

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04699079

Bikes Trikes 'n Stuff Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

30 June 2019

Bikes Trikes 'n Stuff Ltd
Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2019

		2019		2018
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	5		148,795	149,691
Current assets				
Stocks		37,500		57,841
Debtors	6	3,954		4,111
Cash at bank and in hand		55,920		42,197
		97,374		104,149
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	167,019		181,145
Net current liabilities			69,645	76,996
Total assets less current liabilities			79,150	72,695
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		83,193	86,795
Net liabilities			(4,043)	(14,100)

Bikes Trikes 'n Stuff Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

30 June 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		20	20
Profit and loss account		(4,063)	(14,120)
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Shareholders deficit		(4,043)	(14,100)
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 August 2019 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J J Morpeth

Director

Company registration number: 04699079

Bikes Trikes 'n Stuff Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is First Drove, Fengate, Peterborough, PE1 5BJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2018: 5).

5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost						
At 1 Jul 2018	141,761	16,156	1,120	10,680	3,748	173,465
Additions	—	1,450	—	—	—	1,450
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At 30 Jun 2019	141,761	17,606	1,120	10,680	3,748	174,915
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Depreciation						
At 1 Jul 2018	—	12,108	766	7,849	3,051	23,774
Charge for the year	—	1,375	88	708	175	2,346
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At 30 Jun 2019	—	13,483	854	8,557	3,226	26,120
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Carrying amount						
At 30 Jun 2019	141,761	4,123	266	2,123	522	148,795
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At 30 Jun 2018	141,761	4,048	354	2,831	697	149,691
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6. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other debtors	3,954	4,111
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7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,609	3,609
Trade creditors	2,643	4,110
Corporation tax	3,327	1,514
Social security and other taxes	6,551	7,425
Other creditors	150,889	164,487
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	167,019	181,145
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8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	83,193	86,795
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9. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the FRSSE.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.