Derby Healthcare Plc

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2010 Registered number 04668140

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Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2010

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Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2010

Company information

Directors

G Birley-Smith

R Sheehan

J Desai

M Gagnon

Secretary

M Brooks

Registered office 8 White Oak Square London Road Swanley Kent BR87AG

Auditors

KPMG Audit Plc Arlington Business Park Theale Reading RG7 4SD United Kingdom

Registered number 04668140

Directors' report

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the Company is the finance, design and construction and partial operation of the new Royal Derby Hospital under the Government's Private Finance Initiative The Company also provides non-clinical services at the Royal Derby Hospital and the London Road Community Hospital

The Company has entered into a Project Agreement in September 2003 with the Southern Derbyshire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust (The Trust), together with an associated construction contract, funding agreements, hard and soft services contracts and ancillary project agreements under the terms of a Mobilisation Services Agreement

The Company's Project Agreement is for a primary term of forty years from the date of signing the Project Agreement

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

(a) Performance deductions under the service contract

Financial penalties are levied by the Trust in the event of performance standards not being achieved according to detailed criteria set out in the Project Agreement. The deductions are passed on to the service providers but the quantum is an indication of unsatisfactory performance. During 2010 deductions of £35,660 (2009 £444,949) were levied by the Trust and passed onto the service providers. This deduction relates to only 0.1% (2009 1.5%) of the total fees charged by the service providers. This low level of deduction was considered satisfactory.

(b) Financial performance

The Company has modelled the anticipated financial outcome of the Project across its full term. The Company monitors actual financial performance against this anticipated performance. As at 31 December 2010, the Company's performance against this measure was considered satisfactory.

(c) Completion of the various sections in the building contract

Completion according to the timetable is a key indicator of satisfactory performance under the design and build contract and the unitary charge income derives from completed sections. The Hospital was handed over to the Trust in 2009 and the full unitary charge commenced. However some minor works remain unfinished and these are expected to be completed in 2011. The performance against this measure was considered satisfactory.

Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise short term bank deposits, an index linked bond and subordinated loan stock. Further details are given in note 14 to the accounts

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 £nil)

Historical Performance

The Company is obliged to meet the conditions laid down in the Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed with MBIA UK Insurance Limited and BNP Paribas Trust Corporation UK Limited To the best of the Directors' knowledge the Company has met all of the obligations contained within these Deeds and there have been no Events of Default, Potential Event of Defaults or Trigger Events with regard to the Collateral Deed

Directors' report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Trust is the sole client of the Company but the Directors consider that no risk arises from such a small client base since the Secretary of State for Health has underwritten the Trust's obligations

Performance risk under the Project Agreement and related contracts are passed on to the service providers and to the building contractor. The obligations of these subcontractors are underwritten either by performance guarantees issued by banks or by parent company guarantees.

Details relating to interest rate risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 14 to the accounts

Directors

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the year and subsequently

- G Birley-Smith
- R Sheehan (appointed 21 October 2010)
- S Patkunanathan (resigned 21 October 2010)
- J Wrinn (resigned 12 January 2011)
- M Gagnon
- J Desai (appointed 12 January 2011)

Political and charitable contributions

The Company made no political or charitable contributions during the year (2009 £nil)

Policy on payment of creditors

It is the Company's policy to comply with the payment terms agreed with suppliers. Where payment terms are not negotiated the Company endeavours to adhere with suppliers' standard terms. The Company had £2,725,687 (2009 £2,827,636) of trade creditors at 31 December 2010 and an average payment period of 31 days (2009 28 days).

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/ she ought to have taken as a director to make himself / herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2010

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

In accordance with section 489 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the reappointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

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M Brooks Company Secretary 8 White Oak Square London Road Swanley Kent BR8 7AG

19 April 2011

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
 continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities



Independent auditor's report to the members of Derby Healthcare Plc

We have audited the financial statements of Derby Healthcare Plc for the year ended 31 December 2010 set out on pages 8 to 20 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www.frc.org/uk/apb/scope/private.cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

