

# **CLPE Projects 3 Limited**

## Annual report and unaudited financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2023

Registered number: 04939137

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# **Company information**

## **Directors**

M J Bullard E W Fellows E J Wilkinson

## Company secretary

Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited 6th Floor
33 Holborn
London
England
EC1N 2HT

## **Bankers**

Barclays Bank Plc 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

## Registered office

6<sup>th</sup> Floor 33 Holborn London England EC1N 2HT

## Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2023

The directors present their annual report and the unaudited financial statements for the company for the year ended 30 June 2023.

## Principal activities

The sole activity of CLPE Projects 3 Limited is that of a holding company, the principal activity of the group is the generation of electricity from landfill methane gas together with the associated operations and maintenance activity. The group operates from 19 sites across the United Kingdom.

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the financial year amounted to £8,239 (2022: £1,233 profit).

The company paid no dividends during the year (2022: £nil).

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company, who held office during the financial year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, are given below:

E J Wilkinson M J Bullard (appointed 24 January 2023) E W Fellows (appointed 12 December 2022) P S Latham (resigned 12 December 2022) M G Setchell (resigned 24 January 2023)

### Directors' third-party indemnity provision

A qualifying third-party indemnity provision as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006 was in force throughout the financial year and at the date of approval of the financial statements for the benefit of each of the directors in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office, to the extent permitted by law. In respect of those liabilities for which directors may not be indemnified, the company maintained a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy throughout the financial year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

#### Financial risk management

Given that the status of the company is that of a holding company, it is exposed to limited financial risks. The financial risks the group faces have been disclosed within the financial statements of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited for the year ended 30 June 2023. Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a subcommittee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the finance department of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited.

### Going concern

Notwithstanding the fact that the company is loss making, has net current liabilities and net liabilities, the directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis. The directors have received confirmation from Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited, an intermediate parent company, of its intention to financially support the company such that the company can meet those obligations as they fall due for a period of at least twelve months from the date of the directors' approval of these financial statements.

## Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2023

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 Section 1A "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

## **Audit exemption**

The company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023 in accordance with section 476 of the Act. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

### Small company exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 not to provide a strategic report.

The report was approved by the board on 29 February 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

E J Wilkinson Director

# Statement of income and retained earnings

for the year ended 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
(Loss)/profit before taxation		-	-
Taxation	6	(8,239)	1,233
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	_	(8,239)	1,233
Accumulated losses brought forward	11	(31,167)	(32,400)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(8,239)	1,233
Accumulated losses carried forward	_	(39,406)	(31,167)

All items dealt with in the statement of income and retained earnings above relate to continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the (loss)/profit before taxation and the (loss)/profit for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The company has no other comprehensive income other than the results above and therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Balance Sheet**

as at 30 June 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Investments	7	8	8
Current assets			
Debtors	8	3,448,847	3,067,603
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(3,488,260)	(3,098,777)
Net current liabilities	-	(39,413)	(31,174)
Total assets less current liabilities and net liabilities	-	(39,405)	(31,166)
Capital and reserves	•		
Called up share capital	10	1	1
Accumulated losses	11	(39,406)	(31,167)
Total shareholders' deficit	12	(39,405)	(31,166)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland".

For the year ended 30 June 2023 the directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 4 to 11 were approved by the board of directors on 29 February 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

E J Wilkinson Director

Registered number: 04939137

The notes on pages 6 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

for the year ended 30 June 2023

### 1. General information

The sole activity of CLPE Projects 3 Limited is that of a holding company, the principal activity of the group is the generation of electricity from landfill methane gas together with the associated operations and maintenance activity. The group operates from 19 sites across the United Kingdom.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and registered in England, United Kingdom, company number: 04939137. The address of its registered office is at 6<sup>th</sup> Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England EC1N 2HT.

### 2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of CLPE Projects 3 Limited have been prepared in compliance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 Section 1A, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

## 3. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including FRS 102 Section 1A, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland".

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

### Related parties

The company is exempt from disclosing transactions with related entities, these being other 100% owned subsidiaries of Fern Trading Limited, as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.1A.

### Group financial statements

The company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as the company and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the financial statements of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom with its registered office at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England EC1N 2HT. The consolidated financial statements of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited may be obtained from this address.

### Going concern

Notwithstanding the fact that the company is loss making, has net current liabilities and net liabilities, the directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis. The directors have received confirmation from Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited, an intermediate parent company, of its intention to financially support the company such that the company can meet those obligations as they fall due for a period of at least twelve months from the date of the directors' approval of these financial statements.

for the year ended 30 June 2023

### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Current tax

Current tax is the amount of corporation tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception:

• Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### Investments

The company's investment in subsidiary undertakings is stated at cost less, if applicable, impairments.

## Group relief

Amounts receivable/payable in respect of tax losses surrendered to/by group companies are recognised in the year in which the losses are surrendered.

## Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

### Financial instruments

The company has chosen to adopt sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

### Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

for the year ended 30 June 2023

## 3. Accounting policies (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle to liability simultaneously.

## 4. Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical judgements in applying the company's accounting policies

The directors consider that there are no critical judgements in the application of the company's accounting policies which would have a material impact on the financial statements.

(b) Key accounting estimates and assumptions

The directors consider that there are no significant accounting estimates or assumptions which would have a material impact on the financial statements.

## 5. Employee information

The company paid no remuneration or wages to its directors during the financial year (2022: £nil) and had no other employees during the financial year (2022: nil). The emoluments of E J Wilkinson are paid by other group companies and recharged to CLP Envirogas Limited as part of a management charge. This management charge also includes a recharge of administration costs borne by the parent companies on behalf of the company and it is not possible to identify separately the amount of directors' emoluments.

M J Bullard and E W Fellows did not receive any payment for their services to the Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited group.

for the year ended 30 June 2023

## 6. Taxation

a) Analysis of tax charge/(credit) in the year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Current tax		
Group relief payable/(receivable)	8,239	(1,233)
Total tax charge/(credit)	8,239	(1,233)

## b) Reconciliation of tax charge/(credit)

The tax assessed on the profit/(loss) before taxation for the year is higher than (2022: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.5% (2022: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2023	2022
D (7)(4)	£	£
Profit/(loss)before taxation	-	-
Profit/(loss) before taxation multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax of 20.5% (2022: 19%)	-	_
Effect of: Transfer pricing adjustment	8,239	(1,233)
Tax charge/(credit) for the year	8,239	(1,233)

## c) Factors that may affect future charges

The Finance Act 2021 included measures to increase the standard rate of UK corporation tax from 19% to 25%, effective from 1 April 2023. The Finance Act 2021 was enacted in June 2021 and accordingly, these rates are applicable to the measurement of deferred tax balances at 30 June 2023.

## 7. Investments

	Subsidiary undertakings £
Cost:	•
At 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	8
Net book value: At 30 June 2023	8
At 30 June 2022	8

for the year ended 30 June 2023

## 7. Investments (continued)

The subsidiary companies at 30 June 2023, which are all wholly owned and incorporated in Great Britain, are listed below.

Name of company	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held	Nature of business
CLPE ROC - 3A Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Generation of electricity from landfill gas
CLPE ROC - 4A Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Generation of electricity from landfill gas
Beetley Energy Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Generation of electricity from landfill gas
Cathkin Energy Limited *	Ordinary shares	100%	Generation of electricity from landfill gas
Stoneyhill Energy Limited *	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant company
Cilgwyn Energy Limited	Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant company

The registered office of the companies listed above is at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England EC1N 2HT, except \* which are incorporated in Scotland, United Kingdom, with the registered office as Pinsent Masons LLP, Capital Square, 58 Morrison Street, Edinburgh, Scotland EH3 8BP.

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

## 8. Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts owed by parent undertaking Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,550,594 1,898,253	375,832 2,691,771
	3,448,847	3,067,603

The amounts owed by group and parent undertakings are unsecured, do not bear interest, and are repayable on demand.

## 9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings for group relief Amounts owed to group undertakings	16,497 3,471,763	8,258 3,090,519
	3,488,260	3,098,777

The amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, do not bear interest, and are repayable on demand.

for the year ended 30 June 2023

10. Called up share capi
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iv. Called up sin	are capital	2022	2022
		2023	2022
		£	£
Allotted, called v	up and fully paid		
1 (2022; 1) ordin		1	1
- (,	·····	<del></del>	
11. Accumulated	losses		
			£
At 1 July 2022			(31,167)
Loss for the fina	ncial year	_	(8,239)
At 30 June 2023	3		(39,406)
		_	
12 Reconciliatio	on of movements in total shareholders	' deficit	
12. 11000110111011		2023	2022
		£	£
Opening total sh	archolders' deficit	(31,166)	(32,399)
(Loss)/profit for	the financial year	(8,239)	1,233
Closing total sh	areholders' deficit	(39,405)	(31,166)

## 13. Contingent liabilities

At 30 June 2023 the company was guarantor with other group companies for a bank loan facility provided by the group's financiers. The outstanding loan balance as at 30 June 2023 was £74,852,000 (2022: £88,422,000).

The company has no other off balance sheet arrangements.

### 14. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

CLPE Holdings Limited is the immediate parent undertaking and registered in England, United Kingdom. The ultimate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2023 was Fern Trading Limited, a company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom with its registered office at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England EC1N 2HT.

Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited, registered in England, United Kingdom, is the holding company of the smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and Fern Trading Limited is the holding company of the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of the group financial statements may be obtained from the address above.

### 15. Events since the balance sheet date

There have been no material adjusting or disclosable events since the financial year end.