COMPANIES HOUSE

JSSC Financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2009

O Grant Thornton

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17/09/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE 395

Charity nos 107141 SC 38928 Company no 4826715

Company information

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

A Charitable Company Limited by Guarantee

Company registration number:

4826715

Charity registration numbers:

1107141 SC38928

Registered office:

Centre Court Atlas Way SHEFFIELD S4 7QQ

Chief executive:

Alan Woods

Senior management team

Chief Executive (Alan Woods)

Director of Finance & Resources (Rachael Nevins)
Director of Research & Development (Lesley Dunlop)
Director of Policy & Communications (Felicity Winter)

Director of Operations (Amanda Ryalls)

Trustees and directors:

John Randall (Chair)

Robin Wilkinson (Vice Chair)

Ken Gilliver Gill Henson Walter MacGowan Frances Mannsaker Michael Selby Joe Stewart Vic Hogg David Reardon Angela O'Connor William McKinlay Alison Schofield John Cooke Peter Fahy David Wood Paul McKeever Ian Latimer Nicholas McCarthy Shona Dunn Steve McGuirk

2

JSSC

Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

Company information

Secretary:

Timothy Statham

Bankers:

NatWest 42 High Street SHEFFIELD S1 1QG

Solicitors:

Taylor and Emmet 20 Arundel Gate SHEFFIELD S1 2PP

Auditors:

Grant Thornton UK LLP Registered Auditors Chartered Accountants 2 Broadfield Court SHEFFIELD S8 0XF

Index to the financial statements

| Report of the trustees | 1 - 6 |
|--|---------|
| Report of the independent auditor | 7 - 8 |
| Principal accounting policies | 9 - 10 |
| Statement of financial activities (incorporating the income and expenditure account) | 11 |
| Balance sheet | 12 |
| Cash flow statement | 13 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 14 - 21 |

JSSC Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

Report of the trustees

The trustees present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009.

Directors

A schedule of directors and trustees who served during the year is included in the company information at the front of this report.

Structure, Governance and Management

JSSC (trading as Skills for Justice) is a company limited by guarantee with a Memorandum and Articles of Association. It became a registered charity on 7 December 2004 in England and Wales and in Scotland on 13 November 2007.

Trustees are drawn from throughout the Justice sector, representing the interests of those parts of the sector, as well as the organisation as a whole. They are appointed by a nominations committee. Board members are advised of their responsibilities as a trustee on appointment and are kept advised and updated on any changes in responsibilities that come into force during the year. There is a programme of training in place for trustees.

The Board and its committees set the strategic direction of the organisation and monitor progress against its plans. The Board meets formally four times a year and informally once a year at a Board Away Day. The Board has 3 Sub-Committees which report to it:

- Nominations Committee making recommendations in relation to Board appointments
- Finance and Audit Committee ensuring management maintains adequate internal controls; reviewing the work carried out by the external auditors and internal audit work; and reviewing the Financial Plan and
- Remuneration Committee advising on annual pay reviews for the Chair, Chief Executive and senior staff

In addition, Country Groups for each of the countries of Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland also report to the Board. Occupational Committees have been established relating to the main occupations in the Justice Sector.

Day to day management is delegated to a senior management team, consisting of the Chief Executive (Alan Woods), Director of Research & Development (Lesley Dunlop), Director of Policy & Communications (Felicity Winter), Director of Operations (Amanda Ryalls) and Director of Finance & Resources (Rachael Nevins).

The Board regularly reviews the major risks to which the company is exposed. Systems have been established to manage those risks, based on an active risk register. The Finance and Audit Committee regularly review the risk register.

Trustees and Directors

The trustees (who are also directors of the charitable company) are listed in the company information section. All served throughout the year except as stated below.

