying, selling and otherwise dealing in cinematograph films, video recordings and any material on which video or sound recordings can be made and all types of equipment capable of being used in connection with the manufacture or processing of cinematograph films or such material for the production, exhibition or playing of cinematograph films or video or sound recordings

Business review

The retained profit for the period was £798,000 (2008 retained profit £856,000) and this was transferred to reserves. During the year the company paid dividends of £750,000 which equates to £375,000 per Ordinary share (2008 £1,000,000 equating to £500,000 per ordinary share). The directors do not anticipate any material change in either the type or level of activities of the Company.

The directors, having made such enquiries as they considered appropriate, have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. They considered the financial statements of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc for the year ended 31 December 2009, approved on 24 February 2010, which were prepared on a going concern basis.

The Company is funded by facilities from The Royal Bank of Scotland plc—It seeks to minimise its exposure to external financial risks other than credit risk, further information is disclosed in Note 2

DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY

The present directors and secretary, who have served throughout the year except where noted below, are listed on page 1

From 1 December 2008 to date the following changes have taken place

	Appointed	Resigned
Directors		
l Shephard		10 February 2009
J Rogers	16 March 2009	

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - Continued

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, International Accounting Standard 1 requires that directors.

- properly select and apply accounting policies,
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information.
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance, and
- make an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- a) so far as he/she is aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

R Warren

Date 24 June 2010

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PATALEX IV PRODUCTIONS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Patalex IV Productions Limited ('the company') for the year ended 30 November 2009 which comprise the Income Statement, the Statement of Recognised Income and Expense, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 20. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended

have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or

the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Simon Cleveland (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Bristol, United Kingdom

281 June love

INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 30 November 2009

	Note	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
CONTINUING OPERATIONS		2000	
Revenue	3	6,268	6,551
Other operating income	4	6	6
Administrative expenses	5	(6)	(2)
OPERATING PROFIT	5	6,268	6,555
Finance costs	7	(5,160)	(5,298)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,108	1,257
Tax charge	8	(310)	(401)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	798	856

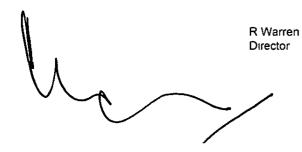
STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE for the year ended 30 November 2009

	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Profit for the year	798	856
Total recognised income and expense for the year	798	856

Registered number 05039001

BALANCE SHEET as at 30 November 2009			
	Note	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Finance lease receivables	10	133,497	141,935
		133,497	141,935
CURRENT ASSETS Finance lease receivables Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	10 11 12	14,206 200 2,784 17,190	13,531 163 3,271 16,965
TOTAL ASSETS		150,687	158,900
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings	13 14	(505) (5,559) (6,064)	(517) (5,747) (6,264)
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	14 15	(97,984) (44,573) (142,557)	(104,102) (46,516) (150,618)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		(148,621)	(156,882)
NET ASSETS		2,066	2,018
EQUITY			
Share capital Retained earnings	16 17	2,066	- 2,018
TOTAL EQUITY		2,066	2,018

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 24 June 2010 and signed on its behalf by



CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 30 November 2009

	Note	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	18	6,570	5,653
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid Repayments of borrowings		(750) (6,307)	(1,000) (16,547)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(7,057)	(17,547)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(487)	(11,894)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,271	15,165
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	12	2,784	3,271

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the EU. The Company in addition to complying with its legal obligation to comply with IFRS as adopted for use in the European Union, also complies with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies are set out below

The directors do not believe the adoption of any Standards or Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective will have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company

The judgements and assumptions involved in the Company's accounting policies which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are those that relate to the criteria for assessing whether substantially all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of leased assets are transferred to other entities

The accounts, which should be read in conjunction with the Directors' Report, are prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with IFRS

b INCOME UNDER FINANCE LEASES

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee All other leases are classified as operating leases

Finance lease income, which includes the amortisation of the investment in the lease, is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the leases

c FEE INCOME

Fee income is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the service provided

d BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred

e TAXATION

Provision is made for taxation at current enacted rates on taxable profits

Deferred taxation is accounted for in full for all temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability for accounting purposes and its carrying amount for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered.

f FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial asset categories are finance lease receivables and loans and receivables. Loans and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet

The Company's financial liabilities are all categorised as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. This comprises 'borrowings' and 'trade and other payables' in the balance sheet.

The Company does not account for any financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

g AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE UNDER FINANCE LEASES

A lease is recognised when there is a contractual right to the asset's cash flows and derecognised when all contractual rights and obligations expire. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the net investment in the leases. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income.

