FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2015

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STRATEGIC REPORT

for the year ended 31 March 2015

BUSINESS REVIEW AND MATTERS OF STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE

The financial results for the year are a reflection of the trading conditions prevailing in the care home industry. With the support of the new parent company, the Directors are confident that the results will improve in the future.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Like all businesses the company faces a number of operating risks and uncertainties. There are a number of risks that could impact on the company's long-term performance and steps are taken to understand and evaluate these.

The most fundamental risks faced by the company are:-

- if the company fails to comply with regulation, regulatory action could include, among other penalties, the revocation of a care homes licence to operate.
- the company could suffer serious negative publicity if a serious incident was to occur at one of the care homes.
- if the average weekly fee increases do not at least rise in line with costs.
- if the company fails to attract and retain nursing and other qualified staff, it may be unable to provide residents with the quality nursing care and may have to reduce the number of beds in its care homes.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's main financial risks are related to its borrowings. The company's principal financial instruments comprise loans and cash as well as various items that arise directly from its operations, including trade debtors and trade creditors.

The directors monitor the overall level of borrowings and interest costs to limit any adverse effects on the financial performance of the company.

The credit risk attributable to trade debtors is minimal as the majority of fees are paid by local authorities and the incidence of bad debt on private fee payers is minimal.

On behalf of the board

M C Glowasky

Director

1

Executive Health Care Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and financial statements of Executive Health Care Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year was the establishment and running of care homes.

RESULTS AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The trading results for the year and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached statements. The company's profit before taxation was £153,886 (2014: £63,276).

The directors consider this performance and the future outlook for the company to be satisfactory.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

D M Harrison S Harrison M Glowasky

S Harrison resigned as a director on 3 February 2015. M C Glowasky was appointed as a director on 3 February 2015. D M Harrison resigned as a director on 30 June 2015.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

AUDITOR

The auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP (formerly Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP), is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

M C Glowasky

29/12/15

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE HEALTH CARE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 12. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;

CLAIRE LEECE (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of RSM UK AUDIT LLP (formerly BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP), Statutory Auditor 1 St James' Gate

1 St James' Gate

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 4AD

31 December 2015

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
TURNOVER	1	1,342,606	1,329,884
Cost of sales		(907,443)	(826,586)
Gross profit		435,163	503,298
Administrative expenses Other operating income	2	(280,110) 734	(260,728) 645
OPERATING PROFIT	3	155,787	243,215
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(1,901)	(179,939)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		153,886	63,276
Taxation	6	(10,671)	6,723
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	15	143,215	69,999

The profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2015

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
EIVED ACCETS			
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	7	4,274,263	4,263,221
Tanglore assets	,	4,274,203	4,203,221
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	630,705	720,850
Cash at bank and in hand		75,467	607
		706,172	721,457
CREDITORS			. – . , . – .
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(175,125)	(186,078)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		531,047	535,379
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,805,310	4,798,600
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(4,738,920)	(4,886,096)
PROJUCIO IS DODINI DEL COMP		•	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	11	(119,900)	(109,229)
		(53,510)	(196,725)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•		
Called up share capital	14	100	100
Profit and loss account	15	(53,610)	(196,825)
DEFICIT	16	(53,510)	(196,725)

The financial statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on their behalf by:

MC Glowasky Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised)' to present a cash flow statement because the immediate parent company Crossco (1332) Limited has group financial statements that are publicly available.

GOING CONCERN

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. During the year, the group has changed funders and the new funder has confirmed to the directors its intention to continue to support the company for the foreseeable future.

The directors have prepared forecasts, which show the group's operating cash flows to be sufficient to fund the group's existing working capital requirements, with the intended support of the funder. Consequently the directors believe that it is appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

TURNOVER

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced for services provided during period.

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost net of any provision for impairment.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of a tangible fixed asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

10 - 15% straight line

Computer equipment

25% straight line

No depreciation is provided on freehold property. In the opinion of the directors the residual value would be sufficiently high to make any depreciation charge in the current or prior period immaterial, which is supported by an impairment review.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2015

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The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK.

