Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

Company Number: 04 884126

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Beaux Lane House Mercer Street Lower Dublin 2 Ireland

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Directors and other information

Director	Frank Walker
Secretary	Taylor Wessing Secretaries Limited
Company number	04884126
Registered office	5 New Street Square London EC4A 3TW United Kingdom
Auditors	BDO Statutory Auditor Beaux Lane House Mercer Street Lower Dublin 2
Bankers	Bank of Ireland Bow Bells House 1 Bread Street London EC4M 9BE United Kingdom
Solicitors	Taylor Wessing LLP 5 New Street Square London EC4A 3TW United Kingdom

Directors' Report

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

Principal activity, business review, future developments and going concern

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company.

The company received notification from the bank that the loans and related security of it's subsidiary were transferred to the National Asset Management Agency ("NAMA") during 2010. A detailed business plan was submitted to NAMA in April 2011 which assumes that the loan facilities will remain in place. As a result of the above matters, the company will be dependent on the financial support of NAMA, to enable the company to meet its obligations for at least twelve months from the date of the approval of these financial statements.

The company's future operating performance will continue to be affected by the economic, financial and business conditions, many of which are beyond the company's control.

The directors have concluded that the above factors represent a material uncertainty. Failure of the company's subsidiary's bankers to provide financial support may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern and it may therefore be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Nevertheless, having discussed the basis of preparation, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

It is on this basis that the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account and balance sheet for the year ended 31 December 2012 are set out on pages 7 and 8 respectively.

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is a holding company and is funded with loans from other group companies. The principal risk it faces is the ongoing willingness and ability of other group companies to provide funding as necessary.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

Political contributions

There were no political contributions during the year (2011: £nil).

Directors' Report

Directors and secretary and their interests

Beneficial interest of the directors in the called up share capital of the company during the year was as follows:

Ordinary shares 2012 2011

Frank Walker

No director had an interest, otherwise than through the company, in the share capital of the company during or at the end of the year.

No director had at any time during the year a material interest in any contract of significance, subsisting during or at the end of the year, in relation to the business of the company.

There were no changes in shareholding between 31 December 2012 and the date of approval of the financial statements.

Auditors

BDO are deemed to be reappointed under Section 487(2) of the Companies Act, 2006.

Small Companies exemptions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Registered office

The registered office is 5 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3TW, United Kingdom.

On behalf of the Board

Frank Walker

Director

Date: 4 June 2014

Statement of Directors' Responsibilties

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that year. In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

On behalf of the Board

Frank Walker Director

Date: 4 June 2014



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Independent auditors' report to the members of Markland Supermarkets Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Markland Supermarkets Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 on pages 7 to 13 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Movement in Shareholders' Funds and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Sections 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 4, the directors' are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2012, and of the results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Other Offices:

Four Michael Street Limerick Katharine Byrne Maurice Carr Michael Costello Kevin Doyle John Gilmor Gavin

Chartered Accountants

Jim Hamilton Sinead Heaney Diarmuid Hendrick Liam Hession Gerard Holliday Ken Kilmartin Teresa Morahan Paul Nestor John O'Callaghan Con Quigley Page 5

Derry Gray (Managing Partner)
Peter Carroll
Eddie Doyle
Stewart Dunne
Ivor Feerick
Alan Flynn
Brian Gartlan
David Giles
Denis Herlihv

David McCormick Brian McEnery Evin McLoughlin Ciarán Medlar David O'Connor Michelle O'Keefe Peter O'Neill Patrick Sheehan Noel Taylor



Independent auditors' report to the members of Markland Supermarkets Limited (continued)

Emphasis of matter - Going concern

In forming our opinion, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in notes 1.1 and 4 to the financial statements concerning the valuation of the company's subsidiary undertaking and going concern.

At 31 December 2012, the carrying value of the company's subsidiary undertaking was £8,932,000.

As set out in note 1.1 there is a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. This matter includes the continued availability of loan facilities which have been transferred to NAMA. While the ultimate outcome of this matter cannot be assessed with certainty, the directors, having regard to the current status of communications with NAMA are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Michael Costello (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of BDO, Statutory Auditor

Dublin, Ireland.

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Date: 4 June 2014

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
Administrative expenses		(3,134)	(3,507)
Operating loss	2	(3,134)	(3,507)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(3,134)	(3,507)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	-	-
Retained loss for the year		(3,134)	(3,507)

The results arise from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the results shown above.

The notes on pages 9 - 13 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised and approved for issue by the board on 4 June 2014.

Frank Walker

Director

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Investments	4	8,932,000	8,932,000
Current assets	·		
Debtors	5	577	580
		577	580
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(8,923,500)	(8,920,369)
Net current liabilities		(8,922,923)	(8,919,789)
Total assets less current liabilities		9,077	12,211
Net assets		9,077	12,211
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	2	2
Profit and loss account	8	9,075	12,209
Shareholders' funds	9	9,077	12,211

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages 9 - 13 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised and approved for issue by the board on 4 June 2014.

