Ashburton Services Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2014

Registered Number 4798203



KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
Arlington Business Park
Theale
Reading
RG7 4SD

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

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Company Information

The board of directors

John George

Geoff Lewis

Company secretary

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered office

c/o CMS Cameron McKenna Northwest Wing Bush House

London WC2B 4EZ

Auditors

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Arlington Business Park

Theale Reading RG7 4SD

Bankers

Nationwide Building Society

Kings Park Road Moulton Park Northampton Northants NN3 6NW

Solicitors

Addleshaw Goddard 150 Aldersgate Street

London EC1A 4EJ

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2014

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal Activities and Business Review

The Company's principal activity is the construction and refurbishment of schools and the provision of related facilities management services on a 30 year contract under the Private Finance Initiative. As the company is in the full operational phase it faces operational risks and actively monitors financial performance against loan covenants. During the year the company was fully compliant with the contractual terms and incurred no penalty points. From a financial perspective the company has been performing well and has been compliant with the covenants laid out in the loan agreement. The company is also forecasting compliance with the covenants laid out in the loan agreement.

The directors expect the performance of the company to be in line with the forecasting model and remain profitable in future years.

Results and Dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £112,082 (2013: profit £199,813). The directors have not recommended a dividend.

The profit for the year will be transferred to reserves.

Ashburton Services Limited financial results were in line with forecast and the Directors intend for the business to continue to hold its investment.

Key performance indicators

The performance of the Company from a cash perspective is assessed on a six monthly basis by the testing of the covenants of the senior debt provider. The key indicator being the debt service cover ratio.

Principal risk and uncertainties

The Authority is the sole client of the Company but the directors consider that no strategic risk arises from such a small client base since the client is underwritten by the Secretary of State.

Performance risk under the Project Agreement and related contracts are passed on to the service providers and to the building contractor. The obligations of these subcontractors are underwritten either by performance guarantees issued by banks or by parent company guarantees.

The Company is exposed to financial risk through its financial assets and liabilities. The key financial risk is that the proceeds from financial assets are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from liabilities as they fall due. The most important components of financial risk are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. Refer to note 13 for further detail.

Future Prospects

The Company will continue to provide and support the Authority in its expansion of the school under the PFI scheme.

Directors' Report (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2014

Financial Instruments

Details of the Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are included in note 12 to the accounts.

Directors

The directors who served the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are listed on page 1.

Small Company Provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption. Accordingly, no Strategic Report has been prepared.

Disclosure of Information to the Auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

KPMG LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Registered office: c/o CMS Cameron McKenna Northwest Wing Bush House London WC2B 4EZ Signed by order of the directors

Infrastructure Managers Limited Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 3 SEPTEMBER 2014

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Year ended 31 March 2014

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors' responsibilities were approved by the board on 3.54th. and signed on its behalf by:

John George

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Ashburton Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Ashburton Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 set out on pages 7 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's Members, as a body, in accordance with Sections 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the Audit of the Financial Statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on Financial Statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on Other Matter Prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Ashburton Services Limited (continued)

Matters on Which We are Required to Report by Exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Amanda Moses (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of

KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Sept for 2014

Chartered Accountants
Arlington Business Park

Theale

Reading

RG7 4SD

Profit and Loss Account

Year ended 31 March 2014

		2014	2013
	Note	£	£
Turnover	2	905,904	973,696
Cost of sales		(741,878)	(706,166)
Gross Profit		164,026	267,530
Administrative expenses		(155,536)	(156,895)
Operating Profit	3	8,490	110,635
Interest receivable	5	1,289,292	1,320,596
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(1,151,445)	(1,166,723)
Profit on Ordinary Activities Before Taxation		146,337	264,508
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(34,255)	(64,695)
Profit for the Financial Year		112,082	199,813

All of the activities of the Company are classed as continuing.

