MONEY PARTNERS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 30 November 2005

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MONEY PARTNERS LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2005

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

A D Johnson

Chairman

C G Sanders

Chief Executive

F F Archer

P T Brennan

Operations Director

S J Colsell

P A George

D G Jones

S C Kingdon

Finance Director

J N Maltby

SECRETARY

K G Spielmann

REGISTERED OFFICE

Keaton House Widewater Place Moorhall Road Harefield Uxbridge UB9 6NS

BANKERS

Barclays Bank PLC 54 Lombard Street London

SOLICITORS

Wragge & Co 55 Colmore Row Birmingham

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants London

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2005.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company is the origination of mortgage loans secured by first and second charges over residential properties within the United Kingdom.

The directors are pleased with the progress of the business and consider the future prospects of the company to be satisfactory.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the period are shown in the profit and loss account on page 6. The profit after taxation is £812,000 and has been added to reserves (2004: the loss after taxation of £2,028,900 was deducted from reserves). No dividend has been proposed.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year were:

Date appointed

A D Johnson

C G Sanders

F Archer

P T Brennan

S J Colsell

22 December 2004

P A George

D G Jones

S C Kingdon

J N Maltby

All of the directors are directors of the company's holding company, Money Partners Holdings Limited, and their interests are disclosed in that company's financial statements.

None of the directors had any interest either during or at the end of the year in any material contract or arrangement with the company.

CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

The Company agrees terms and conditions with its suppliers. Payment is then made on the terms agreed, subject to the appropriate terms and conditions being met by the supplier. The trade creditor days figure has not been stated as the measure is not appropriate to the business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

K G Spielmann

Secretary

23 January 2006

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES in relation to Financial Statements

The directors are required by the Companies Act 1985 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for the financial year. As required, in the absence of any circumstances which would make it inappropriate, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The directors are required to ensure that, in preparing the financial statements on pages 6 to 11, the company has used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates and that all accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed.

The directors have responsibility for ensuring the company keeps proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985.

The directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MONEY PARTNERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Money Partners Limited for the year ended 30 November 2005 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 12. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors' are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company and other members of the group is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above period and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company and the group, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Going concern

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in note 1 to the accounts, concerning the directors' considerations in reaching the conclusion that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis. We consider that these considerations should be drawn to your attention, but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 November 2005 and of the profit of the company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Mitto & Tumbe Let.

London

∠S January 2006

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 30 November 2005

	Note	
	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Fees and commissions receivable	30,625	145
Fees and commissions payable	(22,097)	(124)
Interest receivable	14	-
Interest payable and similar charges	(99)	
Total operating income	8,443	21
Operating expenses	(8,153)	(2,050)
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) BEING THE PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2 290	(2,029)
Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	4 522	
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION BEING THE RETAINED PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	812 ————	(2,029)

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year ended 30 November 2005.

BALANCE SHEET As at 30 November 2005

	Note	2005 £'000	2005 £'000	2004 £'000	2004 £'000
ASSETS EMPLOYED					
CURRENT ASSETS Deferred tax Debtors and prepayments	5 6		526 2,485		- 35
			3,011		35
FINANCED BY					
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Called up share capital Profit and loss account	7 8	(1,217)	_	(2,029)	
			(1,217)		(2,029)
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due in more than one year	9 9	2,074 2,150	_	464 1,600	
			4,228		2,064
			3,011		35

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 January 2006.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

C G Sanders

Chief Executive

S C Kingdon

Finance Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 November 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. All relevant accounting standards effective during the year have been complied with.

The particular accounting policies adopted are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the period.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention. The directors have considered the net liability position of the company, its forecast future profitability and the availability of the long term loan facility disclosed in Note 9 and have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

Fees and commissions receivable

Fees and commissions receivable comprise fees receivable in respect of the origination of new mortgage loans are accrued when the company has completed its contractual obligations, to the extent that they can be reliably estimated.

Fees and commissions payable

Fees and commissions payable comprise origination costs which are written off as they are incurred.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 November 2005

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2. OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS) BEING THE PROFIT /(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Operating profit / (loss) being the profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is after charging:	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Auditors' remuneration	29	12

3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees during the period.

The directors are all directors of the holding company, Money Partners Holdings Limited, and details of their remuneration is included in that company's financial statements.

4. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Current Tax UK corporation tax	4	
Deferred Tax Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustments in respect of prior years	83 (609)	<u>-</u>
Total deferred tax	(526)	-
Total tax credit for the year	(522)	

Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The current tax charge for the year is lower than the charge that would result from applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30%. The differences are explained below.

	2005 £'000	2004 £'000
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax	290	(2,029)
Expected tax charge / (credit) at 30%	87	(609)
Effects of Tax losses carried forward	-	609
Utilisation of tax losses	83	-
Current tax charge for the year	4	

MONEY PARTNERS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 November 2005

5.	DEFERRED TAX		
		2005 £'000	2004 £'000
	At 1 December	-	-
	Credit to profit and loss account	526	_
	At 30 November	526 ————	<u>-</u>
	Deferred tax is provided as follows: Tax losses	526	<u>.</u>
	Deferred tax asset	526	<u>-</u>
6.	DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS		
		2005 £'000	2004 £'000
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	1,927 558	34 1
		2,485	35
7.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2005 £'000	2004 £'000
	Authorised 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
	Called up, allotted and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1 each	-	-
8.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
		2005 £'000	2004 £'000
	At 1 December 2004	(2,029)	-
	Profit / (loss) for the period	<u>812</u>	(2,029)
	At 30 November 2005	<u>(1,217)</u>	(2,029)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 November 2005

9. CREDITORS

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	2005	2004
	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Group balances	842	372
Bank overdraft	302	27
Other creditors	922	30
Accruals and deferred income	12	35
	2,078	_ 464
		···
Amounts falling due in more than one year		
Long-term subordinated loan	2,150	1,600 ————
	2,150	1,600

The company has a long-term subordinated loan facility from its holding company, Money Partners Holdings Limited. Interest is payable at 4% above UK 3-month LIBOR and there is no fixed repayment date. The amount drawn down at 30 November 2005 was £2,150,000 (2004: £1,600,000). The loan facility is used to provide working capital for the company.

10. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

There were no capital commitments at 30 November 2005 or 2004.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Mortgage originations

Under the terms of mortgage and loan origination agreements the company originates mortgages and loans for Kensington Mortgage Company Limited ("KMC"), a subsidiary of Kensington Group plc, in return for a fee. The fee is payable in part on completion of the mortgage or loan and in part over the following four years, subject to the performance of those mortgages and loans.

During the financial period, the company originated £750,025,120 (2004: £3,737,762) of mortgages and loans for KMC and accrued fees of £26,085,095 (2004: £128,257) for this service.

12. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate and ultimate parent company and controlling party is Money Partners Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Money Partners Holdings Limited is the only group into which the company's results are consolidated. Copies of the Group's financial statements are available from that company's registered office at Keaton House, Widewater Place, Moorhall Road, Harefield, Uxbridge UB9 6NS.