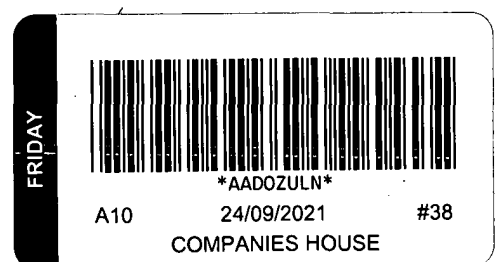


Company Registration No. 05024248

Enviropower Investments Limited

**Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2020**



Enviropower Investments Limited

Annual report and financial statements 2020

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Enviropower Investments Limited

Annual report and financial statements 2020

Officers and professional advisers

Directors

P Taylor
V F Orts-Llopis
J Liebana Alcantarilla

Registered Office

Ground Floor West
900 Pavilion Drive
Northampton Business Park
Northampton
NN4 7RG

Auditor

Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
1 City Square
Leeds
LS1 2AL
United Kingdom

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of Enviropower Investments Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company during the year was that of financing Kent Enviropower Limited ("KEL"), a fellow subsidiary undertaking of the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Fomento de Construcciones y Contratas, S.A. ("FCC").

In 2020, FCC undertook an internal reorganisation of its UK Environment Division which culminated in the formation of a new EfW sub-group under Green Recovery Projects Limited ("GRP"). This consisted of grouping FCC's five EfW plants (Allington, Eastcroft, Lincoln, Millerhill at Edinburgh & Midlothian and Greatmoor in Buckinghamshire) and their related SPV companies under a single parent company to form a new platform for growth.

Following the re-organisation, GRP's owner, FCC Medio Ambiente Reino Unido SLU ("FCC MARU"), sold a 49% stake in GRP to iCON Infrastructure.

As part of the re-organisation, the Company assigned its loan receivable to FCC Energy Limited and novated its loan payable in settlement. Following the settlement of its obligations the Company is now dormant and not expected to trade in the foreseeable future.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report were as follows:

P Taylor

V F Orts-Llopis

J Liebana Alcantarilla

Results and dividends

The results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out on page 12. The Company made a profit (2019: loss) during the year of £145,000 (2019: £3,000). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2019: £nil).

The profit (2019: loss) for the financial year has been transferred to (2019: withdrawn from) reserves, resulting in a corresponding increase (2019: decrease) in total equity.

FCC manages its operations on a divisional basis and information regarding key performance indicators is included within the FCC annual report. For this reason, the Company's Directors believe that the disclosure of further key performance indicators for the Company is not appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Going concern

Following the re-organisation detailed above, the Company is now dormant and not expected to be operational for the foreseeable future. As required by accounting practice, the directors have accordingly prepared the financial statements on the basis that the Company is no longer a going concern. However, no material adjustments arose of not applying the going concern basis.

Directors' indemnities

During the financial year, qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of all Directors of the Company were in force and continue to be in force at the date of this report. Such provisions were made by FCC.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to financial risk through its financial assets and liabilities. The most important components of financial risk are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Due to the nature of the Company's activities and the assets contained within the Company's balance sheet, the only financial risks the Directors consider relevant to the Company are liquidity and credit risk.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Credit, liquidity and interest rate risk

The Company balance sheet contains a loan receivable from a subsidiary undertaking, Kent Enviropower Limited and a loan payable to its ultimate parent undertaking, FCC. These loans bear interest at equal rates and both run for the same term. The Company does not therefore bear significant credit, liquidity or interest rate risk.

Economic

The Group has exposure to reduced economic activity, and in the current year has seen waste volumes reduce where lower economic output has been a factor. Reduced global demand for recyclates continues to suppress pricing and Brexit effects on exchange rates have impacted pricing of Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) exports into mainland Europe. In addition, the decision to leave the European Union has resulted in a period of uncertainty for the UK economy and increased volatility in financial markets. We have reviewed the potential impacts and consider that we have sufficient mitigations in place. The Group's strategy is focused on growing through recycling and EfW where margins are generally higher than traditional landfill.