Jan Berry resigned from the Board on 31 May 2008 Jonathan Potts resigned form the Board on 3 June 2008 John A Cooke was appointed to the Board on 14 May 2008 Peter Fahy was appointed to the Board on 14 May 2008 Paul McKeever was appointed to the Board on 2 July 2008 Richard Cullen resigned form the Board on 10 September 2008 Andrew Cameron resigned form the Board on 10 September 2008 Rosemary Eagleson resigned form the Board on 31 October 2008 Ian Latimer was appointed to the Board on 3 December 2008 Nicholas McCarthy was appointed to the Board on 3 December 2008 Shona Dunn was appointed to the Board on 19 May 2009 Steve McGuirk was appointed to the Board on 19 May 2009

Objectives

Skills for Justice was licensed in April 2004 as the dedicated Sector Skills Council (SSC) for justice services. As a registered charity and company limited by guarantee, Skills for Justice works in partnership with employers, stakeholders and key partners across the whole of the Justice sector across the UK. Providing a coordinated approach to skills issues, Skills for Justice ensures that all those who work in the Justice sector are equipped with the right skills, at the right levels, to enable them to be productive, effective and efficient.

Skills for Justice has 65 employees working across the UK in the Sheffield Head office, Country offices in Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales and field-based home workers.

Working together with its 24 partner SSCs, Skills for Justice forms part of the UK's employer-led network of Sector Skills Councils.

The four strategic objectives of the network of Sector Skills Councils are:

- to reduce skill gaps and shortages
- to improve productivity, business and public sector performance
- to increase opportunities to boost the skills and productivity of all those in the sector's workforce, including action on equal opportunities
- to improve learning supply, including apprenticeships, higher education and National Occupational Standards (NOS)

The Justice Sector

The Justice sector is central to the political and social environment in the UK and directly affects individuals' quality of life, sense of well being and security. In addition the existence of a safe and low-crime environment is critical to the UK economy. A wealth of diverse organisations in the sector, although operating to individual remits, work towards the same broad purpose – the creation and maintenance of a safe, just and stable society. More specifically the core, over-arching purpose of the justice system is to:

- reduce crime and re-offending
- protect people and contribute to the reduction and fear of crime, and
- support the administration of justice
- promote confidence in the justice system

The justice sector across the UK comprises more than half a million employees and volunteers, working with a wide range of public, private and voluntary organisations, delivering essential public services across the major strands of the justice system: Policing and Law Enforcement, Forensic Science, Community Justice, Court and Tribunal Services, Prosecution Services, Custodial Care and Youth Justice and more recently includes Fire & Rescue Services.

Whilst the justice system varies in different parts of the UK, there are common structural elements. Each nation has a core number of large statutory agencies supported by a significant and growing non-statutory sector, made up of third-sector organisations, and – mostly in the custodial care area – private sector businesses.

Vision, Mission and Priorities

Our Vision

Our vision is to be a *leading, recognised* Sector Skills Council delivering a world-class skills agenda for the justice sector.

This means that...

- We will be leading the skills agenda for our employers and the sector
- We will be recognised by our regulator and within the justice sector by employers, employees and volunteers
- We will help the sector to deliver world-class skills, drawing on examples of excellence from around the
 world and more widely share excellence developed in the UK
- We will deliver the skills agenda responding to government drivers, employer priorities and employee aspirations

Our Mission

We exist to:

- Help organisations and individuals in the justice sector deliver benefit to society by being significantly better skilled
- Influence policy makers to ensure that they take full account of workforce development needs in the justice sector

Strategic Priorities for 2008-09

Our strategic priorities and supporting top-level objectives for 2008-9 were:

- 1. To run an effective and efficient organisation; sustaining and developing Skills for Justice as a customer focused and dynamic organisation.
- To fully engage our customers in the governance and activities of Skills for Justice, working with us to set strategic direction, priorities and reviewing performance
- To have a sustainable approach to managing finance
- To develop and make best use of our people
- 2. To be the authoritative voice of employers and stakeholders and will influence UK Governments and Parliaments to take account of skills development in the Justice sector.
- To deliver sector Labour Market Intelligence and Information (LMII) that is trusted and well used
- To Promote the role and work of Skills for Justice, building awareness and interest
- Influence the development of policy making by key decision makers in the Justice and skills sectors
- 3. We will develop and deliver skills solutions based on evidence and intelligence to support an efficient, effective, world-class justice sector workforce
- To develop practical tools and relevant products and services that are valued and used by the sector
- To broker funding to enable employers to undertake skills development activities

Achievements and Performance

2008 was the year when, with the recommendation of the Leitch Report, that training should be demand led, became a reality, to the considerable benefit of the Justice sector.

