4848576

# A & J MUCKLOW (HALESOWEN) LTD REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011** 

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**DIRECTORS** 

Rupert J Mucklow BSc D J Parker BSc MRICS D Wooldridge FCCA ACIS

**SECRETARY** 

D Wooldridge FCCA ACIS

REGISTERED OFFICE

60 Whitehall Road

Halesowen West Midlands

B63 3JS

**REGISTERED NUMBER** 

04848576 England and Wales

**AUDITOR** 

Deloitte LLP Birmingham

# **REPORT AND ACCOUNTS - 30 JUNE 2011**

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#### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

The Directors submit their Report and the Audited Accounts of the company for the period to 30 June 2011

#### **ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the ultimate parent company A & J Mucklow Group plc registered number 00717658 in England and Wales

The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY**

In September 2006 the company acquired a property in Birmingham, West Midlands for £8 9m, which is being marketed for development into an industrial property for retention as an investment property. The principal activity of the company is that of property investment

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The financial position of the company at 30 June 2011 is considered to be satisfactory. No dividends have been paid in the year and none have been paid since the year end

#### **CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION**

During the year the parent company made capital contributions of £nil (2010 £544,900) to fund the Company's working capital requirements. Since the year end the company received no further capital contributions

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The going concern risks are mitigated by the receipt of ongoing support from A & J Mucklow Group plc as evidenced by a non-binding letter of financial support received from the company. This support will enable A & J Mucklow (Halesowen) Limited to pay its debts as and when they fall due and is provided for a period of not less than twelve months from the date the Directors' Report is signed, for the accounts for the period ending 30 June 2011

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors who served throughout the period were Rupert J Mucklow, D Justin Parker and David Wooldridge

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

# **DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE**

During the year the Company purchased and maintained liability insurance for its directors and officers as permitted by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR**

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- l so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- 2 the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006

### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte LLP will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the Board of Directors on 22 November 2011

and signed on their behalf by
David Wooldridge

Company Secretary

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF A & J MUCKLOW (HALESOWEN) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of A & J Mucklow (Halesowen) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds and the related notes 1 to 14

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2011 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF A & J MUCKLOW (HALESOWEN) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report

Jonathan Jodhwal

Jonathan Dodworth (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Birmingham, United Kingdom

22 November 2011

A & J Mucklow (Halesowen) Limited – Registration number 04848576

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

		2011	2010
	Note	£	£
Gross rentals		12,616	48,213
Property outgoings		(4,386)	(830)
Net rental income		8,230	47,383
Administrative expenses		(63,980)	(55,898)
Operating loss	2	(55,750)	(8,515)
Deficit on revaluation of development properties		-	(3,105)
Loss on ordinary activities before interest		(55,750)	(11,620)
Interest receivable and similar income	4	443	443
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(2,351)	(117)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(57,658)	(11,294)
Taxation	6	-	1,643
Loss for the financial year		(57,658)	(9,651)

All activities derive from continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than as stated in the profit and loss account Accordingly no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented

# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2011**

	NOTE	<b>2011</b>	2010 £
Fixed assets	NOTE	£	r
Tangible fixed assets	8	6,000,000	6,000,000
Current assets			
Debtors	9	-	1,899
Cash at bank and in hand		426,375	425,932
		426,375	427,831
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	10	(125,149)	(68,947)
Net current assets		301,226	358,884
Total assets less current liabilities		6,301,226	6,358,884
Net assets		6,301,226	6,358,884
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	1	1
Profit and loss account	12	6 301,225	6,358,883
Shareholders' funds		6,301,226	6,358,884

The financial statements of A & J Mucklow (Halesowen) Ltd, registered number 4848576, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 November 2011

Rupert J Mucklow

David Wooldridge

Directors

# RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

	2011	2010
Loss for the financial year	£ (57,658)	£ (9,651)
Dividends (note 7)	<del>-</del> _	(92,890)
Retained loss for the financial year	(57,658)	(102,541)
Capital contributions	-	544,900
Net (decrease)/increase in shareholders' funds	(57,658)	442,359
Opening shareholders' funds at 1 July	6,358,884	5,916,525
Closing shareholders' funds at 30 June	6,301,226	6,358,884

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30 JUNE 2011

#### 1) Accounting policies

#### a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of properties and in accordance with all applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, except that, as explained below, capital grants received relating to properties are deducted from the cost of the property, rather than being amortised to the profit and loss account. The financial statements are in compliance with the Companies Act 2006 except that, as explained below, investment properties are not depreciated.

All accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis, for the reasons set out in the going concern section within the directors' report

#### b) Rental income

Gross rental income represents rents receivable for the year Rent increases arising from rent reviews due during the year are taken into account only to the extent that such reviews have been agreed with tenants at the accounting date

Lease incentives are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period to the earlier of the next break date or the lease end

All rental income arises in the UK

#### c) Profits on the sale of properties

Profits on the sale of properties are taken into account on the completion of contracts Profits or losses arising from the sale of properties are calculated by reference to book value and treated as exceptional items

#### d) Cost of properties

An amount equivalent to the net development outgoings, including interest, attributable to properties held for development is added to the cost of such properties. A property is regarded as being in the course of development until Practical Completion

Interest associated with direct expenditure on investment properties which are undergoing development or major refurbishment and development properties is capitalised. Direct expenditure includes the purchase cost of a site or property for development properties, but does not include the original book cost of investment property under development or refurbishment. Interest is capitalised gross from the start of the development work until the date of practical completion, but is suspended if there are prolonged periods when development activity is interrupted. The rate used is the rate on specific associated borrowings or, for that part of the development costs financed out of general funds, the average rate

#### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)**

30 JUNE 2011

#### 1) Accounting policies (continued)

#### e) Valuation of properties

Investment properties held for the long term are valued at the balance sheet date at market value Surpluses and deficits attributable to the company arising from revaluation are taken to revaluation reserve

Properties under development, which were not previously classified as investment properties, are valued at market value until practical completion, when they are transferred to investment properties. Valuation surpluses and deficits attributable to properties under development are taken to revaluation reserve. Where the valuation is below historic cost, the deficit is recognised in profit and loss.

#### f) <u>Depreciation</u>

In accordance with the Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19 "Accounting for investment properties" no depreciation is provided in respect of freehold or leasehold properties with over 20 years to expiry. This is a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 which requires all properties to be depreciated. Such properties are not held for consumption but for investment and the directors consider that to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one amongst many factors reflected in the annual valuation of properties and accordingly the amount of depreciation which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified. The directors consider that this policy results in the accounts giving a true and fair view.

#### g) <u>Taxation</u>

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income and expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except for items that are reflected directly in reserves, where the tax is also recognised in reserves

#### **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)**

30 JUNE 2011

#### 1) Accounting policies (continued)

### h) <u>Deferred taxation</u>

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no binding contract to dispose of these assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### i) Cash flow statement

The directors have taken the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised) from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of A & J Mucklow Group plc which itself has prepared a consolidated cash flow statement incorporating the Company

#### 2) Operating loss

a)	Is stated after crediting	<b>2011</b> £	2010 £
Ren	t from land and buildings (net of outgoings)	8,230	47,383
b)	All audit costs are borne by A & J Mucklow (Investments) Lim Mucklow (Investments) Limited on behalf of the company are		rred by A & J
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	1,250	1,500

# **NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)**

30 JUNE 2011

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3)	Information	regarding	directors	and	employees	3

Are members of a money purchase pension scheme

Emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	12,920 1,695	12,357 889
company contributions to money purchase pension senemes	14,615	13,246
The number of directors who:	Number	Number

The directors are paid by another group company and the figures given above represent the allocation of the total cost for their services to A & J Mucklow & (Halesowen) Limited

The average number of persons (directors) employed by the company during the year was as follows

