

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04750704

BRANDON JAMES DESIGN LIMITED

FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 July 2018

BRANDON JAMES DESIGN LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

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BRANDON JAMES DESIGN LIMITED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 July 2018

	Note	2018 £	£	2017 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		1,099		1,026
Current assets					
Debtors	6	24,507		22,564	
Cash at bank and in hand		59		2,444	
		-----		-----	
		24,566		25,008	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(25,605)		(25,979)	
		-----		-----	
Net current liabilities			(1,039)		(971)
			-----		-----
Total assets less current liabilities			60		55
			----		----
Net assets			60		55
			----		----
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			58		53
			----		----
Shareholders funds			60		55
			----		----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 July 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

BRANDON JAMES DESIGN LIMITED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 July 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 April 2019 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

B James

Director

Company registration number: 04750704

BRANDON JAMES DESIGN LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Lynton House, 7 - 12 Tavistock Square, London, WC1H 9BQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor vehicles	-	20% reducing balance
Computer equipment	-	25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2017: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Motor vehicles	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 August 2017	5,573	1,366	6,939
Additions	—	551	551
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 July 2018	5,573	1,917	7,490
	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2017	5,572	341	5,913
Charge for the year	—	478	478
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 July 2018	5,572	819	6,391
	-----	-----	-----
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2018	1	1,098	1,099
	-----	-----	-----
At 31 July 2017	1	1,025	1,026
	-----	-----	-----

6. Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	—	21,636
Other debtors	24,507	928
	-----	-----
	24,507	22,564
	-----	-----

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Corporation tax	20,966	15,185
Social security and other taxes	1,539	5,522
Other creditors	3,100	5,272
	-----	-----
	25,605	25,979
	-----	-----

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

Included within debtors is the amount of £18,495 (2017:£700) owing to the company from the director.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.