Train to Gain placed employers, through their Sector Skills Councils, in the driving seat of training resource allocation. Our Compact agreement with the Department of Innovation, Universities and Skills, has made £72million available to the Justice sector over a three year period. Take up is already impressive, as our employers seize the new opportunities on offer. Crucially, we have been able to ensure that both those who deliver public services and the third sector are able to benefit.

2008 was also the year in which we reached agreement that the UK Fire and Rescue Services should join Skills for Justice. There are significant synergies between the work of the different emergency services, and this extension of our remit will bring benefits to both our new and our existing members. They will formally enter our remit in 2009 and they will add an extra dimension to our work in ensuring the sector creates safer communities.

Last year also saw some major changes for Skills for Justice, changes which went hand in hand with very significant achievements.

We increased the capacity of our strand and country teams and developed Partnership Agreements with funders, moves which have strengthened our offer to employers in each nation and in each part of the sector.

We introduced new products – such as Forensic Skillsmark and collaborative leadership – which respond directly to the needs of employers and to the Justice sector's desire to improve joined up working.

We built our profile with key stakeholders, particularly in Government, enabling us to lever in money to support workforce development, through for example the Train to Gain Justice Sector Compact (£72m) and through the Women and Work initiative (£0.75m) – both of which have delivered significant public benefit by ensuring skilled justice sector employees. We have also taken a lead in championing the needs of third sector employers across the SSC network, and in hosting the new skills organisation 'Skills-Third Sector'.

Perhaps most important of all we welcomed the UK Fire and Rescue Services on board as new subscribers. I am delighted that we will be supporting them in developing the skills of their workforce, adding an extra dimension to our work in helping employers across the sector to sustain safer communities.

The year ahead will bring many challenges. Our sector will continue to come under pressure and to be subjected to media scrutiny. A general election – whatever the result – is likely to bring with it new policies on justice that will impact on employers. All this at a time when the recession is likely to bring a clampdown on budgets that will affect the public, private and third sectors.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of JSSC for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the Charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities.

Financial risk management

The charitable company uses financial instruments, comprising cash and debtors. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the working capital cycle of the charity and finance longer term capital needs. The policies for managing the risks open to the charitable company are summarised below and remain unchanged from the previous year.

Reserves policy

The board of JSSC has approved that reserves should be maintained equivalent to the operating and salary costs of the organisation for a period of three months. This is intended for use in the event that the licence of operation for JSSC and all associated funding is withdrawn and would allow JSSC to meet its responsibilities for operating costs and salaries for that period. Funds will be held in a treasury reserve account and corporate bonds, and the level of fund required will be monitored regularly by the Finance and Audit Committee of the Board.

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the company receives notice under Section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

John Randall Chair

9 September 2009



Report of the independent auditors to the members of JSSC

This report is made solely to the members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985, and to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 44 (1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members and the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity, its members as a body and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and auditors

The trustees' (who are also the directors of the company for the purposes of company law) responsibilities for preparing the Trustees Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and for being satisfied that the charity's financial statements give a true and fair view are set out in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities.

We have been appointed auditors under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and under the Companies Act 1985 and report to you in accordance with those Acts.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with Companies Act 1985, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. We also report to you whether the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the charity has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding trustees' remuneration and transactions with the charity is not disclosed.

We read the Trustees Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the trustees in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.



Report of the independent auditors to the members of JSSC

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2009, and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006: and
- the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Grant Thorston UK LLP

GRANT THORNTON UK LLP REGISTERED AUDITORS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

SHEFFIELD 9 September 2009

Principal accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities (SORP 2005).

The principal accounting policies have remained unchanged from the previous year.

Income recognition

Grants

Where grants are received for general funding purposes they are recognised over the life of the relevant contract. For time defined projects, income is recognised over the time period to which it relates. Where specific milestones are required to be met, income is recognised once these have been agreed as achieved.

Sector funding

Sector funding is recognised on receipt unless the donor specifies a particular time period.

Commercial activities

Income from commercial activities is recognised in the period in which it is invoiced.

Expenditure

Expenditure, which is charged on an accruals basis, is allocated between:

- expenditure incurred directly to the fulfilment of the charity's objectives (direct charitable);
- expenditure incurred directly in the effort to raise contributions (fundraising and publicity); and
- expenditure incurred in the governance of the charity, including external audit costs.