Progress payments made prior to the commencement of the primary lease are included at cost together with the amount of any interest charged on such payments

h TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are measured on initial recognition at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

BORROWINGS

Interest-bearing bank borrowings are initially recorded at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

k TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

I OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated before charging or crediting investment income and finance costs

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

a INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

The Company's policy is to avoid interest rate risk by matching the maturity of the lease and its associated loan finance and fixing the cost of borrowing at the inception of the lease when the effective interest rate in the lease is determined

b CURRENCY RISK

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company minimises currency risk by ensuring its leases and associated financing is in the same currency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

c CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk arising from the possibility that the Company will incur losses from the failure of counterparties to meet their obligations. Credit risk is managed through The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Group Credit Risk Management Framework to enable the Group to achieve appropriate risk versus reward performance whilst maintaining credit risk exposure in line with approved risk appetite on a Group basis. The Framework encompasses credit risk assessment prior to the approval of any credit exposure, and the control and monitoring of these exposures against approved limits.

d LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due

Any maturity mis-match within the overall long-term structure of the Company's assets and liabilities is managed to ensure that term asset commitments may be funded on an economic basis over their life. The short-term maturity structure of the Company's liabilities and assets is managed on a daily basis to ensure that all cash flow obligations can be met as they arise.

e CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company is a member of a group with regulatory disciplines over the use of its capital. Although the Company itself is not regulated it aims to maintain capital resources commensurate with the nature, scale and risk profile of its business. It regards its capital as the total equity as shown on the balance sheet.

3	REVENUE	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Finance leases		
	Rentals receivable Amortisation	13,428 (7,160)	12,792 (6,241)
		6,268	6,551
	The Company did not enter into any new leasing transactions during the year (2008 a	Enil)	
4	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Fee income	6	6
5	OPERATING PROFIT	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Operating profit has been arrived at after charging		
	Management charge	6	2
	Costs incurred in respect of audit services to the Company are included in the manage	ement charge as sho	own below
		£	£
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services	564	651

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6 STAFF COSTS

All directors are employed and remunerated by The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, which did not make a recharge to the Company in the year (2008 nil)

The average monthly number of employees was nil (2008 nil)

7	FINANCE COSTS			2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Interest payable to group undertakings			5,160	5,298
8	TAXATION			2009	2008
а	ANALYSIS OF TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	R		£'000	£'000
	Current tax charge - Group relief payable on profit for the year			2,253	2,081
	Deferred tax - origination and reversal of timing - Current year	g differences		(1,943)	(1,680)
	Tax charge			310	401
b	FACTORS AFFECTING THE TAX CHARGE F	OR THE YEAR			
	Profit before tax			1,108	1,257
	Tax on profit at the rate of 28% (2008 blended impact of rate change from 30% to 28%	I rate 28 67%)		310	360 41
	Tax charge			310	401
	The standard corporation tax rate changed from	m 30% to 28% effec	tive from 1 April 20	08	
9	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS				
а	Carrying value and fair value of financial instru	ment by category			
		Carrying value 2009 £'000	Fair value 2009 £'000	Carrying value 2008 £'000	Fair value 2008 £'000
	Finance lease receivables	147,703	155,162	155,466	158,866
	Loans and receivables				
	Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	200 2,784	200 2,784	163 3,271	163 3,271
	Financial assets	150,687	158,146	158,900	162,300
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
	Trade and other payables Borrowings	505 103,543	505 111,003	517 109,849	517 122,985
	Financial liabilities	104,048	111,508	110,366	123,502

Where the interest rate on the finance lease and the borrowings have been fixed by way of an interest rate swap in the parent company the fair value has been calculated by adjusting the carrying value by the associated mark to market arising on the swap

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - Continued

b	Financial instrument - carrying amount by market risk exposure	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Interest rate risk	2.000	2 000
	Financial assets		
	- fixed rate	147,703	155,466
	- variable rate	2,784	3,271
	- non-interest bearing	200_	163
		150,687	158,900
	Financial liabilities		
	- fixed rate ,	103,543	109,849
	- non-interest bearing	505	517
		104,048	110,366

If market interest rates had been 2% (2008 1%) higher or lower the profit or loss and equity of the Company would not have been materially affected (2008 no material affect)

С	c Financial asset - credit quality and concentration of credit risk Maximum credit exposure and neither past due nor impaired		2009 £'000	2008 £'000
			£ 000	£ 000
	Sector	No of counterparties		
	Film productions	1	147,703	155,466
	Finance lease receiva	bles	147,703	155,466
	Group undertakings		2,984	3,434
			150,687	158,900

Based on counterparty payment history the Company considers all the above financial assets to be of good credit quality

In respect of the film lease a third party bank has issued to the Company a letter of credit for a credit exposure of £143,117,000 (2008 £150,186,000)

d Liquidity risk

Contractual cash flows payable to maturity on financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis

2009	Less than 1 year £'000	In the 2nd year £'000	3 to 5 years £'000	Over 5 years £'000
Trade payables Borrowings	505 8,786	9,328	35,468	83,176
2008	9,291	9,328	35,468	83,176
Trade payables Borrowings	517 10,813	11,336	37,153	83,274
	11,330	11,336	37,153	83,274

