COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05030538

Registrar of Companies

ETMAN ENTERPRISES LTD

ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

COMPANIES HOUSE

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 £		2017 £	
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		18,000	•	21,000
Tangible assets	5		792,456		800,953
			810,456		821,953
Current assets					
Stocks	6	442,091		431,982	
Debtors	7	1,824		22,471	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>195,157</u>		33,155	
		639,072		487,608	
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,048,842)		(1,076,062)	
Net current liabilities			(409,770)		(588,454)
Net assets			400,686	•	233,499
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		3		3	
Profit and loss account		400,683		233,496	
Total equity			400,686		233,499

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

For the financial year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 18 June 2019

Mr P S Holder
Director

Company registration number: 05030538

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

Dalmar House

Barras Lane Estate

Dalston

Carlisle

CA5 7NY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 18 June 2019.

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery

Motor vehicles

Office equipment

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate
25% reducing balance
25% reducing balance
3 years straight line

Office equipment 3 years straight line Land and buildings 2% straight line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill 20 years straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Financial instruments

Classification

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Recognition and measurement

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price.

Impairment

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

3 STAFF NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 4 (2017 - 4).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

4	INT	ΔNGI	RIF	ASSETS
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	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2018	60,000	60,000
At 31 December 2018	60,000	60,000
Amortisation At 1 January 2018 Amortisation charge	39,000 3,000	39,000 3,000
At 31 December 2018	42,000	42,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2018	18,000	18,000
At 31 December 2017	21,000	21,000

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Land and buildings £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Plant and machinery £	Totai £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2018	959,917	316	21,702	269,009	1,250,944
Additions	-	-	12,750	13,482	26,232
Disposals				(800)	(800)
At 31 December 2018	959,917	316	34,452	281,691	1,276,376
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2018	211,012	44	. 12,737	226,198	449,991
Charge for the year	19,198	105	2,507	12,919	34,729
Eliminated on disposal	-			(800)	(800)
At 31 December 2018	230,210	149	15,244	238,317	483,920
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2018	729,707	167	19,208	43,374	792,456
At 31 December 2017	748,905	272	8,965	42,811	800,953

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (CONTINUED)

6 STOCKS		2018	2017
Stocks		£ 442,091	£ 431,982
7 DEBTORS			
		2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors		-	17,000
Prepayments		1,483	2,787
Other debtors		<u>341</u>	2,684
		1,824	22,471
8 CREDITORS			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Note		
			£
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year	Note 9		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts		£ -	£ 45,162
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Accruals and deferred income		£ - 9,494	£ 45,162 12,615
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Accruals and deferred income		£ - 9,494	45,162 12,615 1,018,285
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Accruals and deferred income		£ - 9,494	45,162 12,615 1,018,285
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Accruals and deferred income Other creditors		9,494 1,039,348 1,048,842	45,162 12,615 1,018,285 1,076,062
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Accruals and deferred income Other creditors		9,494 1,039,348 1,048,842	45,162 12,615 1,018,285 1,076,062