Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

for

Ciel (Concessions) Limited

BBK Partnership Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 1 Beauchamp Court 10 Victors Way Barnet Hertfordshire EN5 5TZ

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Ciel (Concessions) Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

DIRECTORS: Mr B S Green Mrs J D Green

SECRETARY: Mr T O Green

REGISTERED OFFICE: Chesca Head Office Unit A To D

2 Tufnell Park Road

London N7 0DP

REGISTERED NUMBER: 04947316 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: BBK Partnership

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors 1 Beauchamp Court 10 Victors Way

Barnet Hertfordshire EN5 5TZ

Statement of Financial Position 31 January 2022

		31.1.		31.1.	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		42,546		47,334
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	700.002		1 266 420	
	5	709,992		1,266,439	
Debtors	6	80,502		32,374	
Cash at bank		293,446	_	165,535	
		1,083,940		1,464,348	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	468,866		852,869	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			615,074		611,479
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			657,620		658,813
			051,020		050,015
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(44,357)		(50,000)
	*		(/)		(+ ",- " ")
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	10		(5,918)		_
NET ASSETS	10		607,345		608,813
NET ASSETS			007,545		000,013
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
			2		2
Called up share capital	11		2		2
Retained earnings	12		607,343		608,811
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			607,345		608,813

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 January 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 January 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Statement of Financial Position - continued 31 January 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27 September 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs J D Green - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Ciel (Concessions) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest pounds.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. This is usually on dispatch of the goods.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) or valuation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 15% on reducing balance Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Government grants

The company receives government grants in respect of small business Grants Scheme. These grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received using the accruals model.

The company receives government grants in respect of furlough of employees. These grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received using the accrual model.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably estimated.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Employee benefits

When employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 30 (2021 - 63).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
	COST			
	At 1 February 2021	303,240	15,050	318,290
	Additions	2,956	<u>-</u>	2,956
	At 31 January 2022	306,196	<u> 15,050</u>	321,246
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 February 2021	257,914	13,042	270,956
	Charge for year	7,242	502	<u>7,744</u>
	At 31 January 2022	265,156	<u>13,544</u>	278,700
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 January 2022	41,040	1,506	42,546
	At 31 January 2021	45,326	2,008	47,334
5.	STOCKS			
			31.1.22	31.1.21
			£	£
	Finished goods		709,992	1,266,439
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			31.1.22	31.1.21
			£	£
	Trade debtors		34,567	8,711
	Prepayments		45,935	23,663
			<u>80,502</u>	<u>32,374</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.1.22	31.1.21
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 9)	-	17,109
	Trade creditors	111,730	149,078
	Tax	1,672	3,470
	Social security and other taxes	-	8,004
	VAT	36,809	92,451
	Other creditors	173,270	173,270
	Directors' current accounts	126,461	404,237
	Accrued expenses	18,924	5,250
		<u>468,866</u>	<u>852,869</u>
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
	YEAR		
		31.1.22	31.1.21
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 9)	<u>44,357</u>	<u>50,000</u>
9.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		31.1.22	31.1.21
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
	Bank overdrafts		17,109
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:		
	Bounce back loan	44,357	50,000
10.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
		31.1.22	31.1.21
		£	£
	Deferred tax	5,918	-
			Deferred
			tax
			£
	Provided during year		5,918
	Balance at 31 January 2022		5,918

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 January 2022

11.	CALLED U	P SHARE CAPITAL			
		ed and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.1.22 £	31.1.21 £
	2	Ordinary	£1	2	2
12.	RESERVES				
					Retained
					earnings
					t
	At 1 February	y 2021			608,811
	Deficit for the				(1,468)
	At 31 January	y 2022			607,343

13. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Included within creditors is £126,461 (2021: £404,237) being amounts owed to key management personal of the company. The loan is interest free and payable on demand.

In other creditors is £173,270 being a loan owed Greenhouse Investments Limited, a mutually controlled company. The loan is interest free and is repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.