Covid-19

Covid-19 was declared a global pandemic on 11 March 2020 by the World Health Organisation and measures taken by governments around the world including the UK to combat this public health emergency have had far reaching implications on peoples' lives, economies and businesses. As a designated 'Key Worker' and provider of essential public services, the Group continued, where possible, to provide first class services at that difficult time. In response to the crisis, the Group established a Covid-19 committee consisting of the Group's executive management team whilst the Group also participated in a wider FCC global response committee. The team had regular virtual meetings during the crisis with the welfare of employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders visiting our sites, the primary concern. The committee considered and ensured the practical implementation of government guidelines and also managed the operational and financial implications for the business. Consideration of the impact on the Group and Company's going concern status is set out in note 2.

Employees

The professionalism and commitment shown by the Group's employees over the past year during the pandemic and the challenges it has brought was exceptional and continues to be a major contribution to its operations. The Board would again like to thank all employees for their hard work, dedication and loyalty during the year.

FCC E UK continues to be committed to ensuring that its policies and practices reflect human resource best practice. The Group's policy of equal opportunity gives all employees the same chance to succeed, irrespective of age, race, nationality, ethnic origin, disability, membership of a trade union, sex or marital status.

Employees' ways of working changed during 2020 with staff adapting to home working and front line staff working within the safety parameters put in place by the Group. This has enabled the Company to continue to provide its day to day services. Employees fully embraced new working patterns and to their credit made them work.

The Board is dedicated to maintaining the highest standards of honesty, openness and accountability and recognise that employees have an important part to play in achieving this goal. All employees are encouraged to report any concerns they may have over wrongdoing at work via an independent confidential reporting (whistleblowing) service that employees can access should they feel uncomfortable in approaching management.

Training continues to be a high priority for the Group and it recognises that it is vital that its employees have the relevant skills to take up the new and exciting roles that are being created as the industry, and therefore the business, evolves. We had to make adaptations to the way we provided training with much delivery moved to online provision. We have continued to pay particular attention to succession planning in the business and developing our future leaders and bringing new talent into the business by way of apprenticeships and graduate programmes.

We believe our employee value proposition is one that makes us a go to company to work for and this is reflected in higher rates of engagement by our employees.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Statement of Corporate Governance

Section 172 Companies Act 2006 recognises the position of trust that a director holds with regards to broader stakeholder interests when carrying out their duties to promote the success of the company.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, under The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018, the Board has applied the Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies published by the Financial Reporting Council ('FRC') in December 2018 (the "Principles"). These Principles provide a framework for ensuring that the Company is well run, well managed and aligned behind a clear purpose.

As one of the UK's most trusted resource and waste management businesses, we are helping shape the policy landscapes, ensuring that our people, systems and strategy remain innovative and focused on delivering excellence.

The Company shares in common its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer with the FCC E UK Group and FCC's wider UK Environment business. As a result, there is uniformity and consistency of strategy, policies, procedures and decision making across FCC's integrated UK Environment business. To reflect this, the following narrative on the Directors' application of the Principles, has been consistently reproduced in the annual report and financial statements of each FCC UK Environment business subsidiary and therefore some narrative may not be directly relevant to the Company.

Principle 1 – Purpose and Leadership

As one of the UK's most trusted resource and waste management businesses, we are a modern progressive company and pride ourselves on innovation. FCC is uniquely placed to provide services in an ever changing waste sector. With a clear focus on releasing the full potential from the resources it collects, the business continues to focus on greater volumes of recycling and the generation of green energy in line with Government policy.

FCC has invested in a wide range of waste management facilities that aim to minimise the amount of waste disposed of at landfill sites by processing the material to ensure it reaches its full potential as a valuable energy resource.

In 2020, FCC collected waste and recycling material from 1.3 million UK citizens and generated 117MW of green energy from 1.8m tonnes of waste that could not be recycled.

Principal significant events that took place in 2020 were the United Kingdom's departure from the European Union and the emergence of the coronavirus pandemic. The projected impact of the UK's departure from the EU varied amongst different stakeholder groups. In the period immediately after 1st January 2020 and leading up to 31st December 2020, engagement was undertaken with all affected stakeholder groups including employees, supply chain partners with import/export activities and customer groups to identify potential impact, develop and implement appropriate action plans.

In considering the impact of coronavirus upon our stakeholders, our principal concern was and remains, the wellbeing of our employees and the communities within which they undertake their tasks. Significant and continuous engagement, planning, re-engineering, monitoring and review was undertaken throughout the year with all of our stakeholders to ensure that the wellbeing of employees and communities was prioritised and protected whilst mitigating the impact upon the essential services we provide, and in particular those which have an impact upon public health.

