Registered number: 04707338

ST CHRISTOPHER'S INNS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

ST CHRISTOPHER'S INNS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04707338

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 25 MARCH 2023

	Note		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets					
Investment property	4		4,187,000		4,187,000
		-	4,187,000		4,187,000
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5	13,324,935		12,923,895	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	30,627		32,191	
		13,355,562		12,956,086	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(9,034,115)		(9,118,015)	
Net current assets			4,321,447		3,838,071
Total assets less current liabilities		-	8,508,447		8,025,071
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax		(936,445)		(926,636)	
			(936,445)		(926,636)
Net assets		-	7,572,002		7,098,435
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		1		1
Profit and loss account			7,572,001		7,098,434
		_	7,572,002	•	7,098,435

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 22 December 2023.

Mr K C Knowles

ST CHRISTOPHER'S INNS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 04707338

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 25 MARCH 2023

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

1. General information

St Christopher's Inn Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Overlord House, 1D Colet Gardens, Hammersmith, London, England, W14 9DH.

The company's principal activities and nature of its operations are disclosed in the Directors' Report.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The directors have prepared a detailed business plan including cash flow projections which indicate that the group will meet the revised measurement requirements of HSBC.

Having considered potential risks and the current economic environment, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group and company will achieve the forecasted performance and has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The current and future financial position of the Company, it's cash flows and liquidity position have been reviewed by the directors. These have been prepared with a prudent view of the continued performance in each of the Company's operating locations and have been stress tested to ensure that cash flows and liquidity are sufficiently robust to allow the Company to continue to trade during this period.

Based on the foregoing, the directors believe that it remains appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover represents the rental income from the letting of the company's investment property and is recognised on a receivable basis.

2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.7 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by Directors. When required an external valuation is derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic finanacial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors, loans to fellow group companies, and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement consistutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement consistutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

2023 2022 No. No.

Directors

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

4. Investment property

Freehold investment property

£

Valuation

At 26 March 2022 4,187,000

At 25 March 2023 4,187,000

Investment property comprises of properties rented out to fellow group undertakings.

The fair value of the company's investment properties has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at 25 November 2014 by Christie & Co, Chartered Surveyors. The directors consider the above valuation to be a fair representation of the property's fair value at 26 March 2022 and 25 March 2023.

The valuation conforms to International Valuation Standards and was based on recent market transactions on arm's length terms for similar properties. Christie & Co are Chartered Surveyors and members of RICS.

The original cost of the land and buildings included at valuation was £3,769,885 (2022: £3,769,885).

5. Debtors

Due after more than one year

	Amounts owed by group undertakings	13,324,935	12,923,895
		13,324,935	12,923,895
6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	30,627	32,191
		30,627	32,191

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	9,019,784	9,112,639
Other taxation and social security	14,331	5,376
	9.034.115	9.118.015

8. Financial instruments

	£	£
Financial assets		

2023

30,627

2022

32,191

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank and in hand.

9. Share capital

	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2022 - 1) Ordinary share of £1.00	1	1

Ordinary shares have full voting, dividend and capital distribution rights. They do not confer any rights of redemption.

10. Related party transactions

The group has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 'Related Party Transactions' from disclosing related party transactions with other Group entities that are wholly owned.

11. Post balance sheet events

The directors have concluded that no material events have occurred since the date of approval of these financial statements that would affect the financial statements of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 MARCH 2023

12. Parent company

The parent of the smallest and largest group for which consolidated accounts are drawn up of which the company is a member is Beds & Bars Group Limited, a company with a registered office of Overlord House, 1D Colet Gardens, Hammersmith, London, England, W14 9DH.

Beds & Bars Group Limited is the ultimate parent company.

The ultimate controlling party is Mr K C Knowles.

13. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 25 March 2023 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 22 December 2023 by Karanjit Gill FCCA (Senior statutory auditor) on behalf of Xeinadin Audit Limited t/a Elman Wall.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.