# Company Registration No. 4952392 (England and Wales)

### **EQUIP RVG LIMITED**

# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 MARCH 2013

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** S Creed

M Gover A Hinton J Lea

**Secretary** J Lea

**Registered office** The Old Academy

21 Horse Fair Banbury Oxfordshire OX16 OAH

Company number 4952392

Auditor KPMG LLP

Altius House

One North Fourth Street

Milton Keynes MK9 1NE

Bankers Barclays Bank Plc

Barclays House

PO Box 1500 Dominus Way Meridian Business Park

Leicester LE19 1RP

Managers of the eQuip scheme Cranmer Lawrence & Company Limited

Kings Head House 27 London End Beaconsfield

Bucks HP9 2HN

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013.

#### **Principal activities**

The company was established to issue residual value guarantees (RVG's) on recycling equipment.

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office during the period:

S Creed
J Lea
M Gover
A Hinton

#### Results

The results of the company's activities are summarised on page 6. The surplus for the financial year amounted to £397,941 (2012. £277,370). The directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend (2012: £nil).

#### **Review of activities**

eQuip RVG Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Waste and Resources Action Programme (Company Registration No 4125764). The company aims to help recycling companies lease the machinery they need by guaranteeing its future residual value. In the last financial year eQuip RVG Ltd provided guarantees covering £1.8m (2012: £0.5m) of recycling equipment.

The directors estimate that approximately 30% of the residual value guarantees could crystallise, and accordingly provision has been made for this percentage of guarantees given. An additional provision of up to 50% of the residual value guarantee has been made in certain cases where the risk of recovery has been assessed to be higher than 30%.

The directors have considered the amount of capital required to ensure that current and future guarantees can be met. The cash reserves, including short term investments, of £2.5 million represent their view of the appropriate amount of capital for the current and projected future position.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

#### **Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

## Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to.

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departure disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the Board

لان August 2013

] Lea / Director

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUIP RVG LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of eQuip'RVG Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 set out on pages 6 to 11 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUIP RVG LIMITED (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

B. J Stapleton 14 August 2013

**Benjamin Stapleton (Senior Statutory Auditor)** 

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Altius House
One North Fourth Street
Milton Keynes
MK9 1NE
United Kingdom

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Incoming resources			
Grants receivable from parent company Repayment of state aid from lessees		212,963 3,969	220,561 12,738
Total incoming resources		216,932	233,299
Resources expended			
Management fees Provision for residual value guarantees Guarantees paid Direct income/(expenditure)	10 4	(212,963) 56,497 331,408 174,942	(164,400) 394,423 (194,590) 35,433
Administration expenses Operating surplus		(7,588) 384,286	(3,045)
Interest receivable Interest payable Operating surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	2 3	19,291 (2,222) 401,355	17,395 (2,791) 280,291
Taxation on surplus on ordinary activities <b>Surplus for the financial year</b> Balance brought forward	5 6	(3,414) 397,941 1,544,616	(2,921) 277,370 1,267,246
Balance carried forward at 31 March		1,942,557	1,544,616

There are no deficits or surpluses for the period other than those reflected above. All activities are continuing.

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2013

	Note	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
Current assets					
Debtors Short term investments	7 8	147,176 2,324,863		63,275 -	
Cash at bank and in hand		290,583		2,474,552	
Halla		2,762,622		2,537,827	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year  Net current assets  Total assets less current liabilities  Provision for liabilities and charges Net assets	9	(102,268)	2,660,354 2,660,354 (717,796) 1,942,558	(218,916)	2,318,911 2,318,911 (774,294) 1,544,617
Capital and residual interest					
Called up share capital Residual interest	12 13		1 1,942,557 1,942,558		1 

The financial statements were approved by the Board on August and signed on its behalf by

Director

Company Registration No. 4952392

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

#### 1. Basis of financial statements and accounting policies

The company has adopted the following accounting policies which should be read in conjunction with the financial statements set out on pages 6 to 11 and which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Waste & Resources Action Programme, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which are wholly-owned within the group. The consolidated financial statements of The Waste & Resources Action Programme, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 14.

These accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes the Company will continue to trade without significant curtailment for the foreseeable future. Confirmation has been received from The Waste & Resources Action Programme, that it will provide such support as eQuip RVG Limited requires to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due for a period not less than one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

#### 1.1 Income

Revenue grants receivable are initially credited to the Income and Expenditure Account in the period in which the funding is receivable. Income received in advance is carried forward as deferred income. Capital grants receivable are treated as deferred credits and credited to the Income and Expenditure Account over the estimated useful life of the assets.

#### 1.2 Expenditure

All expenditure is charged in the period to which it relates on an accruals basis and a liability is recognised when there is a legal or constructive obligation

#### 1.3 Provisions

Provision is made for the potential shortfalls in residual values of assets underwritten by the scheme based on the directors' current projections of the probable cost.