Frank Walker

Director

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Basis of preparation and Going Concern

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis and under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment property and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards and the Companies Act, 2006. Accounting Standards generally accepted in the United Kingdom in preparing financial statements giving a true and fair view are those published by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in the United Kingdom and issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

There is a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. This matter includes the continued availability of loan facilities to the company which have been transferred to NAMA during 2010. While the ultimate outcome of this matter cannot be assessed with certainty, the directors, having regard to the current status of communications with NAMA are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

1.2. Cash flow statement

The company meets the size criteria for a small company set by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 1986 and therefore, in accordance with FRS 1: Cash flow statements, it has not prepared a cash flow statement.

1.3. Taxation

Current tax, including UK Corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

1.4. Foreign currencies

The financial statements are expressed in Pounds Sterling (£), the functional currency. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date and revenues, costs and non monetary assets at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction date.

Profits and losses arising from foreign currency translations and on settlement of amounts receivable and payable in foreign currency are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

Where there are related forward contracts in respect of assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies, the rates specified in those contracts have been used at the balance sheet date to translate those items to Pounds Sterling.

1.5. Investments

Investments are stated at cost, less any provisions for diminution in value.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Operating loss	2012 £	2011 £
Operating loss is stated after charging:		
Auditors' remuneration	1,000	1,000
(Profit) on foreign currencies	(171)	(129)
Taxation	2012 £	2011 £
Current year taxation	_	
Corporation tax		
The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation explained below.	tax. The diffe	erences are
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(3,134)	(3,507)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at the average rate		
of corporation tax for the year 24.51% (2010 28%)	(768)	(929)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	392	-
Group relief surrendered	376	929
	Operating loss is stated after charging: Auditors' remuneration and after crediting: (Profit) on foreign currencies Taxation Current year taxation Corporation tax The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation explained below. Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax on loss on ordinary activities at the average rate of corporation tax for the year 24.51% (2010 28%) Effects of:	Auditors' remuneration and after crediting: (Profit) on foreign currencies (171) Taxation 2012 Current year taxation Corporation tax

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

4.	Investments				Subsidiary undertaking £
	Cost At 31 December 2012 an	d 31 December 2011		Ξ	8,932,000
	Name and registered office	Country of incorporation	Details of investment	Proportion held	Principal activity
	Markland Hersham Properties Limited	United Kingdom	8,624,002 ordinary £1 shares	100%	Property rental
	In the opinion, of the direct which they are stated Hersham Properties Limit	in the balance sheet.	As at 31 December 20		
5.	Debtors			201	2011 £ £
	Other debtors			57	580
6.	Creditors: amounts fall	ing due within one y	/ear	201	12 2011 £ £
	Amounts owed to group Accruals and deferred inc)	8,923,43 8,923,50	1,000
					= ===
7.	Share capital			20	12 2011 £ £
	Allotted, called up and 2 Ordinary shares of £1 e				2 2

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

8.	Reserves	Profit and loss account £	Total £
	At 1 January 2012	12,209	12,209
	Loss for the year	(3,134)	(3,134)
	At 31 December 2012	9,075	9,075
9.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2012 £	2011 £
	Loss for the year	(3,134)	(3,507)
	Opening shareholders' funds	12,211	15,718
	Closing shareholders' funds	9,077	12,211

10. Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of the group headed by Markland Holdings Limited, the company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 8 "Related Party Transactions" to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Markland Holdings Limited on the grounds that the accounts are publicly available from the Companies Registration Office, Parnell House, 14 Parnell Square, Dublin 1, Republic of Ireland.

11. Ultimate parent undertaking

Markland Supermarkets Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Markland Holdings (UK) Limited, registered at 5 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3TW, United Kingdom.

The ultimate controlling party is Markland Holdings Limited, a company registered in the Republic of Ireland.

The largest and smallest group of undertaking for which group accounts have been drawn up is headed by Markland Holdings Limited, a company registered in the Republic of Ireland.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Markland Holdings Limited are available from Companies Registration Office, Parnell House, 14 Parnell Square, Dublin 1, Republic of Ireland.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

12. Contingent liabilities

The company, together with other group companies, has provided a number of unlimited guarantees in order to secure the borrowing of group companies. Some of the fellow group companies' outstanding loans have been transferred to the National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) Treasury Buildings, Grand Canal Street, Dublin 2, Ireland through the "associated loans" rule. This may increase the risk of the guarantees the company has provided being called upon.

13. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were authorised and approved for issue by the board on 4 June 2014.