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the profit above, which all relate to continuing activities, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2014

		2014	2013
	Note	£	£
Current Assets			
Debtors due within one year	8	745,308	519,737
Debtors due after one year	8	18,581,464	18,947,126
Cash at bank		1,000,645	928,823
		20,327,417	20,395,686
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,466,495)	(2,130,342)
Net Current Assets		17,860,922	18,265,344
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities		17,860,922	18,265,344
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(15,981,986)	(16,498,490)
Net assets		1,878,936	1,766,854
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	13	1,241,550	1,241,550
Profit and loss account	14	637,386	525,304
1 1011t and 1000 account	17		
Equity Shareholders' Funds	15	1,878,936	1,766,854

MG-George John George

Company Registration Number: 4798203

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company's, financial projections indicate sufficient funds will be generated to allow on-going obligations to be met as they fall due.

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Infrastructure Investments (Portal) Limited Partnership, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group.

Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent company includes the company's cash flows in its consolidated cash flow statement.

Turnover

All turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation originates in the United Kingdom. Turnover is recognised in accordance with the finance debtor and services income accounting policy below and excludes VAT.

Current taxation

Current tax expense is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Finance debtor

The Company is an operator of a PFI contract. The underlying asset is not deemed to be a tangible asset of the Company under Financial Reporting Standard 5 Application Note F because the risks and rewards of ownership as set in that standard are deemed to lie principally with the Authority.

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure was included in amounts recoverable on contracts and turnover. Upon becoming operational, the costs were transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase income is allocated between interest receivable and the finance debtor using a project specific interest rate. The remainder of the PFI unitary charge income is included within turnover in accordance with FRS 5 Application Note G. The company recognises income in in in respect of the services provided as it fulfills its contractual obligations in respect of those services and in line with the fair value of the consideration receivable in respect of these services. Major maintenance costs are recognised on an incurred basis and the revenue receivable in respect of these services is recognised when the services are performed.

Major maintenance

The company has the obligation to maintain the infrastructure over the life of the contract and is responsible for the major maintenance replacement risk associated. Income is being deferred to future periods, based upon the forecast of the future maintenance expenditure, in order to match that element of income with the costs to which it relates.

2. Turnover

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the Company. An analysis of turnover is given below:

		2014	2013
		£	£
	United Kingdom	905,904	973,696
	•		
3.	Operating profit		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Auditor's remuneration		
	- as auditor	8,034	7,500
	- for other services	3,000	2,500

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

The audit fee in respect of the company was £8,034 for the period (2013: £7,500). This included the audit fee of £750 for its immediate parent undertaking, Ashburton Services (Holdings) Limited for which no recharge was made.

4. Particulars of employees and directors

The Directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2013: £nil). During the period, the company incurred fees of £45,110 in relation to services provided by the Directors. These fees were payable to Infrastructure Investments Limited Partnership. At the year-end there was a payable of £22,556 in relation to these fees.

There were no employees in the financial year (2013: nil).

5. Interest receivable

		2014	2013
	Bank interest receivable	1,208	£ 82
	Finance debtor interest receivable	1,288,084	1,320,514
		1,289,292	1,320,596
6.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowing	943,092	958,064
	Interest payable on loans due to immediate parent company	194,729	194,729
	Amortisation of loan issue costs	13,624	13,930
		1,151,445	1,166,723
7.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2014	2013
	Current tax:	£	£
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 23% (2013		
	- 24%)	34,474	64,695
	Over/under provision in prior year	(219)	-
	Total current tax	34,255	64,695

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

7. Taxation on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2013 - 24%).

	2014	2013
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	146,337	264,508
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	33,657	63,482
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,205	1,213
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(388)	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(219)	-
Total current tax (note 7(a))	34,255	64,695

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

During the year, as a result of the reduction in the UK main corporation tax rate from 23% to 20% that was enacted on 17 July 2013 to take effect in two stages from 1 April 2014 (21%) and then from 1 April 2015 (20%). This will reduce any furture tax charges.

