Registration number: 04712027

COE STONE LTD

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

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Company Information

Directors Mr O M Coe

Mr T A Kinghorn-Evans

Company secretary Mrs R Coe

Registered office Cleeve House

11 Goat Street Haverfordwest SA61 1PX

Accountants Wynne And Co Limited

Chartered Accountants

Forestry House Brewery Road Carmarthen Carmarthenshire

SA311TF

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(Registration number: 04712027) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019

	Note	30 April 2019 £	30 April 2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	24,594	27,716
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	22,267	10,302
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	6,263	23,777
Cash at bank and in hand		19,771	7,113
		48,301	41,192
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(39,118)	(40,706)
Net current assets		9,183	486
Total assets less current liabilities		33,777	28,202
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(4,225)	(8,125)
Provisions for liabilities		(6,495)	(3,535)
Net assets	_	23,057	16,542
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	2	2
Profit and loss account		23,055	16,540
Total equity	_	23,057	16,542

For the financial year ending 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{12}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 04712027) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Mr O M Coe	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{12}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Approved and authorised by the Board on 25 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Cleeve House 11 Goat Street Haverfordwest SA61 1PX

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 25 September 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Freehold property	at varying rates on cost
Plant and machinery	25% on reducing balance
Fixture and fittings	25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Computer equipment	25% on reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
Fully amortised

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2018 - 4).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 May 2018	25,000	25,000
At 30 April 2019	25,000	25,000
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2018	25,000	25,000
At 30 April 2019	25,000	25,000
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2019		-

5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets
Cost or valuation				
At 1 May 2018	9,847	5,657	22,129	53,263
Additions				1,657
At 30 April 2019	9,847	5,657	22,129	54,920
Depreciation				
At 1 May 2018	736	5,117	13,480	43,847
Charge for the year	98	135	2,163	2,383
At 30 April 2019	834	5,252	15,643	46,230
Carrying amount				
At 30 April 2019	9,013	405	6,486	8,690
At 30 April 2018	9,111	540	8,649	9,416

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 May 2018	90,896
Additions	1,657
At 30 April 2019	92,553
Depreciation	
At 1 May 2018	63,180
Charge for the year	4,779
At 30 April 2019	67,959
Carrying amount	
At 30 April 2019	24,594
At 30 April 2018	27,716

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £9,012 (2018 - £9,110) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

6 Stocks

	30 April 2019 £	30 April 2018 £
Work in progress	20,872	8,602
Closing Stock	1,395	1,700
	22,267	10,302

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

7 Debtors			
		30 April 2019 £	30 April 2018 £
Trade debtors		6,263	23,777
		6,263	23,777
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	30 April 2019 £	30 April 2018 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	10	3,900	3,900
Trade creditors	_	4,873	9,218
Taxation and social security		8,992	11,049
Accruals and deferred income		1,200	1,155
Other creditors		20,153	15,384
	_	39,118	40,706
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		30 April	30 April
	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year			

Loans and borrowings

<u>10</u>

4,225

8,125

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

30 April

2019

30 April

2018

2019

£

3,900

2018

£

3,900

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary B of £1 each	1	1	1	1
=	2	2	2	2
10 Loans and borrowings			30 April 2019	30 April 2018
			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings				
Bank borrowings		_	4,225	8,125
			30 April	30 April

11 Dividends

Bank borrowings

Interim dividends paid

Current loans and borrowings

	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Interim dividend of £1.00 per each Ordinary A	7,500	9,000
Interim dividend of £1.00 per each Ordinary B	7,500	9,000
	15,000	18,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

12 Related party transactions

Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Remuneration	39,00	35,151

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.