The Company's strategy and core services are fully aligned with FCC's strategic growth plans.

Principle 2 – Board Composition

The Board is collectively responsible for promoting the long term success of our business. The Company has three directors, comprising of the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and a senior executive from the FCC parent company to ensure that the effectiveness and accountability of the Board fulfils the strategic needs of the Company and the wider FCC Group.

It leads and provides direction by promoting effective decision making and supports the delivery of the Company's strategy.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Statement of Corporate Governance (continued)

Principle 2 – Board Composition (continued)

Our Senior Management Team, with its extensive expertise, skills and professional backgrounds, provides the leadership assurance that the activities within our various business divisions' are aligned to our strategic goals. Each division of the Company is headed up by a member of the Senior Management Team ("SMT"), with the expertise to allow them to independently, effectively and objectively focus on the issues specific to their division.

The Board receives monthly updates from the SMT providing an overview of each division both in terms of performance and strategy but also issues relating to safety, staffing, environment, recycling, contracts and wider stakeholder matters.

With the expectation that the year ahead will continue to be impacted by challenging external factors, the Board will continue to work with the SMT to deliver on our strategic goals whilst ensuring that we continue to safeguard our business, and the wellbeing of our employees, customers, partners and communities.

Principle 3 – Directors Responsibilities

The Board supports our talented workforce, and upholds our commitment to sustainability. The Board agrees, and has the collective responsibility for the strategy of the Group, which is outlined on page 2. The SMT team oversee the day to day responsibilities and opportunities of our exceptional workforce.

The Board has established and maintained effective corporate governance with reference to the Group's four values:

- Environmental commitment: Ensure what we do is environmentally and socially responsible
- Forward thinking: Embrace change and prepare for the future
- People focus: Value, reward and motivate our team
- Doing the right thing: Secure our future by being better at what we do

These values are the most important hallmarks of our Group, whose vision is to be an international reference Employee Services Group that offers global and innovative solutions for the efficient management of resources and the improvement of infrastructures, contributing to improving the quality of the life of employees and the sustainable progress of society.

FCC continues to put its people first when it comes to their health, safety and wellbeing. In order to measure this, we use software to run monthly engagement surveys. Despite the pandemic and the introduction of new ways of working, our score has risen and averaged 8.3/10 during 2020. This puts us in the top 10% of energy and utility businesses for employee satisfaction.

The Directors at FCC, together with the SMT never lose sight of the potential hazards that exist in the workplace and the importance of keeping ourselves, our customers and our visitors safe and they are at the centre of the business values.

In 2020, the directors approved a new Code of Ethics and Conduct suite, providing practical insight into the values shared across the FCC Group to enable a more robust culture of compliance and supporting the creation of long term value for our project.

The purpose of the Code of Ethics and Conduct is to encourage all persons having links with any FCC Group company to observe the most stringent conduct guidelines in their commitment to complying with laws, legislation, contracts, procedures and ethical principles.

Our conduct guidelines in the Code of Ethics and Conduct also apply to all investees and entities in which the FCC Group exercises control over management. The FCC Group also encourages its investees, even when not under the group's control, providers, contractors, collaborators and other partners to adopt principles and values similar to ours.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Statement of Corporate Governance (continued)

Principle 4 – Opportunity & Risk

FCC is committed to managing waste and resources in the best way possible, recycling what we can and extracting value, in the form of energy from the residual waste.

In 2020, FCC entered into a new investment partnership with iCON Infrastructure LLP, aimed at fast-tracking investment into our existing Energy from Waste facilities in the UK, at Allington, Eastcroft, Greatmoor, Lincoln and Millerhill, along with the potential for new low carbon energy plants.

FCC and iCON will put together their expertise and resources in providing low carbon energy infrastructure to help the UK meet its net zero ambitions and contribute to a better environmental outlook.

The partnership involved the formation of a new company, Green Recovery Projects, which provides our business with a platform from which to grow our energy assets.

Operating in the UK's highly regulated waste management market, presents numerous risks and uncertainties to the Group. The principal risks and uncertainties affecting the Group are set out in detail on pages 2-3.