Company status

The charitable company is limited by guarantee. The members of the charitable company are the trustees named in the legal and administrative details. In the event of the charitable company being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £1 per member of the charitable company.

Fund accounting

Restricted funds are to be used for specified purposes laid down by the donor. Expenditure for those purposes is charged to the fund, together with a fair allocation of overheads and support costs.

Unrestricted funds are donations and other incoming resources received or generated for expenditure on the general objectives of the charitable company.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds which have been designated for specific purposes by the trustees.

Principal accounting policies

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation. The cost of minor additions costing below £200 are not capitalised.

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets held for charity use other than freehold land by equal annual instalments or the reducing balance method over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Software development 33% straight line
Fixtures and fittings 20% straight line
Office equipment 33% straight line
Leasehold developments 20% straight line

Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the income and expenditure account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the income and expenditure account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Retirement benefits

Defined Contribution Pension Schemes

The pension costs charged in the year represent the amount of the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period.

Taxation

The charitable company is a registered charity and is exempt from liability to taxation of income and capital.

Financial instruments

Where the contractual obligation of financial instruments are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balances sheet. Financial costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the statements of financial activities. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Statement of financial activities (incorporating the income and expenditure account)

| | Note | Restricted | Unrestricted £ | Total 2009 £ | Total 2008 £ |
|---|------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Incoming resources | | | | | |
| Incoming resources from generated funds | | | | | |
| Core funding provided by UKCES | | - | 1,799,004 | 1,799,004 | 1,571,004 |
| Investment income | | - | 78,041 | 78,041 | 88,556 |
| Contribution to relocation | | - | - | • | 200,000 |
| Incubation of Skills - Third Sector | | 343,156 | - | 343,156 | - |
| UKCES – Skills for Security | | 754,544 | - | 754,544 | 455,770 |
| Incoming resources from charitable activities | | 2,112,706 | 1,643,153 | 3,755,859 | 3,679,590 |
| Total incoming resources | 1 | 3,210,406 | 3,520,198 | 6,730,604 | 5,994,920 |
| Resources expended | | | | | • |
| Charitable activities | 3 | 2,989,274 | 3,421,476 | 6,410,750 | 5,698,325 |
| Governance costs | 3 | | 41,204 | 41,204 | 37,160 |
| Total resources expended | | 2,989,274 | 3,462,680 | 6,451,954 | 5,735,485 |
| Net incoming resources (including surplus of income over expenditure) | 2 | 221,132 | 57,518 | 278,650 | 259,435 |
| • , | | (0.2. (0.0) | 22 / 00 | · | · |
| Transfers between funds | | (33,682) | 33,682 | • | - |
| Total funds brought forward at 1 April 2008 | | 1,274,199 | 370,878 | 1,645,077 | 1,385,642 |
| Total funds carried forward at 31 March 2009 | | 1,461,649 | 462,078 | 1,923,727 | 1,645,077 |

All of the activities of the charitable company are classed as continuing.

There were no other recognised gains or losses in the year.

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet

| | Note | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--|------|-------------|-------------|
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | 6 | 247,035 | 300,925 |
| Current assets | • | | |
| Debtors | 7 | 990,681 | 740,350 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 2,068,663 | 1,903,886 |
| | | 3,059,344 | 2,644,236 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (1,364,652) | (1,282,084) |
| Net current assets | | 1,694,692 | 1,362,152 |
| Provisions for liabilities | 9 | (18,000) | (18,000) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 1,923,727 | 1,645,077 |
| Income funds | | | |
| Unrestricted funds | 11 | 462,078 | 370,878 |
| Restricted funds | 11 | 1,461,649 | 1,274,199 |
| | | 1,923,727 | 1,645,077 |
| | | | |

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 9 September 2009.

