Derby Healthcare Plc

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012 Registered number 04668140

COMPANIES HOUSE

Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2012

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Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2012

Company information

Directors

G Birley-Smith

R Sheehan

N Crowther

M Edwards

Secretary

M Brooks (resigned 21 February 2013)
P Beardsmore (appointed 21 February 2013)

Registered office 8 White Oak Square London Road Swanley Kent BR8 7AG

Auditor

KPMG Audit Plc 100 Temple Street **Bristol** BS1 6AG United Kingdom

Registered number

04668140

Directors' report

The Directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the Company is the finance, design and construction and partial operation of the new Royal Derby Hospital under the Government's Private Finance Initiative The Company also provides non-clinical services at the Royal Derby Hospital and the London Road Community Hospital

The Company has entered into a Project Agreement (the "Project") in September 2003 with the Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (the "Trust"), together with an associated construction contract, funding agreements, hard and soft services contracts and ancillary project agreements under the terms of a Mobilisation Services Agreement

The Company's Project Agreement is for a primary term of forty years from the date of signing the Project Agreement in September 2003

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

(a) Performance deductions under the service contract

Financial penalties are levied by the Trust in the event of performance standards not being achieved according to detailed criteria set out in the Project Agreement. The deductions are passed on to the service providers but the quantum is an indication of unsatisfactory performance. During 2012 deductions of £4,000 (2011 £14,000) were levied by the Trust and passed onto the service providers. This deduction relates to only 0.01% (2011 0.05%) of the total fees charged by the service providers. This low level of deduction was considered satisfactory.

(b) Financial performance

The Board has modelled the anticipated financial outcome of the Project across its full term. The Board monitors actual financial performance against this anticipated performance. As at 31 December 2012, the Company's performance against this measure was considered satisfactory.

Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise short term bank deposits, an index linked bond and subordinated loan stock. Further details are given in note 14 to the accounts

Dividends

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2011 £nil)

Historical Performance

The Company is obliged to meet the conditions laid down in the Bond Trust Deed and Collateral Deed with MBIA UK Insurance Limited and BNP Paribas Trust Corporation UK Limited To the best of the Directors' knowledge the Company has met all of the obligations contained within these Deeds and there have been no Events of Default, Potential Event of Defaults or Trigger Events with regard to the Collateral Deed

Directors' report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Trust is the sole client of the Company but the Directors consider that no significant risk arises from such a small client base since the Secretary of State for Health has underwritten the Trust's obligations

Performance risk under the Project Agreement and related contracts are passed on to the service providers and to the building contractor. The obligations of these subcontractors are underwritten either by performance guarantees issued by banks or by parent company guarantees.

Details relating to interest rate risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 14 to the accounts

Financial reporting, risk and internal controls

The Company has outsourced the financial reporting function to HCP Social Infrastructure (UK) Limited (HCP) Authorities remain vested in the board members of the Company HCP reports regularly to the board of the Company The board receives monthly reports from HCP which specifically summarise and address the financial, contractual and commercial risks that the Company is exposed to, and are pertinent to the industry in which the Company operates. The Board also receives monthly management accounts with explanations of variances from annual budgets and forecasts, which are in turn compared to the Financial Model, which represents the long term business plan of the Company and outlines its ability to comply with its debt obligations and covenants. Material deviations from the business plan are investigated and reported on Supporting this process, HCP evaluates its performance under the framework of an Internal Audit and Assessment programme which sits within its own Corporate Governance framework.

This process ensures that the project remains robust and viable throughout the life of the contract

Directors

The following persons were Directors of the Company during the year and subsequently

- G Birley-Smith
- R Sheehan
- P Bannister (resigned 28 September 2012)
- J Desai (resigned 28 September 2012)
- N Crowther (appointed 28 September 2012)
- M Edwards (appointed 28 September 2012)

Political and charitable contributions

The Company made no political or charitable contributions during the year (2011 £nil)

Policy on payment of creditors

It is the Company's policy to comply with the payment terms agreed with suppliers. Where payment terms are not negotiated the Company endeavours to adhere with suppliers' standard terms. The Company had £2,258,000 (2011 £1,919,000) of trade creditors at 31 December 2012 and an average payment period of 24 days (2011 21 days).

