Registered number: 05034338

# OLD BILLINGSGATE LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

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# OLD BILLINGSGATE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:05034338

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2023

			2023		2022
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		640		802
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	140,710		43,592	
Cash at bank and in hand		473,732		184,610	
	_	614,442	_	228,202	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(124,674)		(57,218)	
Net current assets	_		489,768		170,984
Net assets		-	490,408		171,786
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		99		99
Profit and loss account			490,309		171,687
		-	490,408		171,786

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 29 January 2024.

#### J Zeloof

Director

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

#### 1. General information

Old Billingsgate Limited is a private limited liability company registered in England and Wales. Its registered office and business address is Riverside Entrance, 1 Old Billingsgate Walk, London, EC3R 6DX.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of organising services for events at 1 Old Billingsgate Walk.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£), which is the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue from the provision of services at events is recognised on the date of the event.

# 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives on the following basis:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment - 20% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Basic financial instruments

The company only enters into transactions that result in basic financial instruments such as trade and other debtors, trade and other creditors, cash at bank and in hand and loans with related parties.

Trade debtors, other debtors and loans to related parties are recognised initially at the transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade creditors, other creditors and loans from related parties are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors, other debtors and loans to related parties.

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions.

#### 2.5 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model. Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the same period as the related expenditure.

#### 2.6 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable.

# 2.7 Pensions

The company contributes to a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.8 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 9 (2022 - 8).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

4.	Tangible fixed assets		
			Fixtures, fittings & equipment £
	Cost		
	At 1 May 2022		5,699
	At 30 April 2023	-	5,699
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2022		4,898
	Charge for the year on owned assets	_	161
	At 30 April 2023	-	5,059
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2023		640
	At 30 April 2022		802
5.	Debtors		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade debtors	139,813	35,887
	Prepayments and accrued income	897	-
	Tax recoverable	-	7,705
		140,710	43,592
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Trade creditors	21,314	6,542
	Taxation and social security	43,627	16,832
	Other creditors	19,959	18,636
	Accruals and deferred income	39,774	15,208
		124,674	57,218

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

# 7. Share capital

	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
99 Ordinary shares of £1 each	99	99

# 8. Pension commitments

The company contributes to a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £5,668 (2022 - £5,747). Contributions totalling £2,409 (2022 - £1,086) were payable to the fund at the reporting date.

# 9. Parent undertaking

The company's parent undertaking is Ely & Sidney Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office address is 91 Brick Lane, London, E1 6QL.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.