John Randall

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Cash flow statement

| | Note | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|---|------|-----------|-----------|
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | 13 | 162,738 | 1,080,734 |
| Returns on investment and servicing of finance | | | |
| Interest paid | | (3,066) | (2,186) |
| Interest received | | 60,341 | 88,556 |
| Net cash inflow from returns on investment and servicing of finance | | 57,275 | 86,370 |
| Capital expenditure | • | | |
| Sale of tangible fixed assets | | - | 30 |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | | (55,236) | (289,551) |
| Net cash outflow from capital expenditure | | (55,236) | (289,521) |
| | | | |
| Increase in cash | 14 | 164,777 | 877,583 |

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Notes to the financial statements

Incoming resources from charitable activities

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Total project income | 2,112,705 | 2,050,811 |
| Subscriptions | 1,484,557 | 1,471,982 |
| Core funding | 1,799,004 | 1,571,004 |
| Skillsmark income | 71,295 | 59,080 |
| Sponsorship, conferences and other income | 87,302 | 97,717 |
| Investment income | 78,041 | 88,556 |
| Relocation income | - | 200,000 |
| UKCES - Skills for Security | 754,544 | 455,770 |
| Incubation of Skills - Third Sector | 343,156 | - |
| | 6,730,604 | 5,994,920 |
| Surplus of income over expenditure | | |
| Surplus of income over expenditure is stated after charging: | | |
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | £ | £ |
| Operating leases - other | 39,411 | _ |
| Operating leases - land and buildings | 176,296 | 115,147 |
| Depreciation | 109,126 | 105,663 |
| Auditor's remuneration | 12,500 | 12,500 |
| - non audit services | 8,400 | |

JSSC Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2009

Notes to the financial statements

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| $\begin{array}{c} \text{Total} \\ 2008 \\ \mathcal{L} \end{array}$ | 8,790 94,845 800,316 455,770 623,039 136,430 7,193 102,006 - 29,502 6,263 23,116 | 2,287,270 |
|--|--|-----------------|
| Total 2009 £ | 5,317 52,573 719,344 771,859 872,475 148,826 (482) 68,097 1,026 - - 40,765 309,474 2,989,274 2, | 2,989,274 2, |
| Governance | | ı |
| Total Projects £ | 5,317 52,573 719,344 771,859 872,475 148,826 (482) 68,097 1,026 - - 40,765 309,474 | 2,989,274 |
| England Including Head Office and other UK wide projects | 4,343 42,941 587,555 630,449 854,620 121,560 (394) 55,621 837 - 40,765 309,474 | 2,647,771 |
| Scotland | 500 4,948 67,698 72,641 380 14,006 (45) 6,409 97 | 166,634 |
| Wales £ | 231 2,286 31,277 33,560 7,560 6,471 (21) 2,961 45 | 84,370 |
| Northern Ireland | 243 2,398 32,814 35,209 9,915 6,789 (22) 3,106 47 | 90,499 |
| ıtion | Print post and stationery Crganisation and venue charges Consultancy fees SSDA - Skills for Security Salaries on-costs Travel and subsistence Information resources Marketing Conference attendance Relocation expenses Professional fees Depreciation Incubation of skills - third sector | |
| Basis of Allocation | Restricted Workforce % Workforce % Workforce % Actual Workforce % Workforce % Workforce % Actual Actual Actual Actual | Carried forward |

Resource expended (continued)