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10 FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES	Gross investment in lease		Present value of minimum lease payments may be aged as follows,	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Amounts receivable under finance leases	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Within one year in the second to fifth years inclusive After five years	14,732 66,671 103,893	14,030 63,497 121,800	14,206 58,060 75,437	13,531 55,307 86,628
	185,296	199,327	147,703	155,466
Less unearned finance income	(37,593)	(43,861)	N/A	N/A
Present value of minimum lease payments receivable	147,703	155,466	147,703	155,466
Analysed as				
·	Non-current finance lease receivables (recoverable after 12 months) Current finance lease receivables (recoverable within 12 months)			141,935 13,531
			147,703	155,466

The Company has entered into finance leasing arrangements for a large film deal. The lease term is 16 years

Unguaranteed residual values of assets leased under finance leases at the balance sheet date are estimated at £nil (2008 £nil)

The interest rate inherent in the leases is determined at the contract date for all the lease term. The average effective interest rate contracted approximates 4 0% (2008 4 0%) p a

11 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Amounts due from group undertakings	200	163
12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Short term deposits with group undertakings	2,784	3,271

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Amounts due to group undertakings 476 Other creditors 29	482 35
505	517
14 BORROWINGS 2009 £'000	2008 £'000
Loan amount due to group undertakings 103,543 1	09,849
The borrowings are repayable as follows	
On demand or within one year 5,559 In the second year 6,300 In the third to fifth year inclusive 23,928 After five years 67,756	5,747 6,511 24,658 72,933
	09,849
Less Amounts due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current liabilities) (5,559)	(5,747)
Amounts due for settlement after 12 months 97,984	04,102
A right of set-off exists over the Company's bank account with The Royal Bank of Scotland pic against advances made to the Company's immediate holding company and its subsidiaries	
The effective interest rate on the loan is 4.7% (2008 4.7%) p.a.	
_	eferred exation
Movements during the year	£'000
At 1 December 2007 Credit to income statement	48,196 (1,680)
At 1 December 2008	46,516
Credit to income statement	(1,943)
At 30 November 2009	44,573
Full provision has been made for the potential amount of deferred taxation shown below	
2009 £'000	2008 £'000
•	2 000
Other temporary differences 105	46,393 123

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16	SHARE CAPITAL	2009 Number of	2008 shares	2009 £	2008 £
	Authorised - Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	Issued, called up and fully paid - Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2
	The Company has one class of ordinary voting	g shares which carry no	right to fixed inco	me	
17	RETAINED EARNINGS			£'000	
	Balance at 1 December 2007 Dividends paid Profit for the financial year			2,162 (1,000) 856	
	Balance at 1 December 2008 Dividends paid Profit for the financial year		_	2,018 (750) 798	
	Balance at 30 November 2009		-	2,066	
	During the year the company paid dividence £1,000,000 equating to £500,000 per ordinary	ds of £750,000 which share)	equates to £375	5,000 per Ordinary s	share (2008
18	NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT			2009 £'000	2008 £'000
	Profit before tax			1,108	1,257
	Adjustments for Interest expense		_	5,160	5,298
	Operating cash flows before movements in wo	orking capital		6,268	6,555
	Decrease in receivables Decrease in payables		_	7,763 	6,813 (10)
	Cash generated by operations			14,031	13,358
	Income taxes paid Interest paid		_	(2,291) (5,170)	(2,328) (5,377)
	Net cash from operating activities			6,570	5,653

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On 1 December 2008, the UK Government through HM Treasury became the ultimate controlling party of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic The UK Government's shareholding is managed by UK Financial Investments Limited, a company wholly owned by the UK Government

The Group's ultimate holding company is The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc and its immediate parent company is The Royal Bank Leasing Limited Both companies are incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland

As at 30 November 2009, The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic heads the largest group in which the Group is consolidated and The Royal Bank of Scotland pic heads the smallest group in which the Group is consolidated. Copies of the consolidated accounts of both companies may be obtained from The Secretary, The Royal Bank of Scotland Group pic, Gogarburn, PO Box 1000, Edinburgh EH12 1HQ

During the period, the Company entered into the following related party transactions		
	2009	2008
	£'000	£'000
Royal Bank Leasing Limited	2000	2000
Noyal Bank Leasing Limited		
Transactions during the period		
Management charge paid to related party	6	2
Interest on loan paid to related party	5,170	5,377
Group relief paid to related party	2,291	2,328
Loan repaid to related party	6,307	16,547
Balances at year end		
Group relief owed by related party	200	163
Outstanding balance owed to related party	(101,236)	(106,897)

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No provisions have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties. Royal Bank Leasing Limited is a fellow subsidiary of the ultimate holding company. The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc.

In addition to the UK Government's shareholding in the Group, the UK Government and UK Government controlled bodies may hold debt securities, subordinated liabilities and other liabilities or shares issued by the Group in the normal course of business. It is not practicable to ascertain and disclose these amounts. Certain of the liability balances are secured. No impairment losses were recognised by the Company in the year in respect of balances with UK Government and affiliated bodies.

20 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company is currently involved in discussions with HMRC in relation to the lease within this company. At this stage it is not possible to quantify the financial impact on this company.