REGISTERED NUMBER: 04820472 (England and Wales)

Group Strategic Report, Report of the Director and

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

for

Roseville Care Homes Limited

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Roseville Care Homes Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

DIRECTOR:

Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp

SECRETARY:

Mr J P Lewis Ogden

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Kensington House Westminster Place Nether Poppleton

York

YO26 6RW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

04820472 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Garbutt & Elliott Audit Limited

Triune Court Monks Cross Drive

York YO32 9GZ

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

The director presents her strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 30 September 2020.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The group has performed well during a year of national difficulty. While bed occupancy has increased at two of the five homes, the bed occupancy at three others has decreased, partly due to the difficulty in placing residents during the height of the COVID-19 crisis. There has been a small increase in revenue of 5.8%. Pre tax profits have increased by £378k, bringing them back to 2018/2017 levels. The key factors contributing to this were the increased revenues at two of the homes and stabilisation of staffing costs.

The group is in a strong position financially, with net assets at 30 September 2020 amounting to £3.3m. The group complied with its bank loan covenants during the year.

The target for 2021 is to achieve full occupancy levels in underperforming homes and to maintain other better performing homes at their high occupancy levels. Planned capital improvements to a number of properties should assist in attaining this target.

Key performance indicators for the group's activities are occupancy levels, bed fees, loan interest and wages costs.

- Fluctuations in occupancy levels are noted above.
- Bed fees have remained steady in the current challenging times, although improved fees have been achieved at some of the homes.
- Interest costs of £165k represent 2.9% of sales, an improvement on 3.2% in 2019.
- Wages costs increased in the year to £3,607k, representing 62.7% of sales. This is the same ratio as for 2019, therefore represents relative stability. The 2020 costs have been subsidised to a small extent by COVID-19 related government grant support of £181k (£6k for other purposes in 2019).

The group's future success is dependent on maintaining high occupancy levels and good average fees. This will be achieved by continuing to invest in maintenance of the assets alongside continuous improvements in customer care training for staff.

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Business risk is mainly linked to operational performance. The group must remain compliant with constantly changing legislation. This is achieved by continuous training for the director and key personnel along with good relations with the regulatory bodies to stay ahead of changes in care delivery best practices.

With the implementation of BREXIT due at the start of 2021, a key risk to the group is a potential reduction in the numbers of care workers available for work in the UK, as many of the group's employees are EU citizens. While there is a possibility that the ability of EU citizens to work in the UK will not be affected, the director is aware of the risk to the group and has implemented plans to reduce that risk. These plans include establishing strong relationships with employment agencies to ensure a continuous supply of appropriately skilled staff.

In November 2020 and from 6 January 2021, after the date to which these financial statements are prepared, the UK government implemented a 'lockdown' on the UK population as a response to the spread of the COVID-19 virus. The director has commented on the nature and effect of this in the 'Post Balance Sheet Events' note to these financial statements.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Dinka	Knezevic-Sharp
Mrs D	Knezevic-Sharp - Director
	•
Date:	28/06/2021

Report of the Director for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

The director presents her report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 30 September 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the group continued to be that of the operation of residential care homes and provision of homecare services.

DIVIDENDS

During the year dividends of £114,000 were paid.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTOR

Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2019 to the date of this report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless she is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable her to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. She is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and she has taken all the steps that she ought to have taken as a director in order to make herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Director for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

AUDITORS

The auditor, Garbutt & Elliott Audit Limited, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Dinka	Knezevic-Sharp
Mrs D	Knezevic-Sharp - Director
Date:	28/06/2021

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Roseville Care Homes Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Roseville Care Homes Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 September 2020 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Company Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 30 September 2020 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Roseville Care Homes Limited

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director.

Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page four, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Roseville Care Homes Limited

This report is made solely to the parent company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the parent company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Independent Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the parent company and the parent company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Garbutt & Elliott Audit Limited

MARTIN DAVEY (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Garbutt & Elliott Audit Limited Triune Court Monks Cross Drive York YO32 9GZ

Date: 28/06/2021

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
TURNOVER	3	5,754,996	5,439,365
Cost of sales		3,952,436	3,768,489
GROSS PROFIT		1,802,560	1,670,876
Administrative expenses		855,142	918,422
		947,418	752,454
Other operating income	•	181,490	6,406
OPERATING PROFIT	5	1,128,908	758,860
Interest receivable and similar income	6	40,375	41,462
		1,169,283	800,322
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	165,306	174,670
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,003,977	625,652
Tax on profit	8	203,678	163,421
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL Y	EAR .	800,299	462,231
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO	OME	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCO FOR THE YEAR	ME	800,299	462,231
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		800,299	462,231
Total comprehensive income attrib Owners of the parent	outable to:	800,299	462,231

