Company Registration No. 04689967 (England and Wales)	
BEAVER GARAGES (WEST SOMERSET) LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BEAVER GARAGES (WEST SOMERSET) LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise, the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 7 December 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited, as a body, in this report. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited. You consider that Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Baldwins 19 December 2018

Accountants Lime Court

Lime Court Pathfields Business Park South Molton Devon EX36 3LH

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		15,500		18,600
Tangible assets	4		36,558		27,412
Current assets					
Stocks		568,717		553,375	
Debtors	5	233,528		216,323	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,096		31,908	
		803,341		801,606	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	_	(10= =0.1)		(500.055)	
year	6	(465,701) ———		(503,355)	
Net current assets			337,640		298,251
Total assets less current liabilities			389,698		344,263
Provisions for liabilities			(1,720)		(174)
Net assets			387,978		344,089
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			387,878		343,989
Total equity			387,978		344,089

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 December 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R Beaver **Director**

Company Registration No. 04689967

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Beaver Garages (West Somerset) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Beaver Ford, Brunel Way, Minehead, Somerset, United Kingdom, TA24 5BY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 20 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold 8 years straight line
Plant and machinery 4 years straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

1.8 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 30 (2017 - 30).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Goodwill			Intangible fixed assets	3
£			Cost	
62,000			At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	
			Amortisation and impairment	
43,400			At 1 April 2017	
3,100			Amortisation charged for the year	
46,500			At 31 March 2018	
			Carrying amount	
15,500 ======			At 31 March 2018	
18,600			At 31 March 2017	
			Tangible fixed assets	4
Total	Plant and chinery etc	Land and buildingsnad		
£	£	£		
			Cost	
379,737	235,872	143,865	At 1 April 2017	
26,855	19,779	7,076	Additions	
406,592	255,651	150,941	At 31 March 2018	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Depreciation and impairment	
352,326	220,175	132,151	At 1 April 2017	
17,708	14,718	2,990	Depreciation charged in the year	
370,034	234,893	1 35,141	At 31 March 2018	
			Carrying amount	
36,558	20,758	15,800	At 31 March 2018	
27,412	15,698	11,714	At 31 March 2017	
			Debtors	5
2017 £	2018 £		Amounts falling due within one year:	-
90,005	104,328		Trade debtors	
126,318	129,200		Other debtors	
216,323	233,528			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
=		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	138,602	160,072
	Trade creditors	268,709	270,567
	Corporation tax	29,059	26,516
	Other taxation and social security	18,094	27,301
	Other creditors	11,237	18,899
		465,701	503,355
7	Called up share capital		
	- m. m. m. p. m.	2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	50 Ordinary A of £1 each	50	50
	50 Orindary B of £1 each	50	50
		100	100

8 Controlling Party

The company is controlled by Mr R and Mrs K Beaver by virtue of their joint 100% shareholding.

9 Directors' transactions

Description	% Rate	Opening Amounts balance advanced £	InteresAmounts repaidClosing balance charged			
				£	£	£
Mr R & Mrs K Beaver	3.00	73,017	148,190	1,164	(159,076)	63,295
		73,017	148,190	1,164	(159,076)	63,295

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.