The Board has developed and implemented risk management policies and procedures that promote a robust control environment at all levels of the organisation. The Senior Management Team ensures the right level of diligence, and robust measures are in place to identify risks and assess, consider, manage and prioritise any impact.

Principle 5 – Remuneration

The remuneration of the FCC UK Board members is controlled by its parent company, Fomento de Construcciones y Contratas, S.A. The regulations of the Board of Directors stipulates that the remuneration of directors should be in reasonable proportion to the importance of the company, its economic situation at all times and the market standards for comparable companies. The aim of the established remuneration system is to promote the long-term profitability and sustainability of the company, and should include the necessary precautions to avoid excessive risk taking and reward for unfavourable results.

The Board promote appropriate and fair levels of remuneration to attract and retain the best talent and create a business culture that promotes business stability, sustainable growth and the long term success of the Group.

From April 2017, the Government introduced gender pay gap reporting for all companies with more than 250 employees. The gender pay gap shows the difference between the average hourly pay for men and women across all ages' roles and levels. The gender pay gap differs from equal pay, which is the right for men and women to be paid at the same rate of pay for work of equivalent value. Our latest gender pay gap data for 2019 slightly favoured men with a mean of 2.44% and a median of 0.26%.

Principle 6 – Stakeholders

The Board is committed to promoting accountability and transparency with all stakeholders, fostering effective stakeholder relationships and meaningful engagement. We wish to build honest and enduring relationships, and seek to work with others, who share our ethics in compliance, and our commitments to the safety and wellbeing of our employees.

FCC's UK Environment business which includes the FCC E UK Group has:

- Over 2,450 employees (nil in the Company)
- 100 major contracts with a total of 60 local authorities
- 280 UK sites of which 166 are operational
- 7 PFI and PPP Contracts
- 6,000 business waste customer agreements
- 3,500 customer accounts

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Statement of Corporate Governance (continued)

Principle 6 – Stakeholders

Stakeholders are at the forefront of our business. Liaison with trade customers, partner councils and local authorities is fundamental to ensuring that we understand their needs and continue to deliver the services that they require. Engagement with regulatory bodies is critical to ensuring that we manage the risks set out on pages 2-3 and remain compliant with applicable laws and regulations. Page 3 sets out details of our employee engagement programme.

The Group operates five EfWs, four of which have visitor centres which run educational visits for schools, colleges, universities and clubs. They also run community liaison meetings and engage with local business groups. The sites also engage in outreach visits in which the visitor centre managers and various staff visit the schools and colleges and even attended the Buckinghamshire Skills Show careers conference.

In 2020, the Group engaged with various stakeholders and below are some examples:

FCC Communities Foundation, is a not for profit business that awards grants to communities, environmental and heritage projects through the Landfill Communities Fund and the Scottish Landfill Communities Fund. Funding is donated by FCC as part of the voluntary environmental tax credit scheme to divert a small percentage of landfill tax to projects in England and Scotland.

There are two grant programmes:

- FCC Community Action Fund (CAF) – for projects in England, this programme has 4 rounds per year. Applicants can apply for funding of between £2,000 and £100,000 and the total project cost must not exceed £500,000.
184 applicants applied for CAF funding during 2020 and 111 projects were awarded funding totalling £5,537,205.
- FCC Scottish Action Fund (SAF) – for projects based in Scotland, this programme has 2 rounds per year. Applicants can apply for funding of between £2,000 and £40,000 and the total project cost must not exceed £250,000.
35 Applicants applied for SAF funding during 2020 and 23 projects were awarded funding totalling £658,947.

In March 2020, and in line with Government Guidelines, FCC's workforce was identified as key workers, providing support during the pandemic.

Working closely with councils, some of the FCC managed Household Waste Recycling Centres were temporarily closed to the general public. During this period, FCC were in daily contact with customers, managing the considerable number of enquiries.

Throughout April, our key workers involved with most of our contracts were recognised by the public and rewarded with drawings, messages and Easter eggs. In Devon, the local gin maker supported our workers by gifting the crews with hand sanitiser made at the distillery.

