Registration number: 04903061

Marks and Spencer Investments

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

TUESDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Fair review of the business

The directors consider that in the conditions prevailing during the year, the development of the Company's business and its financial position at the end of the year were satisfactory. The directors do not expect any development in the Company's business in the coming year that is significantly different from its present activities.

Result for the year

The Company made a profit for the year after tax of £764,000 (last year profit of £835,000).

Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to financial risks, namely interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, fair value estimation and capital management risk.

Interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate fluctuations is limited to interest bearing loans to and from other Group undertakings where the interest rates are agreed with the Group company.

Liquidity risk

The Company's exposure to liquidity risk is managed by funding of cash flow requirements by the parent company. The parent company relies on the Group treasury function to manage its liquidity and ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments. The Company benefits from this liquidity through intra-group facilities and loans.

Credit risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk is limited to amounts receivable from and payable to other Group undertakings.

Fair value estimation

The fair values of receivables and payables are approximate to their book values.

Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern to provide optimal returns for shareholders.

The directors do not believe the Company is exposed to significant cash flow risk, price risk or foreign exchange risk.

Key performance indicators

The Company is part of the Marks and Spencer Group plc group of companies (the 'Group'). The Group manages its operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the Company.

Approved by the Board on 21.11.16... and signed on its behalf by:

Amanda Mellor Director

Director's Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Directors' of the Company

The directors, who held office during the year, and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

Joanna Hawkes

Amanda Mellor

Patricia Howell (appointed 8 February 2018)

Verity Chase (resigned 8 February 2018)

Principal activity

The Company's principal activity is that of a financing vehicle on behalf of Marks and Spencer plc to enable Marks and Spencer plc to carry out its retailing activities. The directors consider that in the conditions prevailing during the year, the development of the Company's business and its financial position at the end of the year were satisfactory. The directors do not expect any development in the Company's business in the coming year that is significantly different from its present activities.

Marks and Spencer Investments is an unlimited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The Company's registered office is Waterside House, 35 North Wharf Road, London W2 1NW.

The financial statements are made up to the nearest Saturday to 31 March each year. The current financial year is the 52 weeks ended 31 March 2018 (the 'year').

Dividends

The directors recommend a final dividend payment of £Nil (last year £Nil) be made in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

Going concern

In adopting the going concern basis for preparing the financial statements, the directors have considered the principal activities and principal risks and uncertainties relating to the Company. Based on the Company's current activities, financial position and future plans the directors are satisfied that the Company will be able to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months from the approval of these financial statements. For this reason the directors consider it appropriate for the Company to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Director's Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Directors' liabilities

Marks and Spencer Group plc maintains directors' and officers' liability insurance which gives appropriate cover for any legal action brought against its directors and those directors of its subsidiaries companies. Indemnities have been granted to the Company's directors by Marks and Spencer Group plc to the extent permitted by law. Qualifying third party indemnity provisions (as defined by section 234 of the Companies act 2006) were in force during the year ended 31 March 2018 and remain in force, in relation to certain losses and liabilities which the directors may incur to third parties in the course of acting as directors of the Company.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the unaudited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board on 21.11.18... and signed on its behalf by:

Amanda Mellor

Director

Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Note	52 weeks ended 31 March 2018 £ 000	52 weeks ended 1 April 2017 £ 000
Revenue	3	943	1,044
Operating profit		943	1,044
Profit before tax		943	1,044
Income tax expense	6	(179)	(209)
Profit for the year		764	835

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

(Registration number: 04903061) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2018

	Note	31 March 2018 £ 000	1 April 2017 £ 000
Assets			
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	9	160,011	159,277
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Share capital	8	(2)	(2)
Share premium		(69,466)	(69,466)
Retained earnings		(90,364)	(89,600)
Total equity		(159,832)	(159,068)
Current liabilities			
Income tax liability		(179)	(209)
Total equity and liabilities		(160,011)	(159,277)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements of the Company were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 21.11.18. They were signed on its behalf by:

Joanna Hawkes

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Share capital £ 000	Share premium £ 000	Retained earnings £ 000	Total ₤ 000
At 3 April 2016	2	69,466	88,765	158,233
Profit for the year			835	835
At 1 April 2017	2	69,466	89,600	159,068
	Share capital £ 000	Share premium	Retained earnings £ 000	Total £ 000
At 2 April 2017	2	69,466	89,600	159,068
Profit for the year		-	764	764
At 31 March 2018			90,364	159,832

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) interpretations, as adopted by the European Union and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The Company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

There have been no significant changes to accounting under IFRS which have affected the Company's results.

The following IFRS have been issued but are not yet effective:

- IFRS 16 'Leases' is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and therefore will be effective in the Company financial statements for the 52 weeks ending 28 March 2020. IFRS 16 is not expected to impact the Company.
- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' replaces IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. The standard is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and therefore will be effective in the Company financial statements for the 52 weeks ending 30 March 2019.

The standard introduces changes to three key areas:

- new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments;
- a new impairment model based on expected credit losses for recognising provisions; and
- simplified hedge accounting through closer alignment with an entity's risk management methodology

The Company has completed an assessment of the impact of IFRS 9 and has concluded that adoption will not have a material impact on either the income statement or the statement of financial position. The Company will apply all aspects of the new standard at the transition date of 1 April 2018 by adjusting opening retained earnings in the statement of financial position and no restatement of comparative periods.

- IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 and therefore will be effective in the Company financial statements for the 52 week ending 30 March 2019. The standard establishes a principles-based approach for revenue recognition and is based on the concept of recognising revenue for performance obligations only when they are satisfied and the control of goods or services is transferred. In doing so, the standard applies a five-step approach to the timing of revenue recognition and applies to all contracts with customers, except those in the scope of other standards. It replaces the separate models for goods, services and construction contracts under the current accounting standards.

The Company has completed its assessment of the impact of IFRS 15 and based on the straightforward nature of the Company's revenue streams and the absence of significant judgement required in determining the timing of transfer of services, the adoption of IFRS 15 will not have a material impact on the timing or nature of the Company's revenue recognition.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are drawn up on the historical cost basis of accounting, except as disclosed in the accounting policies set out below. The Company's accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the year.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents interest receivable from a related party which is recognised on an accrual basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

Taxation

Tax expense comprises current tax only. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the related tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Statement of cash flows

There were no cash movements for the Company as all transactions were settled using intercompany loans and current accounts and therefore no statement of cash flows is presented in these accounts.

Financial assets and liabilities

Recognition and measurement

Loans to other Group undertakings and all other receivables are non-derivative financial assets, initially recognised at fair value, then subsequently carried at amortised cost. All receivables from other Group undertakings are not considered to be overdue or impaired.

Loans from other Group undertakings and all other payables are initially recorded at fair value, which is generally the proceeds received. They are then subsequently carried at amortised cost. All payables to other Group undertakings are repayable on demand.

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements under IFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including the expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. There are no critical judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty within the accounts.

3 Revenue

The analysis of the Company's revenue for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

	52 weeks ended 31 March 2018 £ 000	52 weeks ended 1 April 2017 £ 000
Interest received from a related party Revenue is generated from operations within the United Kingdom.	943	1,044

4 Employee information

The Company had no employees during the year (last year none).

5 Directors emoluments

No director received emoluments in respect of their services to the Company during the year (last year £Nil).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

6 Income tax		
Tax charged in the income statement		
	52 weeks ended 31 March 2018 £ 000	52 weeks ended 1 April 2017 £ 000
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	179	209
The tax on profit before tax for the period is the same as the standard r (2017 - same as the standard rate of corporate tax in the UK of 20%). The differences are reconciled below:	rate of corporate tax	in the UK of 19%
	52 weeks ended	52 weeks ended
	31 March 2018 £ 000	1 April 2017 £ 000
Profit before tax	943	1,044
Corporation tax at standard rate	179	209
Tax expense in the income statement	179	209
7 Intercompany non cash movements		
	52 weeks ended 31 March 2018 £ 000	52 weeks ended 1 April 2017 £ 000
Profit before tax	943	1,044
Funds from operating activities Tax paid	(209)	(251)
Net funds generated from operating activities	734	793
Net movement in intercompany balances	<u>734</u>	793

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	S			
	As at		As at	
	31 March No. 000	£ 000	1 Apri No. 000	£ 000
	110. 000	2 000	710. 000	2000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2
9 Related party transactions				
Income and receivables from related pa	rties			
Theome and receivables from related pa	ities			Other related
				parties
2018				£ 000
Interest charge to related party Amounts receivable from related party				943 168
Amounts receivable from related party				100
				Other related
2017				parties £ 000
Interest charge to related party				1,044
Amounts receivable from related party				112
Expenditure with and payables to relate 2018 Amounts payable to related party	ed parties			Other related parties £ 000
			-	Other related
2017 Amounts payable to related party			=	Other related parties £ 000
Loans to related parties				Other related parties
2018				£ 000
At start of year				159,277
Tax paid by Parent				(252)
Interest charged				872
At end of year				159,897
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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2017	Other related parties £ 000
At start of year	158,384
Tax paid by Parent	(250)
Interest charged	1,143
At end of year	159,277

Terms of loans to related parties

As at 31 March 2018 the £159,897,000 (last year £159,277,000) loans to other Group undertakings are interest bearing. The current payable of £54,000 (last year £113,000) is non interest bearing. Overall, the interest received during the year was £872,000 (last year £1,143,000). Interest rates are set within individual loan agreements; currently at 1% + LIBOR for the loan from one related party and base +1% for the loan from another related party. A 2% increase/decrease in the interest rate of the loan from another Group undertaking would result in a loss/gain of £3,198,000 in the income statement, before tax.

10 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent is Marks and Spencer (Nederland) B.V.

The ultimate parent is Marks and Spencer Group plc.

The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements is Marks and Spencer Group plc. These financial statements are available upon request from the Company Secretary or are available on the website www.marksandspencer.com/thecompany.

Relationship between entity and parents

The parent of the largest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Marks and Spencer Group plc, incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The address of Marks and Spencer Group plc is:

Waterside House, 35 North Wharf Road, London W2 1NW.

The parent of the smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Marks and Spencer (Nederland) B.V., incorporated in Netherlands.

The address of Marks and Spencer (Nederland) B.V. is:

Prins Bernhardplein 200, 1097 JB, Amsterdam, Netherlands.