Registration number: 04715116

# Jarrang Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Harland Accountants 1a Berkeley Court Berkeley Vale Falmouth Cornwall TR11 3PB

# Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>10</u>

# **Company Information**

**Director** Mr Stafford John Sumner

**Company secretary** Mr Samuel Normington

**Registered office** Maritime House

Discovery Quay Falmouth Cornwall

**TR113XA** 

**Accountants** Harland Accountants

1a Berkeley Court Berkeley Vale Falmouth Cornwall TR11 3PB

Page 1

# (Registration number: 04715116) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	<b>2019</b> £	2018 £
Fired seeks			
Fixed assets	J	40.070	46400
Intangible assets	4 5 6	18,072	16,102
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	42,773	10,228
Investments	<u>6</u>	36,000	36,000
		96,845	62,330
Current assets			
Debtors		33,899	45,876
Cash at bank and in hand		23,058	50,229
		56,957	96,105
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(105,425)	(115,732)
Net current liabilities		(48,468)	(19,627)
Total assets less current liabilities		48,377	42,703
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(4,760)	(15,180)
Provisions for liabilities		(5,184)	(2,046)
Net assets		38,433	25,477
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	88	88
Share premium reserve	_	988	988
Revaluation reserve		50,822	51,984
Profit and loss account		(13,465)	(27,583)
Total equity	_	38,433	25,477

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

# Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{10}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 04715116)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and aut	horised by the director on 7 June 2019
	·············
Mr Stafford John S	Sumner
Director	
	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{10}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Maritime House Discovery Quay Falmouth Cornwall TR11 3XA

**United Kingdom** 

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 7 June 2019.

### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The company has the continued support of the director.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

# Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Short Leasehold

Straight line over the life of the lease

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Furniture
Fittings and equipment

Straight line over the life of the lease 20% straight line

#### **Development costs**

Development expenditure is written off in the same year unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects.

In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period from which the company is expected to benefit.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Development costs Over 3 years

#### **Business combinations**

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

#### Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Page 6

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 8 (2018 - 10).

Page 7

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 4 Intangible assets

	Internally generated software development costs £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2018	45,351	45,351
Additions internally developed	9,067	9,067
At 31 March 2019	54,418	54,418
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2018	29,249	29,249
Amortisation charge	7,097	7,097
At 31 March 2019	36,346	36,346
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2019	18,072	18,072
At 31 March 2018	16,102	16,102

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

# 5 Tangible assets

	Short Leasehold property £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2018	-	69,482	69,482
Revaluations	-	(40)	(40)
Additions	17,725	22,822	40,547
Disposals		(1,812)	(1,812)
At 31 March 2019	17,725	90,452	108,177
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	-	59,254	59,254
Charge for the year	1,892	4,508	6,400
Eliminated on disposal		(250)	(250)
At 31 March 2019	1,892	63,512	65,404
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	15,833	26,940	42,773
At 31 March 2018		10,228	10,228

## Revaluation

The fair value of the company's Fixtures and Fittings was revalued on 30 September 2018. An independent valuer was not involved.

Had this class of asset been measured on a historical cost basis, the carrying amount would have been £8,949 (2018 - £ 10,228).

# 6 Investments

	2019	2018
	£	£
Investments in subsidiaries	36,000	36,000

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Subsidiaries	£
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018	36,000
Provision	
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2019	36,000
At 31 March 2018	36,000

# **Details of undertakings**

Details of the investments (including principal place of business of unincorporated entities) in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Undertaking	Registered office	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held	
			2019	2018
Subsidiary undertakings				
Mailaway Limited	Maritime House Discovery Quay Falmouth Cornwall	Ordinary	100%	100%
	England			

## 6.1 Group accounts

The company is entitled to the exemption under Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 from the obligation to prepare group accounts.

#### 7 Share capital

## Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	88	88	88	88
	Page 10			

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