Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2019



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### (Registration number: 04697450) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			•
Intangible assets	4	6,000	7,000
Tangible assets	5	19,322	11,525
	_	25,322	18,525
Current assets			
Stocks	6	1,900	2,750
Debtors	7	8,111	18,558
Cash at bank and in hand	_	22,475	2,055
		32,486	23,363
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(40,945)	(25,627)
Net current liabilities	_	(8,459)	(2,264)
Total assets less current liabilities		16,863	16,261
Provisions for liabilities	_	(3,671)	(2,190)
Net assets	=	13,192	14,071
Capital and reserves		•	
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	_	13,092	13,971
Total equity	=	13,192	14,071

#### (Registration number: 04697450) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 18 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Jonathan Gibson

Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 9/10 The Crescent Wisbech Cambs
PE13 1EH

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 18 September 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Motor vehicles
Plant & equipment
Office equipment

#### Depreciation method and rate

25% reducing balance 15% reducing balance 15% reducing balance

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class

Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill

5% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2018 - 2).

### 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2018	20,000	20,000
At 31 March 2019	20,000	20,000
Amortisation	•	
At 1 April 2018	13,000	13,000
Amortisation charge	1,000	1,000
At 31 March 2019	14,000	14,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2019	6,000	6,000
At 31 March 2018	7,000	7,000

#### 5 Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2018	6,168	4,164	23,965	34,297
Additions			12,995	12,995
At 31 March 2019	6,168	4,164	36,960	47,292
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	4,788	3,450	14,534	22,772
Charge for the year	207	107	4,884	5,198
At 31 March 2019	4,995	3,557	19,418	27,970
Carrying amount	•			
At 31 March 2019	1,173	607	17,542	19,322
At 31 March 2018	1,380	714	9,431	11,525

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

6 Stocks		
	2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories	1,900	2,750
7 Debtors		
	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	7,144	17,629
Prepayments	967	929
·	8,111	18,558
8 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	12,403	9,512
Taxation and social security	7,100	5,359
Accruals and deferred income	14,070	1,250
Other creditors	7,372	9,506
	40,945	25,627