Registration number: 04737403

# **CCM Partnership Limited**

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020



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(Registration number: 04737403) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	95,000	118,750
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	3,242	3,814
		98,242	122,564
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	4,536	12,181
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(49,629)	(49,826)
Net current liabilities		(45,093)	(37,645)
Total assets less current liabilities		53,149	84,919
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(50,000)	(75,000)
Provisions for liabilities		(616)	(724)
Net assets		2,533	9,195
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	5,000	5,000
Profit and loss account		(2,467)	4,195
Shareholders' funds		2,533	9,195

For the financial year ending 30 April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: 04737403) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 14 September 2020			
Mr G A Foden Director			

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 10 London Road North Poynton Stockport Cheshire SK12 1OZ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 14 September 2020.

#### 2 Accounting policies

## Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixture and Fittings

15% Net Book Value

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
5% of Cost

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 9 (2019 - 9).

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

## 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 May 2019	475,000	475,000
At 30 April 2020	475,000	475,000
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2019	356,250	356,250
Amortisation charge	23,750	23,750
At 30 April 2020	380,000	380,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2020	95,000	95,000
At 30 April 2019	118,750	118,750
5 Tangible assets		
c rangible about	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation	fittings and equipment	
	fittings and equipment	
Cost or valuation	fittings and equipment £	£
Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019	fittings and equipment £	20,533
Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019 At 30 April 2020	fittings and equipment £	20,533
Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019 At 30 April 2020 Depreciation	fittings and equipment £  20,533	20,533 20,533
Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019 At 30 April 2020  Depreciation At 1 May 2019	fittings and equipment £  20,533  20,533	20,533 20,533 16,719
Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019 At 30 April 2020  Depreciation At 1 May 2019 Charge for the year	fittings and equipment £  20,533  20,533  16,719  572	20,533 20,533 16,719 572
Cost or valuation At 1 May 2019 At 30 April 2020  Depreciation At 1 May 2019 Charge for the year At 30 April 2020	fittings and equipment £  20,533  20,533  16,719  572	20,533 20,533 16,719 572

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

6 Debtors			
		2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors		3,160	11,160
Prepayments		1,376	1,021
		4,536	12,181
7 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
· ·	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>9</u>	14,419	19,054
Trade creditors		384	483
Directors loan accounts		23,475	17,974
Taxation and social security		4,293	7,422
Other creditors		7,058	4,893
		49,629	49,826
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	50,000	75,000
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	50,000	75,000

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

## 8 Share capital

## Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
9 Loans and borrowings			2020	2019
			2020 £	2015 £
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Other borrowings		=	50,000	75,000
			2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings			**	~
Bank overdrafts		_	14,419	19,054

The bank loan and overdraft were secured on the premises until it was sold on 19th December 2018, which is owned by the directors jointly, from which the company is trading.

## Yew Street

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