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 30 September 2020

		20	20	20	19 ·
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets	11		_		_
Tangible assets	12		5,737,961	-	5,859,992
Investments	13		-		-
•			5,737,961		5,859,992
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	14	32,507	-	1,700	
Debtors	15	1,725,565		1,422,521 1,015,652	•
Cash at bank and in hand		1,168,863			
CREDITORS		2,926,935		2,439,873	
Amounts falling due within one year	r 16	2,985,285	•	1,530,453	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/AS	SETS		(58,350)		909,420
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			5,679,611		6,769,412
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than	n				
one year	17		(2,242,938)		(4,020,764)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	21		(178,299)		(178,213)
NET ASSETS			3,258,374		2,570,435
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			,		
Called up share capital	22		168		168
Share premium			347,450		347,450
Retained earnings			2,910,756 ————		2,222,817
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,258,374		2,570,435
	•				<u> </u>

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on .28/06/2021..... and were signed by:

Dinka Knezevic-Sharp
Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp - Director

Company Statement of Financial Position 30 September 2020

		· 2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	11		-		
Tangible assets	12		545,412		547,880
Investments	13		1,718,783		1,718,783
			2,264,195		2,266,663
CURRENT ASSETS		•			
Stocks	14	30,807		-	
Debtors	15	4,329,640		4,065,111	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,154,557		976,308	
CREDITORS		5,515,004		5,041,419	
Amounts falling due within one year	16	4,514,786		2,417,650	
, , , , , , , , , , , ,					
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,000,218		2,623,769
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			3,264,413		4,890,432
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than	1				
one year	17		(2,242,938)		(4,020,764)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	21		(7,670)		(6,470)
NET ASSETS			1,013,805		863,198
			====		=====

Company Statement of Financial Position - continued 30 September 2020

	2020		2019		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	22		. 168		168
Share premium			347,450		347,450
Retained earnings			666,187		515,580
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,013,805		863,198
•					
Company's profit for the financial					
year			264,607		271,739

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 28/06/2021 and were signed by:

Dinka Knezevic-Sharp

Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp - Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2018	168	1,911,086	347,450	2,258,704
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 September 2019	168	(150,500) 462,231 2,222,817	347,450	(150,500) 462,231 2,570,435
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	- -	(114,000) 800,299	: - -	(114,000)
Balance at 30 September 2020	168	2,909,116	347,450	3,256,734

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2018	168	394,341	347,450	741,959
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 September 2019	168	(150,500) 271,739 515,580	347,450	(150,500) 271,739 863,198
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(114,000) 264,607	-	(114,000) 264,607
Balance at 30 September 2020	168	666,187	347,450	1,013,805

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activity	ties		
Cash generated from operations	1	755,738	702,805
Interest paid		(165,306)	(174,670)
Tax paid		(125,294)	(190,403)
Net cash from operating activities .		465,138	337,732
Cook flows from investing activit	•	•	
Cash flows from investing activit Purchase of tangible fixed assets	ies	(40,301)	(130,863)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		(40,301)	2,625
Interest received		40,375	41,462
more de l'occive d			
Net cash from investing activities		74	(86,776)
•			
Cash flows from financing activit	ies		
Loan repayments in year		(242,639)	(238,620)
Amount introduced by director		143,799	-
Amount withdrawn by director		(280,651)	(107,555)
Government grant received		181,490	6,406
Equity dividends paid		(114,000)	(150,500)
Net cash from financing activities		(312,001)	(490,269)
Increase//degreese) in each and e	ach equivalente	 153,211	(220, 212)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and c Cash and cash equivalents at	asii equivalents	100,211	(239,313)
beginning of year	2	1,015,652	1,254,965
			
Cash and cash equivalents at end			
of year	2	1,168,863	1,015,652

Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2020	2019
•	£	£
Profit for the financial year	800,299	462,231
Depreciation charges	163,972	181,498
Government grants	(181,490)	(6,406)
Finance costs	165,306	174,670
Finance income	(40,375)	(41,462)
Taxation	203,678	163,421
	1,111,390	933,952
Increase in stocks	(30,807)	· -
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(191,994)	148,735
Decrease in trade and other creditors	(132,851)	(379,882)
Cash generated from operations	755,738	702,805

