

Company Registration No. 04692993 (England and Wales)

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

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M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Notes	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		6,160		7,700
Tangible assets	5		76,334		50,809
			<u>82,494</u>		<u>58,509</u>
Current assets					
Stocks		157,870		32,354	
Debtors	6	105,240		105,534	
Cash at bank and in hand		366,489		436,509	
		<u>629,599</u>		<u>574,397</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(245,795)		(235,205)	
Net current assets			383,804		339,192
Total assets less current liabilities			466,298		397,701
Provisions for liabilities			(14,503)		-
Net assets			<u>451,795</u>		<u>397,701</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			451,794		397,700
Total equity			<u>451,795</u>		<u>397,701</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 October 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M J Few
Director

Company Registration No. 04692993

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

M. J. Few Plumbing & Heating Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 264 Banbury Road, Oxford, OX2 7DY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, the principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

On the basis that customer retentions being received are uncertain, these are recognised as turnover when the amounts are received.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 20 years. The Directors are happy that they can make a reliable estimate that Goodwill will last this long.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	15% Reducing Balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	15% Reducing Balance
Motor vehicles	25% Reducing Balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

1.13 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 8 (2018 - 11).

3 Directors' remuneration and dividends

	2019 £	2018 £
Remuneration paid to directors	60,848	54,320

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounted to 2 (2018 - 2).

4 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019	30,800
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 April 2018	23,100
Amortisation charged for the year	1,540
At 31 March 2019	24,640
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2019	6,160
At 31 March 2018	7,700

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

5 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2018	133,209
Additions	40,614
Disposals	(21,756)
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2019	152,067
	<hr/>
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2018	82,400
Depreciation charged in the year	12,911
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(19,578)
	<hr/>
At 31 March 2019	75,733
	<hr/>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2019	76,334
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At 31 March 2018	50,809
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6 Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	15,604	52,570
Amounts due from group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	3,036	2,636
Other debtors	86,600	50,328
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	105,240	105,534
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7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	160,726	123,478
Corporation tax	58,028	84,547
Other taxation and social security	3,504	4,541
Other creditors	19,537	18,839
Accruals and deferred income	4,000	3,800
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	245,795	235,205
	<hr/>	<hr/>

M. J. FEW PLUMBING & HEATING LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

8	Called up share capital	2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9 Related party transactions

During the year the company paid net dividends to MJF & CLF Limited of £200,000 (2018: £350,000).

At the year end, the parent company, MJF & CLF Limited, owed the company £3,036 (2018: £2,636).

Rent of £2,400 (2018: £2,400) was charged by the Directors, Mr M J Few and Mrs C L Few, in respect of office space at their private residence.

At the year end, included in other creditors was the balance of £5,915 (2018: £4,615) which was owed to the Directors, Mr M J Few and Mrs C L Few.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.