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself / herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information

Derby Healthcare Plc
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Directors' report (continued)

Auditor

In accordance with section 489 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the reappointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

P Beardsmore Company Secretary

18 April 2013

8 White Oak Square London Road Swanley Kent BR8 7AG

Registered number: 04668140

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Derby Healthcare Plc

We have audited the financial statements of Derby Healthcare Plc for the year ended 31 December 2012 set out on pages 8 to 20 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its loss for the year then
 ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Amanda Moses (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants

100 Temple Street Bristol BS1 6AG

23 April 2013

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Turnover	3	41,576	40,996
Operating costs	4	(34,256)	(34,044)
Operating profit	-	7,320	6,952
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6 7	21,835 (28,782)	21,733 (28,727)
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	-	373	(42)
Taxation on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	8	(940)	(841)
Loss for the financial year	_ _	(567)	(883)

There were no other recognised gains and losses for the period other than the loss stated above

There is no difference between the historical cost loss and the loss stated above. All of the results relate to continuing activities

Movements on reserves are shown in note 16

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Current assets Debtors amounts falling due within one year Debtors amounts falling due in more than one year	9 10	48,045 336,023	46,101 339,884
Cash at bank and in hand	11	384,068 23,058	385,985 21,274
Current liabilities Creditors amounts falling due within one year	12	407,126	407,259
Net current assets Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	13	393,878	394,556 (426,909)
Net liabilities	13	(32,920)	(32,353)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	15	50	50
Profit and loss account Equity shareholders' deficit	16	(32,970)	(32,403)
		(,,-	(,-55)

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 April 2013 and signed on its behalf by

G Birley-Smith Director

Derby Healthcare Plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2012

Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit

for the year ended 31 December 2012

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Opening equity shareholders' deficit	(32,353)	(31,470)
Loss for the financial year	(567)	(883)
Closing equity shareholders' deficit	(32,920)	(32,353)

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under historical cost accounting rules

The shareholders' funds for the period ending 31 December 2012 show a deficit of £32,920,000 (2010 £32,353,000)

The Directors have reviewed the cash flow forecast and taking into account reasonably possible risks in operations to the Company and the fact the obligations of the Company's sole customer are underwritten by the Secretary of State for Health believe that the Company will be able to settle its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future and therefore it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on the going concern basis

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the Company is a subsidiary of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with wholly owned entities which form part of the group (or investees of the group qualifying as related parties) The consolidated financial statements of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited, within which the Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 20

2 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements

(a) Turnover

Turnover is recognised in accordance with the finance debtor and services contract accounting policy below. Turnover represents value of work done entirely in the UK and excludes value added tax.

(b) Finance debtor and services contract

The Company is an operator of a Private Finance Initiative ("PFI") contract. The underlying asset is not deemed to be an asset of the Company under FRS 5 Application Note F because the risks and rewards of ownership as set out in that standard are deemed to lie principally with the Trust

During the construction phase of the project, all attributable expenditure is included in contract receivable and turnover, except interest costs as set out below. Upon becoming operational, the costs are transferred to the finance debtor. During the operational phase income is allocated between interest receivable and the finance debtor using a project specific interest rate. The remainder of the PFI unitary charge income and liquidated damages are included within turnover in accordance with FRS 5 Application Note G. The Company recognises income in respect of the services provided as it fulfils its contractual obligations in respect of those services and in line with the fair value of the consideration receivable in respect of those services.