In East Northamptonshire, FCC joined the 'Let's Spread Some Sunshine' campaign. The local children left a drawing on their bin, and in turn they were rewarded with a packet of seeds to grow sunflowers. The winner with the tallest sunflower was awarded a prize from us. FCC rolled out the 'Let's Spread Some Sunshine' campaign across various counties in May and allowed lots of children the pleasure of colouring in beautiful pictures which were then displayed on many of our sites and trucks also ensuring the children were kept busy with their green fingers watching the seeds of their labours flourish. Finally in November, three green fingered East Northamptonshire youngsters were presented with vouchers for growing their sunflowers and spreading the sunshine this summer. The winner was a 2 year old who grew his sunflower to a whopping 276 centimetres tall. He won a £75 Amazon voucher, with second and third place winning Amazon vouchers worth £50 and £25 respectively.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Statement of Corporate Governance (continued)

As our sites started to re-open, local residents were met with enhanced health and safety measures and with close corroboration with the local councils, various additional measures were put in place, including booking systems and traffic management systems to control the unprecedented demand and traffic queues into our sites.

Also in May, households across the East of England were invited to join a celebration of key waste and recycling workers in the region. The Norwich based National Centre for Writing, teamed up with FCC to commission an award winning performance-poet, Luke Wright, to write a poem in praise of the thousands of people who continue to collect and manage waste during lockdown.

In August 2020, FCC's recycling centres in Wigan were offering local residents a unique opportunity to have their unwanted garden tools restored and then donated to worthwhile causes. The Tool Shed Project takes unwanted garden tools and then sends them off to be refurbished at Garth Prison near Leyland. The tools are then restored in the prison workshops, helping to equip inmates with skills they can use in the future.

In October 2020 Her Royal Highness the Princess Royal, visited Bletchley Park Trust and met with staff, volunteers and funders, including representatives from FCC and FCC Environment Communities Foundation. Bletchley Park had received confirmation of funding from FCC Communities Foundation in 2019 for the next phase of development, creating new exhibition spaces, a Collection Centre and a Learning Facility as part of a long standing ambition to preserve and enhance Bletchley Park as a world class visitors attraction.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Directors' report

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act").

Small companies exemption

This Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption. As a result of this exemption, the Company has elected not to prepare a separate Strategic Report.

Approved by the Board of Directors
and signed on its behalf by:



V F Orts-Llopis
Director

20 September 2021

Enviropower Investments Limited

Independent auditor's report to the members of Enviropower Investments Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Enviropower Investments Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – Financial statements prepared other than on a going concern basis

We draw attention in note 2 in the financial statements, which indicates that the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Independent auditor's report to the members of Enviropower Investments Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management, internal audit and those charged with governance about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act, pensions legislation, tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included GDPR, Health & Safety at Work Act, EU Directive on the Landfill of Waste, Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations, Employment Rights Act, Landfill Tax Regulations and Environmental Regulations.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax, valuations, IT, financial instruments and pensions regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Independent auditor's report to the members of Enviropower Investments Limited

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management, internal audit and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Deloitte CP

David Johnson B.A., F.C.A. (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
Leeds, United Kingdom
20 September 2021

Enviropower Investments Limited

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Operating result		-	-
Interest receivable and similar income	5	1,344	2,304
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(1,199)	(2,307)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	3	145	(3)
Tax on profit/(loss)	6	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		145	(3)
Other comprehensive result for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year		145	(3)

All results relate to discontinued operations.

The notes on pages 16 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements.


Enviropower Investments Limited

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	-	45,271
TOTAL ASSETS		-	45,271
EQUITY			
Share capital	9	-	-
Retained earnings		-	(145)
TOTAL EQUITY		-	(145)
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	8	-	45,416
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-	45,416
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		-	45,271

The notes on pages 16 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements of Enviropower Investments Limited, registered number 05024248 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 20 September 2021. They were signed on its behalf by:


V F Orts-Llopis
Director

Enviropower Investments Limited

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
Year ended 31 December 2020			
At 1 January 2020	-	(145)	(145)
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income	-	145	145
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2020	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Year ended 31 December 2019			
At 1 January 2019	-	(142)	(142)
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense	-	(3)	(3)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2019	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Enviropower Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

1. Corporate information

Enviropower Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' report.

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and to the preceding year.

