Registration number: 04856217

Skyron Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

CLC Accountants & Business Advisors Ltd 32 - 36 Chorley New Road Bolton Lancashire BL1 4AP

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Company Information

Directors Mr Mark Andrew Wheeldin

Mr Martin David Bell Mr Gareth Jason Phillips

Registered office The Bradshaw Suite

Paragon Business Park Chorley New Road

Bolton BL6 6HG

Accountants CLC Accountants & Business Advisors Ltd

32 - 36 Chorley New Road

Bolton Lancashire BL1 4AP

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(Registration number: 04856217) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	18,377	20,799
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	141,006	224,863
Debtors		95,146	95,172
Cash at bank and in hand		106,654	97,498
		342,806	417,533
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(216,522)	(275,106)
Net current assets		126,284	142,427
Total assets less current liabilities		144,661	163,226
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		-	(7,806)
Provisions for liabilities		(2,858)	(4,174)
Net assets		141,803	151,246
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	1,117	1,117
Share premium reserve		20,615	20,615
Capital redemption reserve		(57,410)	(57,410)
Profit and loss account		177,481	186,924
Total equity	_	141,803	151,246

For the financial year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 04856217) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018 (continued)

Approved and authorised by the Board on 27 September	2019 and signed on its behalf by:
Mr Gareth Jason Phillips Director	
The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an in	ntegral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The Bradshaw Suite Paragon Business Park Chorley New Road Bolton BL6 6HG

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 27 September 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment

15% Reducing Balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Goodwill

Amortisation method and rate

10% Straight Line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2017 - 9).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2018	110,000	110,000
At 31 December 2018	110,000	110,000
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2018	110,000	110,000
At 31 December 2018	110,000	110,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2018		

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2018	63,764	63,764
Additions	5,085	5,085
Disposals	(6,122)	(6,122)
At 31 December 2018	62,727	62,727
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2018	42,965	42,965
Charge for the year	3,245	3,245
Eliminated on disposal	(1,860)	(1,860)
At 31 December 2018	44,350	44,350
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2018	18,377	18,377
At 31 December 2017	20,799	20,799

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018 (continued)

6 Stocks				
			2018	2017
			£	£
Work in progress		_	141,006	224,863
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary C of £0.01 each	40,000	400.00	40,000	400.00
Ordinary D of £0.01 each	42,454	424.54	42,454	424.54
Ordinary E of £0.01 each	29,246	292.46	29,246	292.46
	111,700	1,117	111,700	1,117
8 Loans and borrowings				
J			2018	2017
			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings		_		7,806
			2018	2017
			£	£
Current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings			7,806	22,358

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.

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