2 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2015	2014
	£	£
Other operating income	734	645

3 OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	-	-
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	4,970
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	7,783	11,749
Auditors' remuneration	1,385	1,628

4 PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

5

The average monthly number of persons (including the directors) employed by the company during the financial period was:

	2015	2014
	No	No
Mamaganial	140	
Managerial	-	2
Operational staff	78	67
	78	69
		
Staff costs for the above persons:		
	2015	2014
	£	£
Wages and salaries	793,077	725,464
Social security costs	40,968	34,257
Social security costs		
	834,045	759,721
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2015	2014
	£	£
On bank loans and overdrafts	1,057	55,049
Other interest and similar charges	844	124,890

179,939

1,901

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2015

6 TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge/(credit) in the year

Deferred tax:	2015	2014
Origination and reversal of timing differences	10,671	(6,723)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	10,671	(6,723)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the period is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21.00% (2014 - 23.00%), as explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2015 £ 153,886	2014 £ 63,276
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	32,316	14,553
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Income not taxable for tax purposes Group relief claimed	399 (11,629) (896) (20,190)	3 (9,661) - (4,895)
Total current tax charge (note 6(a))	<u> </u>	

The company's tax charge for the year has been reduced by £20,190 (2014:£4,895) because of losses surrendered by fellow group undertakings. No payment for this surrender is to be made by the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The bank overdrafts are secured on the company's assets.

for the year ended 31 March 2015

7	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		_	
		Freehold land and buildings	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2014 Additions	4,241,715	50,010 18,825	4,291,725 18,825
	At 31 March 2015	4,241,715	68,835	4,310,550
	Depreciation At 1 April 2014 Charge for the year	-	28,504 7,783	28,504 7,783
	At 31 March 2015	_	36,287	36,287
	Net book value At 31 March 2015	4,241,715	32,548	4,274,263
	At 31 March 2014	4,241,715	21,506	4,263,221
8	DEBTORS		2015	2014
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors		98,303 514,297 18,105 630,705	72,102 629,908 18,840 720,850
	Amounts due from group undertakings are due after more	than one year.		
9	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year			
-	Bank overdraft		2015 £	2014 £ 42,353
	Trade creditors Other taxation and social security costs		47,278 10,947	21,617 8,366
	Other creditors Group relief payable (note 13)		108,287 8,613	105,129 8,613
			175,125	186,078
	The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling	due within one year	are secured by t	he company:
	_	-	2015	2014
	Bank overdraft		£ 	£ 42,353

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2015

10 CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2015	2014
	£	£
Amounts owed to immediate parent undertaking	2,982,778	2,977,491
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,756,142	1,908,605
	4,738,920	4,886,096

11 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Deferred taxation £
Balance brought forward Charge for the year	109,229 10,671
Balance carried forward	119,900

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

2015	2014
£	£
123,630	112,959
(3,730)	(3,730)
119,900	109,229
	123,630 (3,730)

12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is subject to an unlimited cross guarantee with Aspenframe Limited, Eagle View Care Home Limited, System Cycle Limited, Salco Homes Limited and Bramble Lodge Care Home Limited. The total borrowings of these companies at the balance sheet date was £nil (2014: £2,971,026).

13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under FRS 8, 'Related Party Disclosures', the company is exempt from the requirements to provide details of transactions with other members of the group headed by Crossco (1332) Limited.

Included within amounts owed by group undertakings are the following balances:

mended within uncounts owed by group undertakings are the following cultables.	
	2015
	£
Butterfly Group Healthcare Limited	726
Primrose Care Home Limited	7,239
Windmill Hills Care Home Limited	58,878
Regency Guest Services Limited	44,757
Sovereign Guest Services Limited	20,568
Northwind Leisure Limited	218,100
Included within group relief payable is the following balance:	
	2015
	£
Bramble Lodge Care Homes Limited	8,613
-	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 2015

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15

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RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings are the following balance	es:	
		2015
		£
Express Care Limited		19,050
Express Care (Guest Services) Limited Dolphin Property Company Limited		6,195 567,911
Hillcrest Care Homes Limited		4,914
Quarter Care Limited		140,000
Quality Care Edition		
SHARE CAPITAL		
	2015	2014
AH 1 H 1 1 CH 11	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
100 Ordinary snares of £1 each	100	100
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
	2015	2014
	£	£
At the beginning of the year	(196,825)	(266,824)
Profit for the financial year	143,215	69,999
At the end of the year	(53,610)	(196,825)
		<u></u>
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
	2015	2015
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	143,215	69,999

17 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

Opening shareholders' deficit

Closing shareholders' deficit

The company's immediate parent company is System Cycle Limited. The immediate parent of System Cycle Limited is Crossco (1332) Limited, a company incorporated in the UK, following the acquisition of shares from Executive Care Group Limited (in a share for share exchange) on 15 October 2013.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking was Executive Care Group Limited. Executive Care Group Limited went into administration on 26 November 2014. On the same date the share capital of the company was acquired by Butterfly Group Healthcare Limited (formerly Conduit Street Holdings 1 Limited). At the date of signing the accounts, the directors consider that the company is controlled by Monarch Master Funding 1 (Luxembourg) Sarl, a company registered in Luxembourg. In the opinion of the directors there is no other ultimate controlling party.

(266,724)

(196,725)

(196,725)

(53,510)