A Moses (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor

Arlington Business Park Theale, Reading RG7 4SD

Y April 2011

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	3	39,209,807	43,112,647
Net operating costs	4	(32,447,589)	(36,629,955)
Operating profit		6,762,218	6,482,692
Interest payable and similar charges Other interest receivable and similar income	6 7	(28,697,290) 21,801,416	(28,676,777) 21,867,198
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(133,656)	(326,887)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	8	(388,359)	73,615
Loss for the financial year		(522,015)	(253,272)

There were no other recognised gains and losses for the period other than the loss stated above

There is no difference between the historical cost loss and the loss stated above. All of the results relate to continuing activities

Movements on reserves are shown in note 16

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Current assets Debtors amounts falling due within one year Debtors amounts falling due in more than one year	9 10	42,019,589 343,332,563	37,412,762 346,295,121
		385,352,152	383,707,883
Cash at bank and in hand	11	22,891,343	23,881,405
		408,243,495	407,589,288
Current liabilities Creditors amounts falling due within one year	12	(12,971,020)	(12,281,117)
Net current assets		395,272,475	395,308,172
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(426,742,579)	(426,256,261)
Net liabilities		(31,470,104)	(30,948,089)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	50,000	50,000
Profit and loss account	16	(31,520,104)	(30,998,089)
Equity shareholders' deficit		(31,470,104)	(30,948,089)

The notes on pages 10 to 19 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 April 2011 and signed its behalf by

Pa del Sheeha

R Sheehan Director

Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2010

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit

for the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 £	2009 £
Opening equity shareholders' deficit	(30,948,089)	(30,649,817)
Loss for the year	(522,015)	(253,272)
Closing equity shareholders' deficit	(31,470,104)	(30,948,089)

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under historical cost accounting rules

The shareholders' funds for the period ending 31 December 2010 show a deficit of £31,470,104 (2009 £30,948,089) This arises from the early phase in the Company's 35 year concession period

The Directors have reviewed the cash flow forecast and taking into account reasonable possible risks in operations to the Company and the fact the obligations of the Company's sole customer are underwritten by the Secretary of State for Health believe that the Company will be able to settle its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future and therefore it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on the going concern basis

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the Company is a subsidiary of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties) The consolidated financial statements of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited, within which the Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 20

2 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements

(a) Turnover

Turnover is recognised in accordance with the finance debtor and services contract accounting policy below. Turnover represents value of work done entirely in the UK and excludes value added tax.

(b) Finance debtor and services contract

The Company is an operator of a Private Finance Initiative ("PFI") contract. The underlying asset is not deemed to be an asset of the Company under FRS 5 Application Note F because the risks and rewards of ownership as set out in that standard are deemed to be principally with the Trust

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure is included in contract receivable and turnover, except interest costs as set out below. Upon becoming operational, the costs are transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase income is allocated between interest receivable and the finance debtor using a project specific interest rate. The remainder of the PFI unitary charge income and liquidated damages are included within turnover in accordance with FRS 5 Application Note G. The Company recognises income in respect of the services provided as it fulfils its contractual obligations in respect of those services and in line with the fair value of the consideration receivable in respect of those services.

Major maintenance costs are recognised on an incurred basis and the revenue receivable in respect of these services is recognised when these services are performed

(c) Interest

Interest bearing bank loans and other borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. During the construction stage of the project interest costs were expensed to the profit and loss. All other finance charges and interest costs incurred after the completion of the project, including direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the income statement using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying value of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

(d) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred taxation is recognised without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

(e) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The principal financial assets and liabilities of the Company are as follows

Trade debtors

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and then are stated at amortised cost

Cash at bank

Cash at bank is carried in the balance sheet at nominal value

Trade creditors

Trade payables are initially recognised at fair value and then are stated at amortised cost

Bank and other borrowings

Interest bearing bank loans and other borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the income statement using the effective interest rate method and are added to the carrying value of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

Finance debtor and contract receivables

Finance debtor and contract receivables are classified as loans and receivables as defined in paragraph 9 of FRS 26, which are initially recognised at fair value and then are stated at amortised cost

3. Turnover

	2010 £	2009 £
Services income	38,559,167	38,989,146
Construction services	535,131	4,035,747
Other turnover	115,509	87,754
	39,209,807	43,112,647

Services income relates to the provision of non-clinical services at the Royal Derby Hospital and London Road Community Hospital