General information and basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional and presentational currency of Enviropower Investments Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 101

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) The requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment*;
- (b) The requirements of paragraphs 62, B64(d), B64(e), B64(g), B64(h), B64(j) to B64(m), B64(n)(ii), B64(o)(ii), B64(p), B64(q)(ii), B66 and B67 of IFRS 3 *Business Combinations*;
- (c) The requirements of IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*;
- (d) The requirements of paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*;
- (e) The requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* to present comparative information in respect of:
 - i. paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - ii. paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*;
 - iii. paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 *Intangible Assets*;
- (f) The requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134 to 136 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*;
- (g) The requirements of IAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows*;
- (h) The requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*;
- (i) The requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*;
- (j) The requirements in IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- (k) The requirements of paragraphs 134(d) to 134(f) and 135(c) to 135(e) of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Where relevant, equivalent disclosures have been given in the consolidated FCC group accounts, copies of which are available from Ground Floor West, 900 Pavilion Drive, Northampton Business Park, Northampton, NN4 7RG.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

New and amended IFRS standards that are effective for the current year

New amendments to Standards and Interpretations that became mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2020 are listed below. The amendments had no material impact on the Company's results:

- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards IFRS 2, IFRS 3, IFRS 6, IAS 1, IAS 8, IAS 34, IAS 37, IAS 38, IFRIC 12, IFRIC 19, IFRIC 20, IFRIC 22 and SIC-32 (mandatory for the year commencing on or after 1 January 2020);
- Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations to clarify the definition of a business (mandatory for the year commencing on or after 1 January 2020);
- Amendments to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement regarding Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (mandatory for the year commencing on or after 1 January 2020);
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to clarify the definition of material (mandatory for the year commencing on or after 1 January 2020).

Going concern

Following the re-organisation, the Company has no assets and liabilities and is expected to be dormant for the foreseeable future. As required by accounting practice, the directors have accordingly prepared the financial statements on the basis that the Company is no longer a going concern. However, no material adjustments arose of not applying the going concern basis.

Reclassification of comparative balances

Balance sheet

The Company has changed the format of its balance sheet as at 31 December 2020, applying paragraph 1A(1) of the Accounting Regulations to adapt the statutory balance sheet formats, and in doing so more closely aligning with the format adopted by FCC. As a result, some of the comparative amounts have been re-presented as follows:

1. Amounts of £45,271,000 previously reported within Debtors: amounts due after more than one year are now described as Trade and other receivables. Additionally, to reflect the requirements in IAS 1, they are now shown under Non-current assets to reflect their expected maturity.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Non-current debt instruments which meet the following conditions, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 December 2020

2.

Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

- (a) Returns to the holder are (i) a fixed amount; or (ii) a fixed rate of return over the life of the instrument; or (iii) a variable return that, throughout the life of the instrument, is equal to a single referenced quoted or observable interest rate; or (iv) some combination of such fixed rate and variable rates, providing that both rates are positive.
- (b) There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.
- (c) Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in relevant taxation or law.
- (d) There are no conditional returns or repayment provisions except for the variable rate return described in (a) and prepayment provisions described in (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Group transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Group, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

For the Company's financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime Expected Credit Losses ('ECL') when there has been a significant increase in risk since initial recognition. When estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis. The assessment is based on the Company's historical experience and includes forward-looking information. If the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL as defined below.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Turnover, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- debtors and creditors are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of debtors or creditors in the balance sheet. Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable surplus for the year using average tax rates in place during the financial year, and any adjustments in respect of previous periods. Income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the income statement.

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred income tax is recognised for all temporary differences:

- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

3. Profit/(loss) before taxation

Auditor's remuneration in respect of audit fees of £1,000 (2019: £1,000) has been borne by FCC Recycling (UK) Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking of FCC.

4. Directors' remuneration and transactions

None of the Directors received any remuneration or benefits from the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £nil). They are remunerated as directors or employees of FCC Environment (UK) Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking of FCC, for services to the UK Group as a whole and as such it is not possible to directly attribute any element of their remuneration to services as a director of this Company. The Directors received total remuneration of £617,000 for services to the UK Group as a whole in the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £639,000). Certain Directors were remunerated by fellow subsidiary companies of FCC without recharge to the UK Group.

