

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

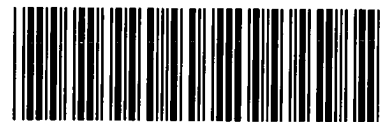
Directors' Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 March 2021

Company Number 04772219

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Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

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Company Information

Directors	M W Grinonneau S F Murphy C S E Douglass D Vermeer J D Sutcliffe
Registered number	04772219
Registered office	9th Floor Cobalt Square 83-85 Hagley Road Birmingham B16 8QG
Independent auditors	Goodman Jones LLP 29/30 Fitzroy Square London W1T 6LQ

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies entitled to the small companies' exemption and the company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Principal activities

The company manages four health centres under the Government's LIFT Initiative.

Dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £537,000 (2020 - £510,000).

Dividends of £336,000 (2020 - £Nil) were paid during the year. No further dividends are proposed.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and to the date of this report were:

M W Grinonneau
S F Murphy
C S E Douglass
D Vermeer
J D Sutcliffe

Going concern

At the year-end, the company had net assets of £4,066,000 (2020 - £3,374,000), which includes the negative fair value of interest rate and RPI swaps, net of related deferred tax, of £2,696,000 (2020 - £3,187,000), which are on long-term agreements as part of the overall financial model of the business. The company has net current assets (excluding debtors due after more than one year) of £936,000 (2020 - £1,230,000), including cash of £1,850,000 (2020 - £2,003,000).

The COVID-19 pandemic is continuing to have a significant impact on the UK economy which creates uncertainty in respect of all future business plans. At the time of writing, the Directors continue to believe that there is limited going concern risk to the company, as its major Tenant, Community Health Partnerships (CHP) has continued to follow the Government's procurement policy ensuring all lease payments were made during the year and will continue to be paid going forward.

There is a small possibility that the FM service provider struggles to comply with its contractual obligations as a result of the pandemic due to a shortage of maintenance staff or issues in their materials supply chain. This situation has been closely monitored during the year and has not presented any significant issues. The Directors continue to monitor the situation closely and are fully up to date with any developments that may impact on their service delivery and that their Business Continuity Plan is regularly reviewed and updated as necessary.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Directors' Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Going concern (continued)

The directors have reviewed the future liquidity requirements and have considered the cash flow forecasts of the company. The company produces long term financial forecasts which show the company is able to operate and meet its financial obligations as they fall due, including compliance with all loan covenants. Based on this review and the future business prospects of the company, the directors believe the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Having regard to the above and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The directors of the company have qualifying third party indemnity provisions put in place through other companies of which they are also directors.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

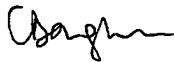
Directors' Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 25-11-21 and signed on its behalf.



C S E Douglass
Director

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report and financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

Respective responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to industry sector regulations and unethical and prohibited business practices, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and UK Tax Legislation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls). Appropriate audit procedures in response to these risks were carried out. These procedures included:

- Discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Obtaining and reading correspondence from legal and regulatory bodies including HMRC;
- Identifying and testing journal entries;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members; and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. The further removed instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations are from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Goodman Jones LLP

25-11-21

Paul Bailey (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Goodman Jones LLP, Statutory Auditor
London
United Kingdom

Goodman Jones LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC313156).

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Revenue	4	870	889
Cost of sales		(466)	(474)
Gross profit		404	415
Administrative expenses		(214)	(186)
Operating profit	5	190	229
Interest receivable and similar income	7	1,212	1,222
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(754)	(787)
Profit before tax		648	664
Tax on profit	9	(111)	(154)
Profit for the financial year		537	510
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Movement in cash flow hedge		606	264
Taxation in respect of items of other comprehensive income	9	(115)	33
Other comprehensive income for the year		491	297
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,028	807

The results for the current and previous financial year derive from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Registered number:04772219