4. Net operating costs

	2010 £	2009 £
Materials, site and production costs	2,205,360	6,447,399
Services costs	30,182,556	30,123,022
Auditor's remuneration - audit fees	14,685	19,220
- other	4,592	6,481
Directors' fees	40,396	33,833
	32,447,589	36,629,955

5. Directors and staff costs

There were no employees during the year (2009 £nil) Directors' emoluments were paid to the shareholders of the parent undertaking The Company does not operate a pension scheme for its Directors

6. Interest payable and similar charges

o. Interest payable and similar charges	2010 £	2009 £
Amounts payable on bonds Amounts payable on loan stock Amortisation of finance arrangement costs	22,560,165 5,260,825 876,300	22,540,371 5,260,825 875,581
	28,697,290	28,676,777
7. Other interest receivable and similar income	2010 £	2009 £
Interest receivable on bank deposits Interest receivable on finance debtor	- 21,801,416	28,787 21,838,411
	21,801,416	21,867,198

8 Taxation on loss on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of the charge in the year

(a) Analysis of the charge in the year	2010 £	2009 £
Current tax		
Adjustment with respect to prior periods - land remediation tax credit	-	(108,794)
Total current tax		(108,794)
Deferred tax		
Origination / reversal of timing differences	(37,424)	(91,528)
Adjustment following change in corporation tax rate	425,783	
Adjustment to tax losses recognised in prior period	-	126,707
Total deferred tax (note 19)	388,359	35,179
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	388,359	(73,615)

Deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses have been recognised as the Directors consider the balance to be recoverable over the life of the PFI contract with Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The constituent elements of the tax charge for the year are set out below -

The constituent elements of the tax charge for the year are set out below -	2010 £	2009 £
Current tax reconciliation		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(133,657)	(326,887)
Current tax at 28% (2009 28%)	(37,424)	(91,528)
Effects of		
Adjustment with respect to prior periods – land remediation tax credit	-	(108,794)
Tax losses carried forward	(37,424)	91,528
		(108,794)

(c) Factors that may affect future and total tax charges

The Company has tax losses of £42 6 million (2009 £42 4 million) which has been carried forward and will be offset against future trading profits

On 22 June 2010 the Chancellor announced that the main rate of UK corporation tax will reduce from 28% to 27% with effect from 1 April 2011. This tax change became substantively enacted in July 2010 and therefore the effect of the rate reduction on the deferred tax balances as at 31 December 2010 has been included in the figures above.

On 23 March 2011 the Chancellor announced a further reduction in the main rate of UK corporation tax to 26 per cent with effect from 1 April 2011. This change became substantively enacted on 29 March 2011 and therefore the effect of the rate would create an additional reduction in the deferred tax asset of approximately £416k. This has not been reflected in the figures above as it was not substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

8. Taxation on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

The Chancellor also proposed changes to further reduce the main rate of corporation tax by one per cent per annum to 23 per cent by 1 April 2014, but these changes have not yet been substantively enacted and therefore are not included in the figures above. The overall effect of the further reductions from 27 per cent to 23 per cent, if these applied to the deferred tax balance at 31 December 2010 would be to further reduce the deferred tax asset by approximately £1,277k

9. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Finance debtor	3,321,184	3,119,624
Trade debtors	7,335,183	6,302,305
Prepayments and accrued income	1,233,411	1,302,818
Deferred tax asset (note 19)	11,496,116	11,884,475
Other debtors	18,633,695	14,803,540
	42,019,589	37,412,762
10. Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2010	2000
	2010	2009
	£	£
Finance debtor	343,332,563	346,295,121
	343,332,563	346,295,121
11. Cash at bank and in hand		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Bank balances	22,891,343	23,881,405
	22,891,343	23,881,405
12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
12. Creditors: amounts faming due within one year	2010	2009
	£	£
Trade creditors	2,725,687	2,827,636
Accruals and deferred income	10,179,479	9,453,481
Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041	65,854	-
	12,971,020	12,281,117

13. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

The Company holds interest bearing loans and borrowings, which are measured at amortised cost, as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 Unsecured unsubordinated 13 465% loan notes 2041	411,320,487 39,070,369	411,320,487 39,070,369
Total borrowings	450,390,856	450,390,856
Finance arrangement costs capitalised	(26,782,135)	(26,782,135)
Less amounts due within one year Amortisation of finance arrangement costs capitalised	(65,854) 6,093,388	5,217,088
Less adjustment on effective interest rate*	(2,893,676)	(2,569,548)
	426,742,579	426,256,261