Major maintenance costs are recognised on an incurred basis and the revenue receivable in respect of these services is recognised when these services are performed

(c) Interest

Interest bearing bank loans and other borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. During the construction stage of the project interest costs were expensed to the profit and loss. All other finance charges and interest costs incurred after the completion of the project, including direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the income statement using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying value of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

(d) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the loss for the period and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred taxation is recognised without discounting in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

(e) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The principal financial assets and liabilities of the Company are as follows

Trade debtors

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and then are stated at amortised cost

Cash at bank

Cash at bank is carried in the balance sheet at nominal value

Trade creditors

Trade payables are initially recognised at fair value and then are stated at amortised cost

Bank and other borrowings

Interest bearing bank loans and other borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including direct issue costs, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the income statement using the effective interest rate method and are added to the carrying value of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

Finance debtor and contract receivables

Finance debtor and contract receivables are classified as loans and receivables as defined in paragraph 9 of FRS 26, which are initially recognised at fair value and then are stated at amortised cost

3. Turnover

	£000	£000
Services income	41,550	40,792
Construction services	(105)	85
Other	131	119
	41,576	40,996

Services income relates to the provision of non-clinical services at the Royal Derby Hospital and London Road Community Hospital

4.	O	peratin	g costs

		2012 £000	2011 £000
Materials, site and produc	ction costs	2,499	2,753
Services costs		31,673	31,213
Auditor's remuneration	- audit fees	16	16
	- other	8	10
Directors' fees		60	52
		34,256	34,044

5. Directors and staff costs

There were no employees during the year (2011 ml) Directors' emoluments were paid to the shareholders of the parent undertaking. The Company does not operate a pension scheme for its Directors

6 Interest receivable and similar income

o Three est receivable and similar income		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Interest receivable on bank deposits	418	105
Interest receivable on finance debtor	21,417	21,628
	21,835	21,733
7. Interest payable and similar charges		
	2012	2011
	0002	£000
Amounts payable on bonds	22,611	22,589
Amounts payable on loan stock	5,293	5,261
Amortisation of finance arrangement costs	878	877
	28,782	28,727

8. Taxation on loss on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of the charge in the year

(a) the system of the cital go as the year.	2012 £000	2011 £000
Current tax	31	-
Total current tax	31	-
Deferred tax		
Origination / (reversal) of timing differences	60	(11)
Adjustment following change in corporation tax rate	849	852
Total deferred tax (note 19)	909	841
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	940	841

Deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses have been recognised as the Directors consider the balance to be recoverable over the life of the PFI contract with Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The constituent elements of the tax charge for the year are set out below -

I he constituent elements of the tax charge for the year are set out below -		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax	373	(42)
Current tax at 24 5% (2011 26 5%)	91	(11)
Effects of Tax losses carried forward	(60)	11
	31	-

(c) Factors that may affect future and total tax charges

The Company has tax losses of £42,371,000 (2011 £42,620,000) which have been carned forward and will be offset against future trading profits

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 26% to 25% (effective from 1 April 2012) was substantively enacted on 5 July 2011, and further reductions to 24% (effective from 1 April 2012) and 23% (effective from 1 April 2013) were substantively enacted on 26 March 2012 and 3 July 2012 respectively

This will reduce the Company's future current tax charge accordingly. The deferred tax asset at 31 December 2012 has been calculated based on the rate of 23% substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The March 2013 Budget announced that the rate will further reduce to 20% by 2015 in addition to the planned reduction to 21% by 2014 previously announced in the December 2012 Autumn Statement. It has not yet been possible to quantify the full anticipated effect of the announced further 3% rate reduction, although this will further reduce the Company's future current tax charge and reduce the Company's deferred tax asset accordingly

