

Company Information

Directors M Zieleznik

R Zieleznik

Secretary M Zieleznik

Company number 04877654

Registered office Devonshire House

60 Goswell Road

London EC1M 7AD

Accountants Moore Kingston Smith LLP

Devonshire House 60 Goswell Road

London EC1M 7AD

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Balance Sheet

As at 31 October 2019

		2019)	2018	2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Current assets						
Debtors	4	184		-		
Cash at bank and in hand		1,584		175		
		1,768		175		
Creditors: amounts falling due within						
one year	5	(24,631)		(19,444)		
			(00.000)		(40.000)	
Net current liabilities			(22,863)		(19,269)	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	6		100		100	
Profit and loss reserves			(22,963)		(19,369)	
Total equity			(22,863)		(19,269)	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 October 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

M Zieleznik

Director

Company Registration No. 04877654

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 October 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

RMZ Property Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Devonshire House, 60 Goswell Road, London, EC1M 7AD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

As at the balance sheet date the company had net liabilities of £22,407 (2018: £19,269). It is the view of the directors that based on future financial and cashflow projections that the company will continue to trade for at least 12 months from the signing of the accounts and as such the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fancy dress hire

33.33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company only has basic financial instruments recorded at amortised cost. The company has no financial instruments classified as other or basic financial instruments measured at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 October 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2018: 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 October 2019

3	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and mad	chinery etc £
	Cost		
	At 1 November 2018 and 31 October 2019		3,171
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 November 2018 and 31 October 2019		3,171
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 October 2019		-
	At 31 October 2018		===
	At 31 October 2016		
4	Debtors	2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Other debtors	184	
	Cities debiols	===	
_	.		
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	456	444
	Other taxation and social security	-	42
	Other creditors	24,175	18,958
		24,631	19,444
c	Colled up above equital		
6	Called up share capital	2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100
		100	100

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 October 2019

7 Events after the reporting date

The directors are closely monitoring the impact of COVID-19 on the company's ability to continue to trade and action will be taken if required. The directors will regularly review the position moving forward, but because of the nature of the company's activities the directors do not consider that there will be any significant effect on the ability of the company to continue in business and meet its liabilities as they fall due.

8 Related party transactions

Included within other creditors is £20,413 (2018: £15,304) owed to M and R Zieleznik, directors of the company. No interest was paid on the directors' loan account during the year (2018: £nil). The maximum overdrawn loan account in the year was £nil (2018: £nil).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.