^{*} This represents the difference between the interest charged at the effective interest rate and actual interest payable based on the coupon rate

Guaranteed secured bonds 2041

The Company has created £446 588m 5 564% guaranteed secured bonds 2041 pursuant to a Trust Deed and Collateral Deed dated 9 September 2003 of which £411 588m were issued for cash on 9 September 2003 at an issue price of 99 993%

The bonds bear interest at 5 564% which is payable semi - annually in arrears on 30 June and 31 December each year. The bonds are repayable in instalments which commence in June 2009 and end in June 2041.

The Company retained £35m of bonds (the "variation bonds") which it may sell, subject to certain restrictions in the Collateral Deed, to fund variations to the project

The bonds, excluding the variation bonds, have the benefit of an unconditional and irrevocable financial guarantee issued by MBIA Assurance S A in favour of BNP Paribas Trust Corporation UK Limited as security trustee over all of the undertaking and assets of the Company

Unsecured subordinated 13 465% loan notes 2041

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited Together Skanska ID UK Limited is legal and beneficial owner, and Innisfree Nominees Limited acting on behalf of Innisfree PFI Continuation Fund and Innisfree Fund III is legal owner, of the entire issued share capital of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Under the terms of Deed Polls made on 9 September 2003 both Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited and Derby Healthcare Plc authorised and approved the issue of up to £39 07m unsecured subordinated loan notes 2041 on like terms. Under the terms of an Equity Subscription Agreement dated 9 September 2003 Skanska ID UK Limited and Innisfree Nominees Limited each agreed to subscribe in instalments between December 2003 and December 2008 for £39 07m of the Loan Notes in Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited, which in turn agreed to subscribe for the £39 07m Loan Notes in its subsidiary Derby Healthcare Plc

Derby Healthcare (Holdings) limited and Derby Healthcare Plc have each issued £39 07m of Loan Notes at par for cash. The Loan Notes bear interest at 13 465% which is payable semi-annually on 30 June and 31 December each year. The Loan Notes are repayable in instalments on 30 June and 31 December 2041.

14. Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise short term bank deposits, fixed rate bonds and fixed rate subordinated loans. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to ensure, via the terms of the financial instruments, that the profile of the debt service costs is tailored to match expected revenues arising from the Project Agreement.

The Company does not undertake financial instrument transactions which are speculative or unrelated to the Company's trading activities. Board approval is required for the use of any new financial instrument, and the Company's ability to do so is restricted by covenants in its existing funding agreements.

Exposure to liquidity, credit and interest rate risks arise in the normal course of the Company's business

Liquidity risk

The Company has entered into indexed-linked and fixed rate GICs with a periodic withdrawal schedule to match the payment requirements during the construction of the Hospital

Repayment of fixed rate bonds and fixed rate subordinated loans are not required until the Hospital is operational and revenue is receivable under the terms of the Project Agreement

Credit risk

Although The Trust is the only client of the Derby Healthcare Plc, the Directors are satisfied that the Trust will be able to fulfil its collateral obligations under the PFI contract that are in turn underwritten by the Secretary of State for Health. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 December 2010 was

	2010	2009
	£	£
Trade debtors	7,335,183	6,302,305
Prepayments and accrued income	1,233,411	1,302,818
Other debtors	18,633,693	14,803,540
Finance debtor	346,653,747	349,614,745
	373,856,034	372,023,408

Interest rate risk

In respect of income-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicates their effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and their maturity profile

2010	Effective interest	Total	1 year or less	1-2 years	2-5 years	5 + years
	rate	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Guaranteed secured bonds	6.04%	(411,321)	(66)	(416)	(3,210)	(407,629)
Unsecured subordinated loan notes	13.47%	(39,070)	-	<u>.</u>	•	(39,070)
Finance debtor	6.35%	346,654	3,321	3,532	12,000	327,801
Bank balances*	0.00%	22,891	22,891	•	•	•
Total	-	(80,846)	26,146	3,116	8,790	(118,898)

