Kadaba Rajkumar Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2018

Kadaba Rajkumar Limited

Registered number: 04720721

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		9,889		558,964
Current assets					
Investments held as current					
assets	4	35,233		2,000	
Cash at bank and in hand	•	784,417		246,397	
		819,650		248,397	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(91,683)		(129,921)	
Net current assets			727,967		118,476
Total assets less current		_		_	
liabilities			737,856		677,440
Provisions for liabilities			(1,865)		(1,775)
Net assets		_	735,991	_	675,665
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,150		1,150
Profit and loss account			734,841		674,515
			, = .,=		2,2.0
Shareholders' funds			735,991	_	675,665

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Approved by the board on 28 December 2018

# Kadaba Rajkumar Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

## Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

## Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Instruments and equipment

15% reducing balance

### Investments

Investment properties and unlisted investments are measured at fair value on a year-by-year basis. Changes in fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account as unrealsied gains or losses but are ineffective for both corporation tax and deferred tax purposes. Fair value is estimated by the director and will normally approximate open-market value. This method is considered appropriate because of the costs otherwise involved.

## **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

## **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

## Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to

recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## **Pensions**

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Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2018	2017
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the con	np <b>any</b>	1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Investment property	Instruments & equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2017	550,000	25,794	575,794
	Additions	-	2,670	2,670
	Disposals	(550,000)		(550,000)
	At 31 March 2018		28,464	28,464
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2017	-	16,830	16,830
	Charge for the year	-	1,745	1,745
	At 31 March 2018		18,575	18,575
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2018	-	9,889	9,889
	At 31 March 2017	550,000	8,964	558,964
	Freehold land and buildings:		2018	2017
	Troonord fand and ballangs.		£	£
	Historical cost		517,359	517,359
	Cumulative depreciation based on historical cost		,	

4	Investments held as current assets	2018	2017
		£	£
	Cost		
	Unlisted investments	35,233	2,000

The director has been unable to provide an indication of fair value so, exceptionally, current asset investments have been valued at cost.

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Corporation tax	37,325	62,172
	Other taxes and social security costs	216	321
	Other creditors	54,142	67,428
		91,683	129,921

# 6 Transactions with the Director

The company afforded its Director the use of a current account during the year, on which the following transactions were incurred summarised in broad categories:

	2018
	£
Balance brought forward-due to the Director	63,368
Use or Director's personal asset	520
Private mileage incurred on company business	1,260
Dividends credited	30,000
Advances paid to the Director	(45,000)
Director's personal expenditure settled by company	(319)
Balance carried forward-due to the Director	49,829

The advances are on an interest-free, non contractual basis.

# 7 Other information

Kadaba Rajkumar Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Wales. Its registered office is:

2 Shepley Court

Heol Isaf, Radyr

Cardiff

South Glamorgan

**CF15 8DX** 

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