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year ended 30 September 2020 ·

	30.9.20 £	1.10.19 £
Cash and cash equivalents	1,168,863	1,015,652
Year ended 30 September 2019		
	30.9.19 £	1.10.18 £
Cash and cash equivalents	1,015,652	1,254,965

Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1.10.19 £	Cash flow £	At 30.9.20 £
Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	1,015,652	153,211	1,168,863
	1,015,652	153,211	1,168,863
Debt Debts falling due within 1 year Debts falling due after 1 year	(248,037) (4,020,764)	(1,535,187) 1,777,826	(1,783,224) (2,242,938)
	(4,268,801)	242,639	(4,026,162)
Total	(3,253,149)	395,850	(2,857,299)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Roseville Care Homes Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value.

The company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements for parent company information presented within the consolidated financial statements:

- · Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares:
- · Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flows and related notes and disclosures:
- · Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues'
- Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- · Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel.

Going concern

After reviewing the group's forecasts and projections, the director has a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The group therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its consolidated financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the company and all of its subsidiary undertakings, made up to 30 September 2020. The results of subsidiaries sold or acquired are consolidated from, or to, the date control passes. Intra-group sales, profits and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

Depreciation and amortisation:

The depreciation and amortisation policies have been set according to management's experience of the useful lives of a typical asset in each category, something which is reviewed annually. It is not considered practical to use a per unit basis to allocate depreciation and amortisation without undue cost and therefore amounts are charged annually. In the directors opinion, the depreciation and amortisation charged during the year, which is set out in the notes to these financial statements, is a fair reflection of the benefits derived from the consumption of the tangible and intangible fixed assets in use during the period.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services, which is recognised by reference to the dates for which the services have been provided.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of businesses in 2003, 2006 and 2007, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property

- 2% on cost of buildings

Fixtures and fittings

- 25% on cost, 20% on cost and 15% on cost

Motor vehicles

- 25% on cost

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately.

Investment in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the group (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in total comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate using accounting policies consistent with those of the parent. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment in the individual financial statements.

Government grants

Grants received are credited to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Group has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of its financial instruments.

Basic financial assets:

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment:

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other financial assets:

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price.

Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Derecognition of financial assets:

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Basic financial liabilities:

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity date of three months or less. For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

Employee benefits

The group provides a range of benefits to employees, including paid holiday arrangements and defined contribution pension plans.

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received. The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

The group operates defined contribution plans for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the group has no further payment obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense when they are due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the statement of financial position. The assets of the plans are held separately from the group in independently administered funds.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the principal activities of the group.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Care home services	5,086,675	4,967,798
Homecare services	668,321	471,567
	5,754,996	5,439,365

Page 23 continued...

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

3. TURNOVER - continued

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	United Kingdom	2020 £ 5,754,996	2019 £ 5,439,365
	- -	5,754,996	5,439,365
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	·	
		2020	2019
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	£ 3,297,878 222,646 52,102	£ 3,140,765 207,126 41,686
		3,572,626	3,389,577
	_		
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows *	: 2020	2019
	Care and administration Director	231 1	218 1
	•	232	219
	Director's remuneration	2020 £ 8,038	2019 £ 7,480
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Hire of plant and machinery Other operating leases Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration	2020 £ 2,416 12,694 163,972 26,250	2019 £ - 13,445 181,498 21,200

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

Tax on profit

6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2020	2019
	Deposit account interest	£ 2,744	£ 3,581
	Other interest receivable Interest from loans	1,285	- 27 001
	interest from loans	36,346	37,881
	·	40,375	41,462
	Investment income includes the following:		
	Interest on financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss	40,375	41,462
7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
7.	INTEREST PATABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2020	2019
	Bank loan interest	£ 165,306	£ 174,670
	Dank loan interest	====	====
8.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2020	2019
		£	£
	Current tax:	202 502	125 204
	UK corporation tax	203,592	125,294
	Deferred tax	86	38,127
	·		

163,421

203,678

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

. 8. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

Profit before tax	2020 £ 1,003,977	2019 £ 625,652
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)	190,756	118,874
Effects of: Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	12,836	6,420
Movement in deferred tax	86	38,127
Total tax charge	203,678	163,421

9. INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

10. **DIVIDENDS**

Onding and places of CA and b	2020 £	2019 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each Interim A Ordinary shares of £1 each	90,000	90,000
Interim B Ordinary shares of £1 each	12,000	30,250
Interim	12,000	30,250
	114,000	150,500