8. Debtors

•	2014	2013
	£	£
Trade debtors	306,068	_
Corporation tax repayable	37,131	_
Finance debtor	18,945,065	19,297,211
Prepayments and accrued income	38,508	169,652
	19,326,772	19,466,863

The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after more than one year:

	2014	2013
	£	£
Finance debtor	18,581,464	18,947,126

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2014	2013
	£	£
Bank loans	568,546	524,043
Trade creditors	166,042	120,497
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,584,355	1,314,018
Corporation tax	_	17,473
Other taxation	104,773	89,177
Other creditors	· -	22,422
Accruals and deferred income	42,779	42,712
	2,466,495	2,130,342

The amounts owed to group undertakings consists of accrued interest of £1,508,746 and group tax relief of £75,609.

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

2014	2013
	£
Bank loans 13,884,913	14,453,459
Amounts owed to group undertakings 1,574,200	1,574,200
15,459,113	16,027,659
Accruals and deferred income 522,873	470,831
15,981,986	16,498,490

Amounts owed to group undertakings relates to subordinated debt due to the immediate parent Company Ashburton Services (Holdings) Limited. Interest on the subordinated loan is charged at 12.509%. The loan bears a Coupon of 12.37 per cent per annum and repayment of capital should have commenced on 30 September 2006. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable quarterly on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December each year. The investment sum was advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and is therefore unsecured, and would rank alongside ordinary creditors in the case of a winding up.

The bank loan is secured by a floating charge over all the assets, rights and undertakings of the Company.

Included within bank loans are arrangement fees of £168,493 (2013: £182,117) which is written off to the profit and loss account over the period of the loan.

The Company has a bank loan of £14,383,952 (2013: £14,694,619). This loan was drawn down under a non-recourse financing agreement and is repayable over 28 years following financial close in monthly instalments and commenced on 30 September 2006. The interest rate on this loan is fixed. The Company took a supplemental loan out in 2007 of £1,950,000. The interest rate on the loan is LIBOR. On 17th June 2011 a side letter was agreed with the senior lender to use any surplus cash to repay the supplemental credit facility as early as possible. No shareholder distributions will be paid until the supplemental loan is repaid in full. The supplemental loan balance at the year end is £238,000 (2013: £465,000).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

11. Creditors - capital instruments

Creditors include loans which is due for repayment as follows:

	2014	2013
	£	£
Amounts repayable:		
In one year or less or on demand	568,546	524,043
In more than one year but not more than two years	347,571	568,546
In more than two years but not more than five years	1,232,590	1,133,531
In more than five years	13,878,952	14,325,582
	16,027,659	16,551,702

12. Financial risk management objectives and policies

Interest rate risk

Due to the nature of the company's business, the only financial risks the directors consider relevant to this company are credit, cash flow, interest rate and liquidity risk. The credit and cash flow risks are not considered significant as the Authority is the sole client and the directors are satisfied that the Authority will be able to fulfill its obligations under the Project Agreement as it is underwritten by the Secretary of State.

The financial risk management objectives of the company are to ensure that financial risks are mitigated by the use of financial instruments where they cannot be addressed by means of contractual provisions. The company uses interest rate swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate movements. Financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's financial obligations, including the repayment of its borrowings which are provided on a long-term basis, have been structured to be met from the income which, under normal operating conditions, will be earned from its long-term concession contract with the Authority.

13. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2014		2013	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,241,550	1,241,550	1,241,550	1,241,550

Ashburton Services Limited is 100% owned by Ashburton Services (Holdings) Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2014

14. Profit and loss account

		2014	2013
		£	£
	Balance brought forward	525,304	325,491
	Profit for the financial year	112,082	199,813
	Balance carried forward	637,386	525,304
15.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Profit for the financial year	112,082	199,813
	Opening shareholders' funds	1,766,854	1,567,041
	Closing shareholders' funds	1,878,936	1,766,854

16. Related party disclosures

The directors have considered the provisions contained within FRS 8 and are satisfied that there are no further disclosures required.

17. Ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent undertaking and controlling party is Ashburton Services (Holdings) Limited.

The ultimate parent and controlling entity is Infrastructure Investment (Portal) Limited Partnership. The smallest and largest group in which the results are consolidated is Infrastructure Investment (Portal) Limited Partnership. These accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from 12 Charles II Street, London, SW1Y 4QE.