^{*}Floating rate

14. Financial risk management policies and objectives (continued)

2009	Effective interest	Total	l year or less	1-2 years	2-5 years	5 + years
	rate	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Guaranteed secured bonds	6 50%	(411,321)	_	(66)	(2,288)	(408,967)
Unsecured subordinated loan notes	13 47%	(39,070)	-	· -	-	(39,070)
Finance debtor	6 35%	349,415	3,120	3,318	11,272	331,705
Bank balances*	0 09%	23,881	23,881	-	-	-
Total	_	(77,095)	27,001	3,252	8,984	(116,332)

^{*}Floating rate

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on those interest bearing assets with floating interest rates. However, the Directors do not consider this to be a significant risk to the Company

The guaranteed secured bonds and unsecured subordinated loan notes both have a fixed rate until 2041. Thus there is no interest rate risk associated with these financial liabilities.

Fair values

The fair values together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet of all financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows -

	2010	0	2009		
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
	£	£	£	£	
Guaranteed secured bonds	(411,320,487)	(389,602,766)	(411,320,487)	(367,638,252)	
Unsecured subordinated loan notes	(39,070,370)	(84,879,223)	(39,070,370)	(83,892,218)	
Finance debtor	346,653,746	390,624,475	349,414,746	387,509,878	
Bank balances	22,891,343	22,891,343	23,881,405	23,881,405	
Total	(80,845,768)	(60,966,171)	(77,094,706)	(40,139,187)	

The following summarises the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments reflected in the table above

The fair value of the guaranteed secured bonds is the quoted price of the bonds

The fair value of the unsecured subordinated loan notes is calculated by discounting future cashflows at an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate is calculated by adding an appropriate premium to the relevant gilt yield. The gilt yield reflects the unexpired term of the project and the premium reflects the market spread that would be required by investors in bonds issued by the PFI companies with similar risk profiles, plus a market wrapping fee that would normally be charged to enhance the project cashflows to investment grade. As at 31 December 2010 this premium including the wrapping fee was 100 basis points. In addition a further premium is added to reflect the risk to the cashflows where they are related to usage. The further premium is 50 basis points. The discount rate that has been applied for 31 December 2010 is 5.81% (2009. 5.96%).

14. Financial risk management policies and objectives (continued)

The fair value of contract receivable and finance debtor is calculated by discounting future cash flows at an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate used is calculated by adding an appropriate premium to the relevant gilt yield for the project. The gilt yield reflects the unexpired term of the project agreement and the premium reflects market spread that would be required by investors in bonds issued by the PFI project companies with similar risk profiles, plus the market wrapping fee that would normally be charged to enhance the project cashflows to investment grade. The discount rate that has been applied to the finance debtor and contract receivable at 31 December 2010 is 5 31% (2009 5 46%).

Sensitivity analysis

Since the Company has significant fixed rate financial assets and liabilities, a general increase of one percentage point in interest rates is not expected to significantly impact the profits of the Company

15. Called up share capital	2010 £	2009 £
Called up and fully paid 50,000 ordinary shares of £1	50,000	50,000
16. Reserves	2010 £	2009 £
At the beginning of the year Loss for the year	(30,998,089) (522,015)	(30,744,817) (253,272)
At the end of the year	(31,520,104)	(30,998,089)
17. Contingent liabilities		
There are no contingent habilities (2009 £nil)		
18. Contract commitments	2010 £	2009 £
Amounts contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements	50,000	50,000

19 Deferred tax asset

A deferred tax asset has been recognised on those tax losses which can be set off against future profits of the Group. The future profits of the Group have been estimated on the forecasted cash flows and its estimated contractual rights and obligations as an operator of a Private Finance Initiative contract.

The elements of deferred taxation are as follows -

	2010 £	2009 £
Tax losses for prior periods	11,884,475	11,919,654
Adjustment to tax losses for prior periods	•	(126,707)
Tax losses for current year	37,424	91,528
Adjustment following change in corporation tax rate	(425,783)	-
	11,496,116	11,884,475

The deferred tax asset has been calculated on the basis that the corporation tax rate from 1 April 2011 has fallen from 28% to 27%

20. Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of a larger group of which the company is a member

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited which is incorporated in the United Kingdom. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited. The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from 3. White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent BR8 7AG.