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000	2020 £000
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	240		276	
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10	16,342		16,597	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	1,850		2,003	
		<u>18,432</u>		<u>18,876</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(1,154)		(1,049)	
Net current assets			<u>17,278</u>		<u>17,827</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>17,278</u>		<u>17,827</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15	(13,022)		(14,298)	
Provision for liabilities	12,17	(190)		(155)	
Net assets			<u><u>4,066</u></u>		<u><u>3,374</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	18	-		-	
Cash flow hedge reserve		(2,696)		(3,187)	
Profit and loss account		6,762		6,561	
			<u><u>4,066</u></u>		<u><u>3,374</u></u>

The company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on



25-11-21

C S E Douglass
Director

The notes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

	Called up share capital	Cash flow hedge reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 April 2020	-	(3,187)	6,561	3,374
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	537	537
Hedge effective portion of change in fair value of designated hedging instrument	-	606		606
Taxation in respect of items of other comprehensive income	-	(115)	-	(115)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	491	-	491
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	491	537	1,028
Contributions by and distributions to owners				
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	(336)	(336)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	(336)	(336)
At 31 March 2021	-	(2,696)	6,762	4,066

Dividends of £336,000 per share (2020: Nil per share) were paid during the year. No further dividends are proposed.

The notes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital	Cash flow hedge reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 April 2019	-	(3,484)	6,051	2,567
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	-	-	510	510
Hedge effective portion of change in fair value of designated hedging instrument	-	264	-	264
Taxation in respect of items of other comprehensive income	-	33	-	33
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	297	-	297
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	297	510	807
At 31 March 2020	-	(3,187)	6,561	3,374

The notes on pages 11 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office of the company is given on the company information page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies.

The functional currency is pounds sterling and rounded to the nearest £'000.

In preparing the separate financial statements, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available in FRS 102:

- No cash flow statement has been presented for the company;
- The company has taken advantage of exemption, not to disclose related party transactions between members wholly owned members of the group.

2.2 Going concern

At the year-end, the company had net assets of £4,066,000 (2020 - £3,374,000), which includes the negative fair value of interest rate and RPI swaps, net of related deferred tax, of £2,696,000 (2020 - £3,187,000), which are on long-term agreements as part of the overall financial model of the business. The company has net current assets (excluding debtors due after more than one year) of £936,000 (2020- £1,230,000), including cash of £1,850,000 (2020 - £2,003,000).

The COVID-19 pandemic is continuing to have a significant impact on the UK economy which creates uncertainty in respect of all future business plans. At the time of writing, the Directors continue to believe that there is limited going concern risk to the company, as its major Tenant, Community Health Partnerships (CHP) has continued to follow the Government's procurement policy ensuring all lease payments were made during the year and will continue to be paid going forward.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Going concern (continued)

There is a small possibility that the FM service provider struggles to comply with its contractual obligations as a result of the pandemic due to a shortage of maintenance staff or issues in their materials supply chain. This situation has been closely monitored during the year and has not presented any significant issues. The Directors continue to monitor the situation closely and are fully up to date with any developments that may impact on their service delivery and that their Business Continuity Plan is regularly reviewed and updated as necessary.

The directors have reviewed the future liquidity requirements and have considered the cash flow forecasts of the company. The company produces long term financial forecasts which show the company is able to operate and meet its financial obligations as they fall due, including compliance with all loan covenants. Based on this review and the future business prospects of the company, the directors believe the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Having regard to the above and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

2.3 Financial assets

Financial assets, other than investments and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise cash at bank, trade debtors, finance debtors, other debtors and amounts owed by group undertakings.

2.4 Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise bank and other loans, trade creditors, other creditors, amounts owed to group undertakings and accruals.