#### 1.4 Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the surplus for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

# NOTES AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

2.	Interest receivable		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Bank interest receivable	17,592	15,966
	Other interest receivable	1,699	1,429
		19,291	17,395
3.	Interest payable		
		2013	2012
		<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>
	Other interest payable	2,222	<u>2,791</u>
4.	Guarantees paid		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Net proceeds on lease termination	94,241	101,409
	Profit / (loss) on returned assets	237,167 331,408	(295,999) (194,590)
5.	Taxation	331,700	(154,390)
	a.) Analysis of charge in period		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Current tax	2013	2012
		£	£
	UK corporation tax at 20% (2012: 20%) on the surplus on		
	ordinary activities		
			_
	- Current tax on income for the period	3,414	2,921
		3,414	2,921
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge		
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period	3,414	2,921
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%).	3,414	2,921 companies
	<ul> <li>- Current tax on income for the period</li> <li>Total current tax charge</li> <li>b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period</li> <li>The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to</li> </ul>	3,414	2,921 companies
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%).	3,414  nan the small lifferences are 2013	2,921 companies explained 2012
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The obelow.	3,414  nan the small lifferences are  2013	2,921 companies explained 2012
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The obelow.  Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	3,414  nan the small afferences are  2013 £ 401,355	2,921  companies explained  2012 £ 280,291
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The obelow.  Surplus on ordinary activities before tax Current tax at 20% (2012: 20%)	3,414  nan the small lifferences are  2013	2,921 companies explained 2012
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The obelow.  Surplus on ordinary activities before tax	3,414  nan the small afferences are  2013 £ 401,355	2,921  companies explained  2012 £ 280,291
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The observed below.  Surplus on ordinary activities before tax  Current tax at 20% (2012: 20%)  Effects of:  Surplus on activities outside the scope of corporation tax	3,414  nan the small afferences are  2013  £ 401,355 80,271 (76,857)	2,921  companies explained  2012  £ 280,291 56,058 (53,137)
	- Current tax on income for the period  Total current tax charge  b.) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period  The current tax charge for the period is lower (2012: lower) to rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%; 2012: 20%). The obelow.  Surplus on ordinary activities before tax Current tax at 20% (2012: 20%)  Effects of:	3,414  nan the small differences are  2013  £ 401,355 80,271	2,921 companies explained 2012 £ 280,291 56,058

# NOTES AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

			<del></del>
6.	Surplus for the financial year		
0.	Surplus for the financial year	2013	2012
		2013 £	2012 £
	Surplus for the financial year is stated after charging	£	T.
	Auditor's remuneration – audit of these financial statements	2 000	2 000
	Auditor's remuneration – audit of these financial statements	3,000	3,000
	There were no employees in the current or previous financia to directors.	al years. No fe	ees were paid
7.	Debtors		
•		2013	2012
		£	£
	Accrued interest	1,102	2,243
	Repayment of proceeds from lessor	1,102	61,032
	Amounts due from parent undertaking	30,563	01,052
	Proceeds from sale of asset	115,511	_
	Trocceds from said or asset	147,176	63,275
		147,170	03,273
8.	Short term investments		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Cash deposits	2,324,863	-
	-	2,324,863	_
	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	
	Short term investments represent bank deposits placed und restricted for up to 95 days from the date of the deposit	der which acc	ess to cash is
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2013	2012
		£	£
	Corporation tax	3,414	2,921
	Amounts due to parent undertaking	13	14
	Trade creditors	30,563	-
	Accruals and deferred income	68,278	215,981
		102,268	218,916
10.	Provision for liabilities and charges		
			£
	At 1 April 2012		774,294
	Additions		120,823
	Released		(177,321)
	At 31 March 2013		717,796

The provision represents the directors' best estimate of the Company's liability to pay any residual guarantees on recycling equipment leased by third parties. It is expected that this activity and hence the requirement for a provision will continue for up to 3 years.

## NOTES AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

#### 11. Financial commitments

Management fees (including adjustments) payable to the lease guarantee scheme administrator were £212,963 (2012: £164,400) This includes a basic management fee of £125,000 plus VAT payable each year.

#### 12. Share capital

·	2013 £	2012 £
<b>Authorised</b> 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1	1	1

#### 13. Residual interest

	Designated funds £
At 1 April 2012	1,544,616
Net incoming resources for year	397,941
At 31 March 2013	1,942,557

Residual interest is the amount found by deducting all of the entity's liabilities from all of the entity's assets. The designated funds relate to grant income earmarked in conjunction with funding bodies against specific expenditure programmes in subsequent periods.

#### 14. Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is The Waste and Resources Action Programme, a company limited by guarantee.

The Company is a subsidiary of The Waste & Resources Action Programme, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by The Waste & Resources Action Programme. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, South Glamorgan, CF14 3UF.