

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04818325

Ski & Rock Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 July 2021

Ski & Rock Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2021

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Ski & Rock Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 July 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	33	577
Current assets			
Debtors	6	3,402	—
Cash at bank and in hand		15,114	29,075
		-----	-----
		18,516	29,075
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	19,747	17,049
		-----	-----
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(1,231)	12,026
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		(1,198)	12,603
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	11,229	11,229
		-----	-----
Net (liabilities)/assets		(12,427)	1,374
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(12,527)	1,274
		-----	-----
Shareholders (deficit)/funds		(12,427)	1,374
		-----	-----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 July 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Ski & Rock Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 July 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 April 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P J Kershaw

Director

Company registration number: 04818325

Ski & Rock Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 308 London Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport, Cheshire, SK7 4RF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	25% reducing balance
Equipment	-	33% on Cost

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2020: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 August 2020 and 31 July 2021	1,558	6,730	8,288
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2020	1,514	6,197	7,711
Charge for the year	11	533	544
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 July 2021	1,525	6,730	8,255
	-----	-----	-----
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2021	33	—	33
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 July 2020	44	533	577
	-----	-----	-----

6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Other debtors	3,402	—
	-----	----

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Corporation tax	—	1,566
Social security and other taxes	61	83
Other creditors	19,686	15,400
	-----	-----
	19,747	17,049
	-----	-----

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	11,229	11,229
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9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2021		
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the director £	Balance outstanding £
Mr P J Kershaw	(14,236)	(4,225)	(18,461)
	-----	-----	-----
	2020		
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the director £	Balance outstanding £
Mr P J Kershaw	(15,193)	957	(14,236)
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10. Related party transactions

The ultimate controlling party is P Kershaw.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.