| Total 2008 £ | 2,287,270 | | 2,128,334 | 82,547 | 777,72 | 42,812 | 57,784 | 242,679 | 27,337 | 134,525 | 77,185 | 79,813 | 117,000 | 251,905 | 154,677 | 9,093 | • | 12,561 | 2,186 | 3,448,215 | C 72E 40E | 5,755,485 |
|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|
| Total 2009 £ | 2,989,274 | | 2,093,926 | 68,361 | • | 68,021 | 89,391 | 281,133 | 23,356 | 120,532 | 35,447 | 37,981 | 122,336 | 242,560 | 147,566 | 6,268 | 107,943 | 14,793 | 3,066 | 3,462,680 | 0.454.054 | 6,451,954 |
| Governance | | | • | ı | 1 | • | 1 | • | 1 | 1 | • | • | 12,459 | 13,002 | 15,743 | • | 1 | • | 1 | 41,204 | 41,004 | 41,204 |
| Total by country | 2,989,274 | | 2,093,926 | 68,361 | • | 68,021 | 89,391 | 281,133 | 23,356 | 120,532 | 35,447 | 37,981 | 109,877 | 229,558 | 131,823 | 6,268 | 107,943 | 14,793 | 3,066 | 3,421,476 | 037.044.0 | 6,410,750 |
| England Including Head Office and other UK wide projects | 2,647,771 | | 1,683,699 | 63,809 | • | 57,557 | 75,638 | 245,132 | 19,763 | 101,989 | 29,994 | 32,138 | 91,057 | 192,241 | 109,120 | 5,305 | 91,336 | 12,517 | 3,066 | 2,814,361 | 4,040,0 | 5,462,152 |
| Scotland | 166,634 | | 156,349 | 1,606 | * | 4,186 | 5,501 | 9,874 | 1,437 | 7,417 | 2,181 | 2,337 | 7,528 | 14,927 | 9,081 | 385 | 6,643 | 910 | • | 230,362 | 700,000 | 396,996 |
| Wales £ | 84,370 | | 139,945 | 1,747 | • | 3,139 | 4,126 | 9,730 | 1,078 | 5,563 | 1,636 | 1,753 | 5,646 | 11,195 | 6,811 | 289 | 4,982 | 683 | • | 198,323 | 20,000 | 282,693 |
| Northern Ireland | 90,499 | | 113,933 | 1,199 | • | 3,139 | 4,126 | 16,397 | 1,078 | 5,563 | 1,636 | 1,753 | 5,646 | 11,195 | 6,811 | 289 | 4,982 | 683 | • | 178,430 | 000 070 | 268,929 |
| | rd | | Wages and salaries | Depreciation | Loss on disposal of fixed assets | Recruitment | Staff development | Premises and building services | Office services | IT and communication | Marketing | Print postage and stationery | Conferencing | Travel and subsistence | Professional fees | Miscellaneous overheads | Alliance costs | Insurance | Bank charges and interest | 0 | | Total resources expended |
| | Brought forward | Unrestricted | Actual | Actual | Actual | By staff no. | By staff no. | Actual | By staff no. | By staff no. | By staff no. | By staff no. | By staff no. | By staff no. | Actual | By staff no. | By staff no. | By staff no. | Actual | | | |

4 Employees

5

| Staff costs during the year were as follows: | | |
|---|-----------|----------------|
| , | 2009 | 2008 |
| | £ | £ |
| Wages and salaries | 2,268,296 | 2,145,566 |
| Social security costs | 245,440 | 231,840 |
| Other pension costs | 188,441 | 181,349 |
| Other staff costs | 254,387 | 192,618 |
| | 2,956,564 | 2,751,373 |
| The average number of employees during the year was as follows: | | |
| The average number of employees during the year was as to lows. | 2009 | 2008 |
| Chair | 1 | 1 |
| Chief Executive | 1 | 1 |
| Financial and administration | 63 | 59 |
| i mancial and administration | 65 | 61 |
| an a chia a chia chia chia | | |
| The emoluments of higher paid employees fell within the following ranges: | 2009 | 2008 |
| | Number | 2006 Number |
| | Mullioci | rumber |
| £70,001 - £80,000 | 1 | 1 |
| £80,001 - £90,000 | - | 1 |
| £100,001 - £110,000 | 1 | |
| | | |
| Directors and trustees | | |
| | 2009 | 2008 |
| | £ | £ |
| | £ | £ |
| Emoluments for qualifying services - Chair | 27,865 | 27,318 |
| Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes | _ | - |
| | | |
| The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined | | |
| contribution schemes amounted to: | | |
| | • | |

Other than as stated above, no trustees received any remuneration during the year. Travel costs amounting to £12,582 (2008: £6,505) were reimbursed to 10 (2008: 4) members of the Board of Trustees.

No trustee or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into by the charity during the year.

