Butcher & Edmonds Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 August 2020

Butcher & Edmonds Limited

Registered number: 05028560

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		16,600		19,860
Current assets					
Stocks		16,942		17,099	
Debtors	4	447,875		694,417	
Cash at bank and in hand		512,755		469,873	
		977,572		1,181,389	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(203,733)		(509,123)	
Net current assets			773,839		672,266
Net assets			790,439	- -	692,126
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Share premium			49,990		49,990
Profit and loss account			740,349		642,036
Shareholders' funds			790,439	-	692,126

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

C Rook

Director

Approved by the board on 29 April 2021

Butcher & Edmonds Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 August 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2020	2019
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company		30	29
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and		
		machinery	Motor	
		etc	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 September 2019	102,601	27,645	130,246
	At 31 August 2020	102,601	27,645	130,246
	Depreciation			
	At 1 September 2019	91,489	18,897	110,386
	Charge for the year	1,073	2,187	3,260
	At 31 August 2020	92,562	21,084	113,646

Net book value At 31 August 2020 10,039 6,561 16,600 At 31 August 2019 11,112 8,748 19,860 **Debtors** 2020 2019 £ £ Trade debtors 358,121 635,177 Other debtors 89,754 59,240 447,875 694,417 2020 2019 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year £ £ 155,074 Trade creditors 338,479 Taxation and social security costs 44,690 156,284 Other creditors 3,969 14,360 509,123 203,733 Other financial commitments 2020 2019 £ £

7 Related party transactions

operating leases

Butcher & Edmonds Limited is a joint venture of a member of a group of which Icefront Limited is a member. During the course of the year the company carried out trading activities with this company on normal commercial terms.

109,488

105,888

In the year sales of £41,819 (2019 - £67,200) and purchases of £977,686 (2019 - £879,617) were made from Icefront Limited, with no amount due as at the year end.

Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable

8 Controlling party

There is no ultimate controlling party.

9 Other information

Butcher & Edmonds Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Hereford House

15 Cranmer Road

London

SW9 6EJ

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