Delamere Palatine Limited Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts 31 March 2014

CHAMPION ALLWOODS LIMITED

Chartered Accountants 2nd Floor Refuge House 33-37 Watergate Row Chester CH1 2LE FRIDAY



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Abbreviated Accounts

Period from 1 September 2013 to 31 March 2014

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Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31 March 2014

		31 Mar 14		31 Aug 13	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets	2				
Tangible assets			740,353		740,353
Current Assets					
Debtors		97,710		41,550	
Cash at bank and in hand		22,703			
		120,413		41,550	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due Withi	in One				
Year		381,620		359,669	
Net Current Liabilities			(261,207)		(318,119)
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			479,146		422,234
Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	3		549,929		549,929
Profit and loss account			(70,783)		(127,695)
Shareholders' Funds			479,146		422,234
					=

For the period from 1 September 2013 to 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 11 December 2014, and are signed on their behalf by:

S R Williams

Company Registration Number: 4740376

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Period from 1 September 2013 to 31 March 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents rents and charges receivable and is attributable to one continuing activity of property investment in the United Kingdom.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Investment properties

Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Smaller Entities, as follows:

- (i) Investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve, unless a deficit, or its reversal on an individual property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year. The revaluation of investment properties takes into account the provisions of abstract 28 from the Urgent Issues Task Force where operating lease incentives apply to a particular investment property.
- (ii) No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Period from 1 September 2013 to 31 March 2014

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
Cost	
At 1 September 2013 and 31 March 2014	740,353
Depreciation	_
Net Book Value	
At 31 March 2014	740,353
At 31 August 2013	740,353
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Freehold investment property at 31 March 2014 is included in the financial statements at a book value of £740,353 based on acquisition cost. The directors are of the opinion that this figure represents a fair open market value at 31 March 2014 taking into account existing leases and other agreements in place at that date.

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	31 Mar 14		31 Aug 13	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	539,929	539,929	539,929	539,929
Ordinary Class A shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Ordinary Class B shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
•	549,929	549,929	549,929	549,929

4. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company was under the control of Delamere Forest Properties Limited throughout the current and previous financial periods.