#### **ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED**

# UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2016

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#### **ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED**

## **UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2016**

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					•
Tangible assets	2		10,977		9,497
Current assets	•				
Debtors		14,827		10,194	
Cash at bank and in hand		104,200		113,506	
		119,027		123,700	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(21,831)		(22,926)	
Net current assets			97,196		100,774
Total assets less current liabilities			108,173		110,271
Provisions for liabilities			(1,866)		(1,899)
Net assets			106,307	,	108,372
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account			106,207		108,272
Shareholders' funds			106,307		108,372
					====

For the financial year ended 31 October 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

J Howlett

Director

## ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. Having carried out a detailed review of the company's resources and the challenges presented by the current economic climate, the directors are satisfied that the company has sufficient cash flows to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least one year from the date of approval of the accounts.

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of services rendered to customers during the year, whether invoiced or not prior to the balance sheet date and is stated exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Cost represents purchase price together with any incidental costs of acquisition. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment

25% straight line 25% reducing balance

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

#### **Pensions**

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

#### Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2016

2	Fixed assets	Та	ngible assets
		ı qı	£
	Cost		
	At 1 November 2015		20,569
	Additions		7,924
	Disposals		(7,781)
	At 31 October 2016		20,712
	Depreciation		
	At 1 November 2015		11,072
	On disposals		(4,935)
	Charge for the year		3,598
	At 31 October 2016		9,735
	Net book value		
	At 31 October 2016		10,977
	At 31 October 2015		9,497
3	Share capital	2016 £	2015 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	. <b>L</b>	L
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100