990,681

740,350

Notes to the financial statements

6 Tangible fixed assets

| | Leasehold developments £ | Software development £ | Fixtures and fittings | Office equipment £ | Total £ |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Cost | | • | | | |
| At 1 April 2008 | 126,207 | 13,073 | 92,502 | 343,127 | 574,909 |
| Additions | - | <u>-</u> . | 6,092 | 49,144 | 55,236 |
| At 31 March 2009 | 126,207 | 13,073 | 98,594 | 392,271 | 630,145 |
| Depreciation | | | | | |
| At 1 April 2008 | 14,551 | 3,285 | 29,647 | 226,501 | 273,984 |
| Charge for the year | 24,148 | 4,855 | 18,878 | 61,245 | 109,126 |
| At 31 March 2009 | 38,699 | 8,140 | 48,525 | 287,746 | 383,110 |
| Net book amount at 31 March 2009 | 87,508 | 4,933 | 50,069 | 104,525 | 247,035 |
| Net book amount at 31 March 2008 | 111,656 | 9,788 | 62,855 | 116,626 | 300,925 |
| Debtors | | | | | |

7 Debtors

| Amounts falling due within one year: | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Grants receivable | 775,165 | 615,582 |
| SSDA - Skills for Security | 119,841 | 84,920 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 95,675 | 39,848 |

8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | £ | £ |
| Trade creditors | 771,501 | 576,557 |
| Amounts owed to Skills for Security | 117,103 | 232,970 |
| Other taxes and social security | 74,278 | 73,780 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 356,605 | 371,857 |
| Pension and other creditors | 45,165 | 26,920_ |
| | 1,364,652 | 1,282,084 |

9 Provisions for liabilities and charges

| | 2009 £ | 2008 £ |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| At 1 April 2008 | 18,000 | - |
| Provided during the year | 11,588 | 18,000 |
| Released in the year | (11,588) | |
| At 31 March 2009 | 18,000 | 18,000 |

A provision has been made for the remaining rent and dilapidation costs on a property no longer in use by JSSC.

10 Commitments under operating leases

Operating lease payments amounting to £219,851(2008: £188,396) are due within one year. The leases to which these amounts relate expire as follows:

| | 2009 | | 2008 | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Land and | | Land and | |
| | buildings | Other items | buildings | Other items |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Operating leases which expire: | | | | |
| Within 1 year | 9,492 | 1,355 | - | 5,918 |
| Within 2 to 5 years | 173,151 | 35,853 | 182,478 | |
| , | 182,643 | 37,208 | 182,478 | 5,918 |
| | | | | |

11 Statement of funds

| | At 1 April 2008 £ | Income £ | Expenditure £ | Transfers £ | March 2009 £ |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Unrestricted funds Restricted funds | 370,878 1,274,199 | 3,520,198 3,210,406 | (3,462,680) (2,989,274) | 33,682 (33,682) | 462,078 1,461,649 |
| Total funds | 1,645,077 | 6,730,604 | (6,451,954) | | 1,923,727 |

12 Analysis of net assets between funds

| | Restricted Funds £ | Unrestricted Funds £ | Total £ |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Fixed assets | 127,882 | 119,153 | 247,035 |
| Current assets | 1,952,417 | 1,106,927 | 3,059,344 |
| Current liabilities | (618,650) | (746,002) | (1,364,652) |
| Provisions for liabilities and charges | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (18,000) | (18,000) |
| Total net assets | 1,461,649 | 462,078 | 1,923,727 |

13 Net cash inflow from operating activities

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | £ | £ |
| Net incoming resources | 278,650 | 259,435 |
| Net interest | (57,275) | (86,370) |
| Depreciation | 109,126 | 105,663 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | - | 27,777 |
| Provision | - | 18,000 |
| (Increase)/decrease in debtors | (250,331) | 399,404 |
| Increase in creditors | 82,568 | 356,825 |
| | 162,738 | 1,080,734 |

14 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | £ | £ |
| Increase in cash in the year | 164,777 | 877,583 |
| Net funds at 1 April 2008 | 1,903,886 | 1,026,303 |
| Net funds at 31 March 2009 | 2,068,663 | 1,903,886 |

15 Pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for the benefit of its employees.

The total pension costs of the company for the year were £188,441 (2008: £181,349).

16 Liabilities of members

Under Clause 7 of the Memorandum of Association, all members undertake to contribute to the assets of the company such an amount as may be required, not exceeding £1, in the event of it being wound up during the period of membership or within one year afterwards.

17 Control

Directors are drawn from throughout the Justice sector and are also appointed as members of the company.

18 Capital commitments

The charitable company had no capital commitments at 31 March 2009 (2008: £nil).

19 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 March 2009 (2008: £nil).

20 Financial derivatives

The charitable company had no financial derivatives at 31 March 2009 or 31 March 2008.