		2011	2010
		No	No
	Management	3	3
4)	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Interest on short term deposit	443	443
5)	Interest payable and similar charges		
	<del></del>	2011	2010
		£	£
	Intercompany interest	2,351	117

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

30 JUNE 2011

6)	<b>Taxation</b>	2011 £	<b>20010</b> £
	(a) Analysis of tax credit in period		
	Current tax		
	UK Corporation tax on loss for the year	-	(1,643)
	Total current tax – see 6 (b)		(1,643)
	Tax on ordinary activities		(1,643)
	(b) Factors affecting tax charge in period		
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(57,658)	(11,294)
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard		
	rate of UK Corporation tax of 27 5% (2010 28%)	(15,856)	(3,162)
	REIT exempt income & gains	15,856	1,519
	Current tax credit for the year – see note 6 (a)	-	(1,643)

#### (c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

A & J Mucklow Group plc, the ultimate holding company, became a Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) on 1 July 2007 Under the REIT regime properties which are developed and then sold within three years do not benefit from the tax exemption provided to a REIT No deferred tax has been provided in respect of this potential tax liability as the Group, of which A & J Mucklow (Halesowen) Ltd is a member, has no current plans to dispose of the development properties

Legislation reducing the main rate of corporation tax from 28% to 26% with effect from 1 April 2011 was substantively enacted on 29 March 2011 Accordingly, the current year tax charge has been provided for at an effective rate of 27 5% and the closing deferred tax asset has been provided for at a rate of 26% in these financial statements

An additional reduction in the main rate of corporation tax from 26% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2012 was enacted within Finance Act 2011 on 5 July 2011. As this reduction was not substantively enacted by the balance sheet date, its effect has not been reflected in these financial statements. Further reductions in the main rate of corporation tax of 1% per annum to 23% by 1 April 2014 have been announced by the Government but have not yet been substantively enacted, therefore their effect has not been reflected in these financial statements.

7)	<u>Dividends</u>	<b>2011</b> £	2010 £
	Interim dividends for the year ended 30 June 2011 of £nil (2010 £92,890) per share	-	92,890

#### NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

**30 JUNE 2011** 

# 8) <u>Tangible fixed assets</u>

Development properties

At 1 July 2010 and 30 June 2011 at valuation

6,000,000

The freehold property was revalued on 30 June 2011 on a market basis by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung professionally qualified external valuers in accordance with the RICS appraisal and valuation standards published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors

Interest of £N<sub>1</sub>I was capitalised in 2011 (2010 £N<sub>1</sub>I) The total amount of interest capitalised included in the freehold property is £865,711 (2010 £865,711)

On a historical cost basis the property which have been revalued would be stated at the following amounts.

		2011	2010
		£	£
	Freehold	11,084,046	11,084,046
•			
9)	Debtors: Amounts due within one year		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	VAT debtor		1,899
			1,899
10)	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2011	2010
		£	£
	Deferred income in respect of rent and insurance	7,920	12,603
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	115,249	56,220
	Corporation tax	, <u>.</u>	124
	VAT creditor	1,980	-
		125,149	68,947

NOT	ES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)	3	<u> 10 JUNE 2011</u>
11)	Share capital	<b>2011</b> £	2010 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	~	~
	1 Ordinary Share of £1 each	1	1
12)	Reserves		Profit and
			loss account
	At 1 July 2010		£ 6,358,883
	Loss for the financial year		(57,658)
	At 30 June 2011		6,301,225

### 13) Contingent liabilities

HSBC Bank plc hold interlocking cross guarantees and a legal charge over certain freehold properties of this company in respect of the Group's overdraft and loan facilities. Across the Group companies, there were outstanding liabilities of £44.5m (2010, £26.0m) under these guarantees at the year end

#### 14) Ultimate parent company and related party disclosures

The immediate and ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is A & J Mucklow Group plc, a company registered in England and Wales Copies of the group financial statements of A & J Mucklow Group plc are available from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary it has taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other companies in the Group