# (REPLACE ORIGINAL ACCOUNTS)

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05003903 (England and Wales)

EXECVIEW LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

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# **EXECVIEW LIMITED**

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

**DIRECTORS:** 

S D Randall

J A Randall

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

5 Yeomans Court

Ware Road Hertford Hertfordshire SG13 7HJ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

05003903 (England and Wales)

# **BALANCE SHEET** 28 FEBRUARY 2017

		2017	,	2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		574,157		525,069
Tangible assets	5		8,780		13,618
Investments	6		2	_	2
			582,939	•	538,689
CURRENT ASSETS	•				
Debtors	7	311,446		270,886	
Cash at bank and in hand		276,560		241,635	
		588,006		512,521	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	685,659		594,302	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(97,653)	<del> <u></u></del>	(81,781)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			485,286		456,908
					<del></del>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•		404		404
Called up share capital			134		134
Share premium			79,974		79,974
Retained earnings			405,178		376,800
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			485,286		456,908

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

# BALANCE SHEET - continued 28 FEBRUARY 2017

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.
The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on
S D Randall - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

## 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Execview Limited is a limited liability company registered in England and Wales. The registered office is 5 Yeomans Court, Ware Road, Hertford, Herts SG13 7HJ and its principal place of business is 31 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5HJ.

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A small entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in sterling (£) which is also the functional currency for the company.

# Going concern

After reviewing the Company's forecasts and projections and taking into account the economic conditions and possible changes in trading performance, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

# Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Intangible assets are valued on an amortised historical cost basis. The amortisation rate is ascertained through regular review of the expected lifetime of the company's software product by the directors using their market knowledge and expertise.

# **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services.

# Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

# Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

# Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Development costs are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of five years.

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

### 2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

# Tangible fixed assets

Property, plant and equipment is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful

Plant and machinery - 33% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 20% on reducing balance

At each reporting date, property, plant and equipment are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

# Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against future taxable profits or against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities.

Deferred tax relating to a non-depreciable asset that is measured using the revaluation model, or to investment properties measured at fair value, is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# Research and development

Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward when its future recoverability can reasonably be regarded as assured. Any expenditure carried forward is amortised in line with the expected future sales from the related project.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

# Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are measured at transaction price less any impairment unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction in which case the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at the prevailing market rate of interest. Loans are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

## Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are measured at their transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction in which case the transaction is measured at present value of future payments discounted at prevailing market rate of interest. Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value net of their transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less.

# 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 17.

# 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Other intangible assets £
COST	•
At 1 March 2016	3,174,680
Additions	250,204
At 28 February 2017	3,424,884
·	
AMORTISATION	0.040.044
At 1 March 2016	2,649,611
Charge for year	201,116
At 28 February 2017	2,850,727
·	
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 28 February 2017	574,157 
At 29 February 2016	525,069

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Plant and machinery etc £
	COST At 1 March 2016 Additions Disposals		30,348 2,311 (5,412)
	At 28 February 2017		27,247
	DEPRECIATION At 1 March 2016 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal  At 28 February 2017  NET BOOK VALUE At 28 February 2017  At 29 February 2016		16,730 7,149 (5,412) 18,467 8,780
6.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		Shares in group undertakings £
	COST At 1 March 2016 and 28 February 2017		2
	NET BOOK VALUE At 28 February 2017		2
	At 29 February 2016		<u>2</u>
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	223,779 87,667	206,928 63,958
		311,446	270,886

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2017

8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	94,892	146,531
	Taxation and social security	89,548	77,467
	Other creditors	501,219	370,304
		685,659	594,302
9.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:		
	thin many leads paymonts and of honor out of ording leads to land as to honor.	2017	2016
		£	£
	Within one year	139,440	131,201
	Between one and five years	11,620	151,060
	between the and the your		
		151,060	282,261

# 10. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to directors subsisted during the years ended 28 February 2017 and 29 February 2016:

		2017	2016
		£	£
S D Randall			
Balance outstanding at start of year		21,036	-
Amounts advanced		71,094	21,036
Amounts repaid		(85,070)	-
Amounts written off		•	-
Amounts waived			-
Balance outstanding at end of year		7,060	21,036
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I A Dandall			
J A Randall			
Balance outstanding at start of year	e en	7 262	-
Amounts advanced		7,362	-
Amounts repaid	•	-	-
Amounts written off		•	-
Amounts waived		-	• -
Balance outstanding at end of year		7,362	-
	•	<del></del>	===

# 11. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

The company transitioned from previously extant UK GAAP to FRS 102, Section 1A as at 1 March 2015. The transition to FRS 102, Section 1A has not affected the reported financial position and financial performance.