2.5 Hedge accounting

The company has entered into variable to fixed rate interest swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate cash flow risk on its variable rate debt. The company has also entered into RPI swaps to hedge the potential variability in future revenue cash flows arising from movements in RPI. These derivatives are measured at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent the hedge is effective; movements in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented in a separate cash flow hedge reserve. Any ineffective portions of those movements are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Revenue

2.6.1 Public to private concession arrangements

A substantial portion of the company's assets are used within the framework of concession contracts granted by public sector customers ('grantors'). Under these contracts, the company constructs primary care centres that are leased to the NHS on 25 year leases.

In order to fall within the scope of FRS 102 s34. 12, a contract must satisfy the following two criteria:

- the grantor controls or regulates what services the operator must provide with the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price; and
- the grantor controls the significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

Pursuant to FRS 102 s34. 14, such infrastructures are not recognised in assets of the operator as property, plant and equipment but in financial assets ('financial asset model').

2.6.2 'Financial asset model'

The financial asset model applies when the operator has an unconditional right to receive cash or another financial asset from the grantor.

In the case of concession services, the operator has such an unconditional right if the grantor contractually guarantees the payment of;

- amounts specified or determined in the contract; or
- the shortfall, if any, between amounts received from users of the public service and amounts specified or determined in the contract.

Financial assets resulting from the application of FRS 102 s34. 14 are recorded in the balance sheet under the heading finance debtors and measured at amortised cost.

Pursuant to section 23 of FRS 102, revenue associated with this financial asset model comprises service remuneration which relates to facilities management, lifecycle maintenance and ad hoc property related income. Service remuneration is recognised as services are delivered.

Costs recognised in respect of service remuneration activities in advance of the work being undertaken are recognised as an asset within 'Other debtors' where the asset can be reliably measured and it is considered probable that those costs give rise to future revenue under the concession arrangements.

2.6.3 Other revenue items

Cost recoveries income is recognised to off-set costs as those costs are incurred.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have been originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.8 Provisions

The company has recognised provisions for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount in respect of lifecycle obligations existing at the reporting date. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. Discounting, to reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the liability, is considered immaterial given the company expects to settle the obligations within the next financial year.

2.9 Reserves

The company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- Cash flow hedge reserve represents the cumulative portion of gains and losses on hedging instruments deemed effective, net of relevant tax charges.
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

3. Accounting estimates and judgments

The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the financial year are as follows:

3.1 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Financial asset (note 11) – The calculation of the amortised cost of finance receivables requires an estimate of the residual value of the property at the end of the lease term. This estimate is based on the residual value allocated to the property in the financial models, which form the basis for the calculation of rent charged to the lessee and which were assessed at financial close.

The directors have applied their judgement in determining the valuation policy and estimate, and are of the opinion that the values and assumptions currently used in the financial model continue to be appropriate. They continue to take a regular review of these assumptions, and will review and update this assessment as the position becomes less uncertain in future periods.

Financial asset interest rate (note 7 and 11) – The financial asset interest income is based on the weighted average cost of debt of the project and is applied to the carrying value of the financial asset on a quarterly basis. The interest rate used in 2021 is 7.59% (2020: 7.59%) per annum.

RPI index (note 11) - The finance debtors predict a level of RPI increases for future receipts and expenditure. This represents a degree of judgement and uncertainty given the nature of RPI. Where RPI differs from the estimated rate of 2.5%, this will impact future receipts/expenditure and thus increase/reduce the service margin (see below), which affects the amount of revenue recognised in any given period.

Service margin (notes 4 and 11) - After the property is constructed, the company provides property management services. The remuneration for these services is recognised at cost plus an estimated mark up for profit on property management services. The service margin rate used in 2021 is 21.75% (2020: 50.65%) per annum. It is the policy of the directors that the service margin is reviewed annually on 1 April each year to generate a new service margin rate, which is to be applied in the proceeding financial year.