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

11. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group		Goodwill £
COST At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020		521,946
AMORTISATION At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020		521,946
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2020	•.	
At 30 September 2019	•	-
Company		Goodwill :
COST At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020		81,000
AMORTISATION At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020		81,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2020		
At 30 September 2019		===== - -

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

		Fixtures		
	Freehold	and	Motor	
	property £	fittings £	vehicles £	Totals £
COST	~	~	~	~
At 1 October 2019	6,739,078	1,105,443	47,357	7,891,878
Additions		. 40,301		40,301
At 30 September 2020	6,739,078	1,145,744	47,357	7,932,179
DEPRECIATION			_ .	-
At 1 October 2019	997,791	985,099	47,356	2,030,246
Charge for year	110,320	53,652		163,972
At 30 September 2020	1,108,111	1,038,751	47,356	2,194,218
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30 September 2020	5,630,967	106,993	1	5,737,961
At 30 September 2019	5,741,287	120,344	1	5,861,632

Included in the cost of freehold property is land of £1,001,379 (2019:£1,001,379) which is not depreciated.

Company

	Freehold	Fixtures and	
	property £	fittings £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 October 2019	698,664	246,582	945,246
Additions	<u> </u>	24,300	-24,300
At 30 September 2020	698,664	270,882	969,546
DEPRECIATION		•	
At 1 October 2019	177,240	220,126	397,366
Charge for year	12,883 	13,885	26,768
At 30 September 2020	190,123	234,011	424,134
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 September 2020	508,541	36,871	545,412
At 30 September 2019	521,424 	26,456	547,880 ======

Included in the cost of freehold property is land of £54,500 (2019:£54,500) which is not depreciated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

13. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

	Shares in group undertakin £
COST At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020	1,718,783
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2020	1,718,783
At 30 September 2019	1,718,783

The group or the company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiaries

Colourscape Investments Limited

Registered office: Kensington House, Westminster Place, Nether Poppleton, York, YO26 6RW.

Nature of business: Care home operator

Class of shares: holding
Ordinary 100.00

Roseville Care Homes (Melksham) Limited

Registered office: Kensington House, Westminster Place, Nether Poppleton, York, YO26

6RW.

Nature of business: Care home operator

Class of shares: % holding Ordinary 100.00

The Old School House Limited

Registered office: Kensington House, Westminster Place, Nether Poppleton, YO26 6RW.

Nature of business: Care home operator

Class of shares: holding
Ordinary 100.00

Roseville Orchard Court Limited

Registered office: Kensington House, Westminster Place, Nether Poppleton, YO26 6RW.

Nature of business: Care home operator

Class of shares: holding Ordinary 100.00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

13. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued**

Able Carers Limited

Registered office: Kensington House, Westminster Place, Nether Poppleton, YO26 6RW.

Nature of business: Provider of homecare services

Class of shares:

Ordinary

holding 100.00

%

14. **STOCKS**

•	Group	Group		Company	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £	
Stocks	32,507	1,700	30,807		

DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR 15.

•	Group		Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	418,339	287,077	45,663	57,787
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	3,012,926	2,913,144
Other debtors	1,153,554	1,092,941	1,153,554	1,092,028
Director's current account	111,050	•	111,050	-
Prepayments and accrued income	42,622	42,503	6,447	2,152
	1,725,565	1,422,521	4,329,640	4,065,111

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	G	Group		mpany
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note				
18)	1,783,224	248,037	1,783,224	248,037
Trade creditors	329,477	530,583	68,851	104,993
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	2,513,127	1,919,236
Corporation tax	203,592	125,294	39,022	30,893
Social security and other taxes	36,700	64,000	-	-
Other creditors	389,350	373,002	65,123	73,397
Director's current account	-	25,802	-	25,802
Accruals and deferred income	242,942	163,735	45,439	15,292
				
	2,985,285	1,530,453	4,514,786	2,417,650

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

17. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
•	2020	2019	2020	2019
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans (see note 18)	2,242,938	4,020,764	2,242,938	4,020,764

18. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group		Company	
	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:				
Bank loans	1,783,224	248,037	1,783,224	248,037
Amounts falling due between one and two years:		e .		
Bank loans - 1-2 years	162,149	1,783,423	162,149	1,783,423
Amounts falling due between two and five years:				
Bank loans - 2-5 years	2,080,789	2,237,341	2,080,789	2,237,341

The bank loan is secured by charges on the freehold properties owned by the group, by a debenture on the assets of the group and a guarantee across the subsidiaries.

