Registration number: 04817785

# PSU of Poynton Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020



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# (Registration number: 04817785) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4	6,000	8,000
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	252	376
		6,252	8,376
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u> 7	14,007	13,742
Debtors	<u>7</u>	13,268	5,051
Cash at bank and in hand		2,775	29,117
		30,050	47,910
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(15,708)	(42,330)
Net current assets		14,342	5,580
Total assets less current liabilities		20,594	13,956
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(20,000)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(24)	(72)
Net assets		570	13,884
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		470	13,784
Shareholders' funds		570	13,884

For the financial year ending 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

# (Registration number: 04817785) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 27 July 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

M A Taylor Company secretary and director

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: Riverside House Kings Reach Business Park Stockport Cheshire SK4 2HD

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 27 July 2021.

### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Goodwill

Depreciation method and rate 33.33% Reducing Balance

Plant and Machinery

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Goodwill Amortisation method and rate

5% Straight Line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2019 - 5).

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

## 4 Intangible assets

-		Goodwill	Total
		£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2019		40,000	40,000
At 31 October 2020	_	40,000	40,000
Amortisation			
At 1 November 2019		32,000	32,000
Amortisation charge	_	2,000	2,000
At 31 October 2020	_	34,000	34,000
Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2020		6,000	6,000
At 31 October 2019		8,000	8,000
5 Tangible assets			
	Land and buildings	Plant and Machinery	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2019	952	31,094	32,046

	Land and buildings £	Plant and Machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2019	952	31,094	32,046
At 31 October 2020	952	31,094	32,046
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2019	952	30,718	31,670
Charge for the year		124	124
At 31 October 2020	952	30,842	31,794
Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2020		252	252
At 31 October 2019		376	376

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £Nil (2019 - £Nil) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

6 Stocks	2020	2019 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	£ 14,007	13,742
7 Debtors		
	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	8,646	4,420
Prepayments	803	631
Other debtors	3,819	
	13,268	5,051

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

## 8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		10,384	8,036
Taxation and social security		2,426	1,755
Other creditors		2,898	32,539
		15,708	42,330
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	20,000	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	20,000	-
9 Loans and borrowings			
		2020	2019
Non-accompand loans and harmonings		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		20,000	
Bank borrowings		20,000	

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

## 10 Related party transactions

**Transactions with directors** 

2020	At 1 November 2019 £	Advances to directors £	At 31 October 2020 £
L D Worthington Directors loan account	-	1,887	1,887
E B Walker Directors loan account		1,855	1,855

## Yew Street

Siblip document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the Special rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.