Lifecycle provision (note 17) - Provision is made in respect of lifecycle repairs/replacements required as at the reporting date, which the company is obligated to carry out under its lease agreements. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Derivative valuations (note 19) - Derivatives are professionally valued annually. The estimated value of derivative transactions is the valuation at the balance sheet date and this valuation can change significantly even over a very short space of time. The valuation of derivative transactions is complex and such transactions can be calculated in a number of different ways and using a variety of methods. There are a number of factors that can affect the value of a transaction and which may not be taken into account in the valuation estimate provided. This may result in the transaction having an actual value which is higher or lower than the estimate included in these financial statements.

3.2 Critical judgements

Concession arrangements - The concession arrangements undertaken by the company are considered to fall within the scope of section 34 of FRS 102 "Service Concession Arrangements", as described in the turnover note. This judgement has been based on a consideration of the nature and terms of the agreements and, in all contracts, the existence of an option for the grantor to purchase the properties at the end of the contract.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

4. Revenue

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Service remuneration	654	720
Cost recoveries	147	108
Rental income (third party)	63	61
Other income	6	-
	<u>870</u>	<u>889</u>

5. Operating profit

Auditor's remuneration is borne by the parent company, Sandwell Estates Partnership Limited.

The company had no employees during the year or the prior year.

6. Directors' remuneration

The directors did not receive any remuneration from the company for their services to the company during the year or the previous year. The directors are remunerated by the shareholding companies for their services to the group as a whole. It is not practicable to apportion their remuneration for their services to this company.

7. Interest receivable and similar income

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bank interest receivable	1	15
Financial asset interest receivable	1,211	1,207
	<u>1,212</u>	<u>1,222</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

8. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bank interest payable	584	618
Amortisation of loan issue costs	3	3
Loan note interest payable	167	166
	<u>754</u>	<u>787</u>

9. Taxation

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	23	-
Deferred tax (note 12)		
Origination and reversal of timing differences - current year	88	197
Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	-	(43)
Total deferred tax	<u>88</u>	<u>154</u>
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	<u>111</u>	<u>154</u>
Taxation in respect of other comprehensive income		
Cash flow hedge reserve	115	(33)
Total taxation in respect of other comprehensive income	<u>115</u>	<u>(33)</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

9. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>648</u>	<u>664</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)	123	126
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible	4	38
Non-taxable income	(16)	(53)
Change in tax rate	-	43
Total tax charge for the year	<u>111</u>	<u>154</u>

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Bill 2021, published on 11 March 2021, increases the main rate of Corporation tax to 25% for the year commencing 1 April 2023. These changes have not been reflected in the carrying value of the deferred tax asset at the balance sheet date since the rates changes were not enacted at that date.

The deferred taxation liability has therefore been calculated at 19%, being the rate substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

10. Debtors

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Due after more than one year		
Finance debtors (note 11)	16,342	16,537
Deferred taxation (note 12)	-	60
	<u>16,342</u>	<u>16,597</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

10. Debtors (continued)

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	29	64
Finance debtors (note 11)	113	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	14
Amounts owed by related parties	30	21
Other debtors	47	167
Prepayments and accrued income	21	10
	<u>240</u>	<u>276</u>

Other debtors of £47,000 (2020: £155,000) represent costs which give rise to future revenue under the concession arrangements.

11. Financial assets

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Balance at 1 April	16,537	16,507
Income recognised in the income statement		
- service remuneration (note 4)	654	720
- interest income (note 7)	1,211	1,207
	<u>1,865</u>	<u>1,927</u>
Other movements		
- cash payments on RPI Swap	46	48
- cash received	(1,993)	(1,945)
	<u>(1,947)</u>	<u>(1,897)</u>
Balance at 31 March	<u>16,455</u>	<u>16,537</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

11. Financial assets (continued)

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Analysis of expected net receipts timing:		
Within one year	113	-
After more than one year	16,342	16,537
Balance at 31 March	16,455	16,537

12. Deferred tax liability

	2021 £000	2020 £000
At beginning of year	60	181
Charged to profit or loss	(88)	(154)
(Charge)/credit to other comprehensive income	(115)	33
At end of year	(143)	60

The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Fixed asset timing differences	(863)	(870)
Losses and other deductions	88	183
Cash flow hedge reserve	632	747
	(143)	60

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

13. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>1,850</u>	<u>2,003</u>

Included in cash at bank and in hand are bank balances totalling £1,796,000 (2020: £1,627,000) which are restricted for use in pre-described circumstances by the bank.

