#### Company Registration No. 04707425 (England and Wales)

#### ST CHRISTOPHER'S HOLDINGS LIMITED

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1 APRIL 2017

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr K C Knowles

Mr L Knowles
Mr M Roberts

Company number

04707425

Registered office

Overlord House 1D Colet Gardens Hammersmith London England W14 9DH

**Auditor** 

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 25 Farringdon Street

London

United Kingdom EC4A 4AB

**Business address** 

Overlord House 1D Colet Gardens Hammersmith London England W14 9DH

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1 APRIL 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 1 April 2017.

#### Principal activities

The company was dormant and has not traded during the year.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr K Č Knowles

Mr T R Sykes Mr L Knowles (Resigned 12 September 2017) (Appointed 12 September 2017)

Mr M Roberts

(Appointed 12 September 2017)

#### **Auditor**

The auditor, RSM UK Audit LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

on behalf of the board

Mr K O Knowles

Director

18/12/17

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1 APRIL 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ST CHRISTOPHER'S HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 7. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 1 April 2017 and of its result for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report or in preparing the directors' report.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Paul Newman BSc ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
25 Farringdon Street
London
EC4A 4AB
United Kingdom

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 1 APRIL 2017

		2011	2017		2016	
·	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Investments	3		76		76	
Current assets						
Debtors	4	955,326	•	955,326		
Creditors: amounts falling due within						
one year	5	(76)		(76)		
Net current assets			955,250		955,250	
Total assets less current liabilities			955,326		955,326	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	6		185,247		185,247	
Profit and loss reserves			770,079		770,079	
Total equity			955,326		955,326	

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18.112.11.7 and are signed on its behalf by:

M K C Knowles

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1 APRIL 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

St Christopher's Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Overlord House, 1D Colet Gardens, Hammersmith, London, England, W14 9DH.

#### **Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### Going concern

No material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the directors, therefore the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### **Profit and loss account**

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

#### Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1 APRIL 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors, loans to fellow group companies, and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, and loans from fellow group compani, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

#### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting period.

#### 2 Income statement

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding year. During this time the company has received no income and incurred no expenditure therefore no income statement is presented in these financial statements.

#### 3 Fixed asset investments

		2017 £	2016 £
Investments	· .	76	76 

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 1 APRIL 2017

3	Fixed asset investments (Continued)		
	Movements in fixed asset investments		
			Shares
	04		£
	Cost or valuation		76
	At 1 April 2016 & 1 April 2017		
	Carrying amount		
	At 01 April 2017	•	76
			====
	At 31 March 2016		76
4	Debtors		
4	Deptors	2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	, ,	_	_
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	955,326	955,326
	·	<del></del>	<del></del>
_	O PA		
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		2017 £	2016 £
		•	-
	Amounts due to group undertakings	76	76
6	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
	Ordinary share capital	£	£
	Issued and fully paid		
	185,247 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	185,247	185,247
	Total Committee of the control of th		

#### 7 Parent company

The parent of the smallest group for which consolidated accounts are drawn up of which the company is a member is Beds & Bars Limited, a company with a registered office of 1D Colet Gardens, Hammersmith, London, England, W14 9DH.

The ultimate parent company at 1 April 2017 was Beds & Bars Group Limited.