ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

SATURDAY

A08 23/04/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2015

		201	2015		2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets			,			
Tangible assets	2		9,497		8,564	
Current assets						
Debtors		10,194	,	25,305		
Cash at bank and in hand		113,506	•	120,519		
Submat bank and in hand						
	•	123,700		145,824	,	
Creditors: amounts falling due within						
one year		(22,926)		(34,815)		
Net current assets			100,774		111,009	
Total assets less current liabilities			110,271		119,573	
Provisions for liabilities			(1,899)		(1,713)	
•••			400.070		447.000	
Net assets		·	108,372		117,860	
		•				
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	3		100		100	
Profit and loss account			108,272		117,760	
Shareholders' funds			108,372		117,860	

For the financial year ended 31 October 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The abbreviated financial statements on pages 1 to 3 were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 21 APAL2016

J Howlett **Director**

ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. Having carried out a detailed review of the company's resources and the challenges presented by the current economic climate, the directors are satisfied that the company has sufficient cash flows to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least one year from the date of approval of the accounts.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of services rendered to customers during the year, whether invoiced or not prior to the balance sheet date and is stated exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Cost represents purchase price together with any incidental costs of acquisition. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment

25% straight line

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% reducing balance

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

ROCKALL DESIGN LIMITED

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED). FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2015

2	Fixed assets			
	·	Tang	ible assets	
			£	
	Cost			
	At 1 November 2014		16,448	
	Additions		4,121	
	At 31 October 2015		20,569	
	Depreciation			
	At 1 November 2014		7,884	
	Charge for the year		3,188	
	At 31 October 2015		11,072	
	Net book value			
	At 31 October 2015		9,497	
	At 31 October 2014		8,564	
3	Share capital	2015	2014	
		£	£	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid			
	100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	
	•	====		