14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bank loans (note 16)	628	600
Trade creditors	68	127
Amounts owed to group undertakings	35	41
Amounts owed to related parties (note 16)	190	121
Other taxation and social security	64	71
Corporation tax payable	23	-
Accruals and deferred income	146	89
	<u>1,154</u>	<u>1,049</u>

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bank loans (note 16)	8,035	8,661
Amounts owed to related parties (note 16)	1,660	1,703
Derivative financial instruments (note 19)	3,327	3,934
	<u>13,022</u>	<u>14,298</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

16. Loans payable

(a) Bank loans

	2021 £000	2020 £000
The bank loans are repayable as follows		
Within one year	631	600
Between one and two years	577	631
Between two and five years	1,703	1,733
After more than five years	5,782	6,330
	<u>8,693</u>	<u>9,294</u>

Bank loans relate to a Senior Debt Facility. £2,358,000 of the facility is repayable at the end of the term (2030-2031). The remaining amounts drawn under the Facility are repayable on an agreed repayment profile of six monthly instalments that commenced on 15 January 2004 and are due to end in July 2032.

Interest charges on amounts drawn down under both the current and previous facility are based on a margin of 1.00% and 1.15% for the amortising and bullet loans respectively plus LIBOR. The company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby it pays fixed rates of 5.18% and 5.16% per annum in respect of amounts drawn under the Amortising Senior Debt Facility, and receives LIBOR. The company has also entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby it pays fixed rates of 5.13% and 5.11% per annum in respect of amounts drawn under the Bullet Senior Debt Facility, and receives LIBOR.

The swaps expire on 31 March 2031, 30 September 2030 and 30 September 2029 respectively.

The Senior Facility is secured by a first floating charge over the assets of the company.

Issue costs of £30,000 (2020 - £33,000) are offset against the bank loans and will be amortised over the duration of the facilities.

(b) Subordinated loan notes due to related parties

	2021 £000	2020 £000
The loan notes are repayable as follows		
Within one year	-	-
Between one and two years	24	156
Between two and five years	368	381
After more than five years	639	494
	<u>1,031</u>	<u>1,031</u>

The loan notes carry a coupon of 12% and are repayable in the quarter ending December 2030. The loan notes are unsecured.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

16. Loans payable (continued)

(c) Mezzanine loans due to related parties

	2021 £000	2020 £000
The loans are repayable as follows		
Within one year	43	39
Between one and two years	48	43
Between two and five years	174	158
After more than five years	407	471
	<u>672</u>	<u>711</u>

The loan notes carry a coupon of LIBOR plus 4.75% and are repayable in the predetermined semi-annual instalments ending June 2030. The company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby it pays fixed rates of 5.14% and 5.16% per annum in respect of amounts drawn under the Mezzanine Debt Facility. The aforementioned swaps on the Mezzanine Debt Facility, means the effective interest paid on the two tranches of this loan are 9.96% and 9.98% per annum. The loan is unsecured.

17. Provisions

	Deferred taxation (note 12) £000	Lifecycle provision £000	Total £000
At 1 April 2020	(60)	155	95
Charged to profit or loss	203	(108)	95
At 31 March 2021	<u>143</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>190</u>

Lifecycle provision is made in respect of lifecycle repairs/replacements required as at the reporting date, which the company is obligated to carry out under its lease agreements. The provision represents management's best estimate of the repair and replacement cost of all items identified as requiring upgrades as at the year-end. The charge in the year represents the works carried out to date.

