# REACT MEDICAL LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# AS AT 31 MAY 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	3,706		2,735	
Cash at bank and in hand		880		2,458	
		4,586		5,193	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(4,239)		(4,027)	
Net current assets			347		1,166
net current assets			347		1,100
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		200		200
Profit and loss reserves			147		966
Total equity			347		1,166

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 May 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 October 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Horton

Director

Company Registration No. 04775788

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

# 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

React Medical Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Prospect Place, Nashenden Lane, Rochester, Kent, ME1 3JJ.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for provision of first aid and personal training services provided in the normal course of business.

# 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment 25% straight line Fixtures and fittings 33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

# 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

## Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

# Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2017 - 2).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

3	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and	Fixtures and	Total
		equipment	fittings	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost At 1, lune 2017 and 21 May 2019	1,953	1,417	3,370
	At 1 June 2017 and 31 May 2018	1,955 ——		3,370
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 June 2017 and 31 May 2018	1,953	1,417	3,370
	Carrying amount At 31 May 2018	_		
	ALST May 2016			
	At 31 May 2017			
				_
_				
4	Debtors		2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	,			
	Trade debtors		2,190	1,155
	Other debtors		1,516	1,580
			3,706	2,735
			===	===
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade creditors		698	-
	Corporation tax		2,341	2,827
	Other creditors		1,200	1,200
			4.000	4.007
			4,239	4,027
6	Called up share capital			
			2018	2017
	Outliness shows control		£	£
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid			
	100 Ordinary A shares of £1 each		100	100
	100 Ordinary B shares of £1 each		100	100
			200	200
				_

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2018

# 7 Directors' transactions

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	AmountsAmounts repaidClosing balance advanced		
		£	£	£	£
Transactions with directors	-	1,580	16,568	(16,633)	1,515
		1,580	16,568	(16,633)	1,515

This amount was fully repaid on 18 October 2018.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.