Interest is charged on £2.399m (30 September 2020 value) of the loan at 2.9% above base rate per annum. This element of the loan is being repaid in monthly instalments of £20k.

Interest is charged on the balance of the loan at 2.5% above Lloyds' cost of funds. The capital balance of this element of the loan was repayable in monthly instalments of £14k until 2021. The loan has been renewed in 2021.

19. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group	
-------	--

	Non-cancellabl	
	operatin	g leases
	2020	2019
Within one year Between one and five years	£	£
	17,270	16,191
	8,635	25,906
	25,905	42,097
		===

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

19. LEASING AGREEMENTS - continued

The parent company had no leasing agreement commitments at 30 September 2020 and 2019.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The group and company have the following financial instruments:

	Group		Company	
,	2020	2019	· 2020	2019
	£	£	£	£
Carrying amount of financial assets: Debt instruments measured at				•
amortised cost Equity instruments measured at	2,851,806	2,395,670	5,477,750	5,039,267
cost less impairment		<u>-</u>	1,718,873	1,718,873
Carrying amount of financial liabilities:				
Measured at amortised cost	4,987,931	5,361,923	6,718,702	6,407,521

21. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Group		Com	Company	
,	2020 £	2019 £	2020 £	2019 £	
Deferred tax	L .	L	L	L	
Accelerated capital allowances	178,299	178,213	7,670	6,470	
					
Group					
				Deferred tax	
				£	
Balance at 1 October 2019					
Charge to Statement of Comprehensive Income during year					
Balance at 30 September 2020				178,299	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

21. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

Company

tax	
${f f}$	
Balance at 1 October 2019 6,470 Provided during year 1,200	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
Balance at 30 September 2020 7,670	-

22. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, is	sued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
		value:	£	£
150	Ordinary	£1 ·	150	150
9	A Ordinary	£1	9	9
9	B Ordinary	£1	9	9
	·			
			168	. 168

23. PENSION COMMITMENTS

Defined contribution schemes

A defined contribution pension scheme is operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund.

The charge for the year is as set out below, of which £17,831 (2019: £6,421) was accrued at the balance sheet date.

	Group	Group		าy
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	£	£	£	£
Charge to profit and loss in respect				
of defined contribution schemes	52,102	41,686	7,779	5,687
				=====

24. **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The group's subsidiary undertakings are party to a cross guarantee in respect of bank borrowings of Roseville Care Homes Limited. At the balance sheet date, the net bank borrowings of Roseville Care Homes Limited amounted to £2,871,604 (2019: £3,292,494).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

25. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 30 September 2020 and 30 September 2019:

	2020 £	2019 £
Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp		
Balance outstanding at start of year	(25,802)	(133,357)
Amounts advanced	280,651	280,367
Amounts repaid	(143,799)	(172,812)
Amounts written off	-	_
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	111,050	(25,802)
•		

The overdrawn loan account was cleared on 23 January 2021.

26. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the group made loans to Lucolena Limited, a company controlled by Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp. The balance due to the group at 30 September 2020 was £1,153,554 (2019: £1,092,028), and is included in other debtors. Interest is charged on the loan at a commercial rate. Interest credited in the year amounted to £36,346 (2019: £37,881).

There were no other material related party transactions other than those disclosed in these financial statements, or exempt from disclosure.

There are no key management personnel other than the director. Details of the director's remuneration are provided in the notes to these financial statements.

27. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 23 March 2020, the UK government implemented a 'lockdown' on the UK population as a response to the spread of the COVID-19 virus.

As a result, a small number of employees were placed on long term leave for the purposes of self-isolation. As with other operators of care facilities, the spread of the virus and the lockdown has caused operational challenges, not least being the co-ordination of staffing and the sourcing of, and cost of, protective equipment.

A further lockdown was implemented during November 2020 and from 6 January 2021, both after the date to which these financial statements are prepared.

At present the full financial effect of the response to COVID-19 cannot be quantified. However, the group has retained sufficient reserves to enable it to overcome such difficulties for the short to medium term and, with the support of government schemes, has continued to provide services as best as it is able.

Accordingly the director considers that the effects of COVID-19 constitute a non-adjusting post balance sheet event.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2020

28. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is Mrs D Knezevic-Sharp.