18. Share capital

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

19. Financial instruments

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>18,421</u>	<u>18,806</u>
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	10,775	11,359
Derivative financial instruments designated as hedges of variable interest rate and RPI risk	3,327	3,934
	<u>14,102</u>	<u>15,293</u>

Derivative financial instruments designated as hedges of variable interest rate risk comprise interest rate swaps and RPI swaps.

The fair values of the interest rate and RPI swaps have been determined by reference to prices available from the markets on which the instruments involved are traded.

To hedge the potential volatility in future interest cash flows arising from movements in LIBOR, the company has entered into floating to fixed interest rate swaps with a nominal value equal to that initial borrowings, the same term as the loans and interest re-pricing dates identical to those of the variable rate loans. These result in the company paying 5.18%, 5.16%, 5.13%, 5.11%, 5.21% and 5.23% per annum, for the Amortising, Bullet and Mezzanine loans (see note 17), respectively, and receiving LIBOR (though cash flows are settled on a net basis). The company pays LIBOR, plus margins of 1% and 1.15%, on the Amortising and Bullet loans, respectively, effectively fixing the total interest cost on loans and interest rates swaps at 6.18% and 6.16% per annum on the Amortising loan and 6.28% and 6.26% per annum on the Bullet loans. The Mezzanine swaps, the loans of which are in two separate tranches, both with margins of 4.75%, have effectively fixed the interest rates at 9.96% and 9.98% per annum.

The derivatives are accounted for as a hedge of variable rate interest rate risks, in accordance with FRS 102 and had a negative fair value of £2,429,000 (2020: £3,041,000) at the reporting date. The cash flows arising from the interest rate swaps will continue until their maturity in 2031, coincidental with the repayment of the term loans. The swaps were 100% effective hedges.

Between 2004 and 2005, the company entered into eight LPA agreements having fixed contractual terms which caused their turnover to increase with RPI on a yearly basis.

To hedge the potential volatility in future revenue cash flows arising from movements in RPI, the company has entered into RPI swaps with a nominal value below that of the LPA contract but having the same term as the loans and RPI re-pricing dates identical to those of the LPA contract. These result in the company paying 2.60% and 2.86% per annum and receiving actual RPI and effectively fixing the inflation on a determined portion of the LPA contract.

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

19. Financial instruments (continued)

The derivatives are accounted for as a hedge of variable rate RPI rate risks, in accordance with FRS 102 and had a negative fair value of £898,000 (2020: £893,000) at the reporting date. The cash flows arising from the RPI swaps will continue until their maturity in 2031, coincidental with the LPA contractual terms. The swaps were 100% effective hedges.

20. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The company is controlled by Sandwell Estates Partnership Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. As at 31 March 2021, Sandwell Estates Partnership Limited was owned by Primary Plus Holdings Limited (60%) and Community Health Partnerships Limited (40%), which are both registered in England and Wales.

The directors are of the opinion that there is no ultimate parent undertaking or controlling party by virtue of the company's joint ownership and control.

21. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with companies within the group of which it is a member, where the transactions occur between entities which are wholly owned members of that group.

Key management personnel include all directors who together have authority and planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company. See note 6 for details of directors' remuneration.

The directors consider the material transactions undertaken by the company during the year with related parties were as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Sales to:		
Community Health Partnerships Limited	2,007	1,933
Balances due from:		
Community Health Partnerships Limited	30	21
Balances due to:		
Community Health Partnerships Limited	740	730
Primary Plus Holdings Limited	1,110	1,094
Interest charged by:		
Community Health Partnerships Limited	67	66
Primary Plus Holdings Limited	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Sandwell Fundco 1 Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2021

22. Other commitments

On completion of the buildings, under terms of contracts made, the company is committed to fixed payments, which increase by indexation, for Facilities Management for a 25 year period. The current year payment for these services amounted to £147,000 (2020: £143,000).

Under the terms of management agreements with its parent company, the company is committed to the payment of fixed and variable fees based on services provided in the contract term. The current year payment for these services amounted to £161,000 (2020: £108,000).