The Company had no employees during the current or previous financial year.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

5. Net interest expense

a) Interest receivable and similar income

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Interest receivable on loan to subsidiary	1,344	2,304

b) Interest payable and similar expenses

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Interest payable on loan from parent	1,344	2,304
Movement on allowance for expected credit losses	(145)	3
	1,199	2,307

c) Net interest income/(expense)

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Interest receivable and similar income	1,344	2,304
Interest payable and similar charges	(1,199)	(2,307)
	145	(3)

6. Tax on profit/(loss)

The tax position comprises:

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Current tax		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 19% (2019: 19%) based on profit/(loss) for the year	-	-
Total current tax	-	-

The total tax position for both the current and previous year differs from the average standard rate of 19% (2019: 19%) for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Profit/(loss) before tax	145	(3)
Tax charge/(credit) on profit at average standard rate	25	(1)
Effects of:		
Non-deductible tax on expected credit losses	(25)	1
Total tax result	-	-

Enviropower Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

6. Tax on profit/(loss)

Deferred tax

There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax in either the current or previous financial year.

Finance Act 2016 had previously enacted provisions to reduce the main rate of UK corporation tax to 17% from 1 April 2020 and accordingly the deferred tax at 31 December 2019 had been calculated at this rate. However, in the March 2020 Budget it was announced that the reduction will not occur and the Corporation Tax Rate will be held at 19%. The Provisional Collection of Taxes Act was used to substantively enact the revised 19% tax rate on 17 March 2020 and accordingly the deferred tax balances have been re-calculated to 19% at the year end.

The March 2021 Budget announced a further increase to the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from April 2023. This rate has not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, as result deferred tax balances as at 31 December 2020 continue to be measured at 19%.

7. Trade and other receivables

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Non-current		
Amounts due from related party - KEL	-	45,271

The subordinated facility agreement (the "Subordinated Facility") dated 29 March 2004 (as amended from time to time), between the Company and KEL for a principal amount of £16,554,375 provides for the payment of interest by KEL to the Company. On 18 April 2008 the Subordinated Facility was amended and the loan is now repayable in full on 18 June 2038, with interest charged at a fixed rate of 12.5%. This loan receivable was assigned to FCC Energy Limited, a fellow FCC group company in the year ended 2020, as part of a re-organisation of FCC's green energy division. Included in the above figure is an allowance for expected credit losses of £nil (2019: £145,000).

8. Loans and borrowings

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Non-current		
Amounts due to immediate parent undertaking	-	45,416

The loan agreement dated 17 April 2008 (as amended from time to time) between the Company and FCC for a principal amount of £16,554,375, (the "Facility"), provides for the payment of interest by the Company to FCC. On 23 April 2008, the Facility was amended and with effect from 18 April 2008, interest is charged at a fixed rate of 12.5% in line with the Subordinated Facility (see note 7). Under the amended Facility, the debt is unsecured and the loan is now repayable on 31 March 2030. This loan payable was novated to FCC Energy Limited, a fellow FCC group company in the year ended 2020, as part of a re-organisation of FCC's green energy division.

9. Share capital and reserves

	2020 £	2019 £
Allotted, called-up and fully-paid		
1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

Enviropower Investments Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

9. Share capital and reserves (continued)

Retained earnings

Retained earnings account comprises cumulative profits or losses, including unrealised profits or losses recognised in the statement of comprehensive income and expense, net of dividends.

10. Related party transactions

The Directors regard all subsidiaries of FCC as related parties. In the ordinary course of business, the Company has traded with fellow subsidiaries of FCC.

Under FRS 101, the Company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries of FCC.

In July 2020, as a result of the reorganisation of FCC's green energy division, Kent Enviropower Limited became a subsidiary of Green Recovery Projects Limited, which is not wholly owned by FCC. Transactions with Kent Enviropower Limited are shown below. There were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

Year ended 31 December 2020	Finance income £'000
Kent Enviropower Limited	<u>1,344</u>

11. Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent company is FCC Medio Ambiente Reino Unido S.L., a company registered in Spain.

The Directors regard Fomento de Construcciones y Contratas, S.A., a company registered in Spain, as the ultimate parent entity. The ultimate controlling party is Inversora Carso S.A. de C.V, a company registered in Mexico.

Fomento de Construcciones y Contratas, S.A. is the parent company of the largest group of which the Company is a member and for which statutory group accounts are drawn up. Copies of the financial statements of Fomento de Construcciones y Contratas, S.A. are available from FCC Environment (UK) Limited, Ground Floor West, 900 Pavilion Drive, Northampton Business Park, Northampton NN4 7RG.