2012 2011 2000	9. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
Finance debtor 3,756 3,533 71 72 72 72 72 72 72 72	Debioto, amounts taking due within one year	2012	2011
Prinance debtor 3,756 3,531 Trade debtors 6,683 6,658 Prepayments and accrued income 821 2,203 Deferred tax asset (note 19) 9,746 10,655 Trade debtors 181 44 Unitary charge control account 26,858 23,008			
Trade debtors 6,683 6,688 Prepayments and accrued income 821 2,203 Deferred tax asset (note 19) 9,746 10,655 Other debtors 181 44 Unitary charge control account 26,888 23,008 10 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2012 2011 £000 £000 £000 Finance debtor 336,023 339,884 11. Cash at bank and in hand 2012 2011 £000 £000 £000 Cash at bank 23,058 21,274 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 £000 £000 £000 Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416		2000	
Trade debtors 6,683 6,688 Prepayments and accrued income 821 2,203 Deferred tax asset (note 19) 9,746 10,655 Other debtors 181 44 Unitary charge control account 26,888 23,008 10 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2012 2011 £000 £000 £000 Finance debtor 336,023 339,884 11. Cash at bank and in hand 2012 2011 £000 £000 £000 Cash at bank 23,058 21,274 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 £000 £000 £000 Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416	Finance debtor	3.756	3,533
Prepayments and accrued income Deferred tax asset (note 19) 9,746 10,655 Other debtors 181 4 Unitary charge control account 26,858 23,008 10 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2012 2011 Finance debtor 336,023 339,884 11. Cash at bank and in hand 2012 2011 Cash at bank 23,058 21,274 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 2. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
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10 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2012		48.045	46,101
2012 2011 2000			
Finance debtor 336,023 339,884	10 Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
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Cash at bank 23,058 21,274 23,058 21,274 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 £000 £000 Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416		336,023	339,884
Cash at bank 23,058 21,274 23,058 21,274 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 2011 £000 £000 Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416	11. Cash at bank and in hand		
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12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2012 £000 2011 £000 £000 Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 10,266 10,368 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416 416	Cash at bank	23,058	21,274
Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416		23,058	21,274
Trade creditors 2,258 1,919 Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416	12. Creditors: amounts failing due within one year		
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Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416			
Accruals and deferred income 10,266 10,368 Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416	Trade creditors	2,258	1,919
Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 724 416			
13,248 12,703			
		13,248	12,703

13. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

The Company holds interest bearing loans and borrowings, which are measured at amortised cost, as follows

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Guaranteed secured 5 564% bonds 2041 Unsecured unsubordinated 13 465% loan notes 2041	410,839 39,070	411,255 39,070
Total borrowings	449,909	450,325
Finance arrangement costs capitalised	(26,782)	(26,782)
Less amounts due within one year Amortisation of finance arrangement costs capitalised	(724) 7,849	(416) 6,971
Less adjustment on effective interest rate*	(3,454)	(3,189)
	426,798	426,909

^{*} This represents the difference between the interest charged at the effective interest rate and actual interest payable based on the coupon rate

Guaranteed secured bonds 2041

The Company has created £446,588,000 5 564% guaranteed secured bonds 2041 pursuant to a Trust Deed and Collateral Deed dated 9 September 2003 of which £411,588,000 were issued for cash on 9 September 2003 at an issue price of 99 993%

The bonds bear interest at 5 564% which is payable semi - annually in arrears on 30 June and 31 December each year. The bonds are repayable in instalments which commence in June 2009 and end in June 2041.

The Company retained £35,000,000 of bonds (the "variation bonds") which it may sell, subject to certain restrictions in the Collateral Deed, to fund variations to the project

The bonds, excluding the variation bonds, have the benefit of an unconditional and irrevocable financial guarantee issued by MBIA Assurance S A in favour of BNP Paribas Trust Corporation UK Limited as security trustee over all of the undertaking and assets of the Company

Unsecured subordinated 13 465% loan notes 2041

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited Innisfree Nominees Limited acting on behalf of Innisfree PFI Continuation Fund, Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund and Innisfree PFI Secondary Fund 2 is legal owner, of the entire issued share capital of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Under the terms of Deed Polls made on 9 September 2003 both Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited and Derby Healthcare Plc authorised and approved the issue of up to £39,070,000 unsecured subordinated loan notes 2041 on like terms. Under the terms of an Equity Subscription Agreement dated 9 September 2003 Skanska Infrastructure Investment UK Limited and Innisfree Nominees Limited each agreed to subscribe in instalments between December 2003 and December 2008 for £39,070,000 of the Loan Notes in Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited, which in turn agreed to subscribe for the £39,070,000 Loan Notes in its subsidiary Derby Healthcare Plc Subsequently Innisfree Nominees Limited acquired the holding of Skanska Infrastructure Investment UK Limited

Derby Healthcare (Holdings) limited and Derby Healthcare Plc have each issued £39,070,000 of Loan Notes at par for cash The Loan Notes bear interest at 13 465% which is payable semi-annually on 30 June and 31 December each year. The Loan Notes are repayable in instalments on 30 June and 31 December 2041.

14. Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise short term bank deposits, fixed rate bonds and fixed rate subordinated loans. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to ensure, via the terms of the financial instruments, that the profile of the debt service costs is tailored to match expected revenues arising from the Project Agreement.

The Company does not undertake financial instrument transactions which are speculative or unrelated to the Company's trading activities. Board approval is required for the use of any new financial instrument, and the Company's ability to do so is restricted by covenants in its existing funding agreements.

Exposure to liquidity, credit and interest rate risks arise in the normal course of the Company's business

Liquidity risk

Repayment of fixed rate bonds and fixed rate subordinated loans are not required until the Hospital is operational and revenue is receivable under the terms of the Project Agreement

Credit risk

Although The Trust is the only client of the Derby Healthcare Plc, the Directors are satisfied that the Trust will be able to fulfil its collateral obligations under the PFI contract that are in turn underwritten by the Secretary of State for Health. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 December 2012 was

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Trade debtors	6,683	6,658
Prepayments and accrued income	821	2,203
Other debtors	27,039	23,052
Finance debtor	339,779	343,417
	374,322	375,330

Interest rate risk

In respect of income-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicates their effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and their maturity profile

2012	Effective interest	Total	1 year or less	1-2 years	2-5 years	5 + years
	rate	000£	£000	£000	£000	£000
Guaranteed secured bonds	4.58%	(410,839)	(724)	(1,148)	(6,330)	(402,637)
Unsecured subordinated loan notes	13.47%	(39,070)	-	-	-	(39,070)
Finance debtor	6.35%	339,780	3,756	3,995	13,572	318,457
Bank balances*	1.90%	23,058	23,058	-	-	-
Total	_	(87,071)	26,090	2,847	7,242	(123,250)

^{*}Floating rate

14. Financial risk management policies and objectives (continued)

2011	Effective interest	Total	1 year or less	1-2 years	2-5 years	5 + years
	rate	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Guaranteed secured bonds	6 04%	(411,255)	(416)	(724)	(4,791)	(405,324)
Unsecured subordinated loan notes	13 47%	(39,070)	-	· ,	•	(39,070)
Finance debtor	6 35%	343,417	3,533	3,757	12,765	323,362
Bank balances*	1 90%	21,274	21,274	•	-	-
Total	_	(85,634)	24,391	3,033	7,974	(121,032)

^{*}Floating rate

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on those bank balances with floating interest rates. However, the Directors do not consider this to be a significant risk to the Company

The guaranteed secured bonds and unsecured subordinated loan notes both have a fixed rate until 2041. Thus there is no interest rate risk associated with these financial liabilities.

Fair values

The fair values together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet of all financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows

	201	2	2011		
	Carrying value £000	Fair value £000	Carrying value £000	Fair value £000	
Guaranteed secured bonds	(410,839)	(464,289)	(411,255)	(426,142)	
Unsecured subordinated loan notes	(39,070)	(89,481)	(39,070)	(93,258)	
Finance debtor	339,780	417,145	343,417	427,058	
Bank balances	23,058	23,058	21,274	21,274	
Total	(87,071)	(113,567)	(85,634)	(71,068)	

The following summanses the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments reflected in the table above

The fair value of the guaranteed secured bonds is the quoted price of the bonds

The fair value of the unsecured subordinated loan notes is calculated by discounting future cashflows at an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate is calculated by adding an appropriate premium to the relevant gilt yield. The gilt yield reflects the unexpired term of the project and the premium reflects the market spread that would be required by investors in bonds issued by the PFI companies with similar risk profiles, plus a market wrapping fee that would normally be charged to enhance the project cashflows to investment grade. As at 31 December 2012 this premium including the wrapping fee was 100 basis points. In addition a further premium is added to reflect the risk to the cashflows where they are related to usage. The further premium is 50 basis points. The discount rate that has been applied for 31 December 2012 is 5.04% (2011) 4.97%).

14. Financial risk management policies and objectives (continued)

The fair value of contract receivable and finance debtor is calculated by discounting future cash flows at an appropriate discount rate. The discount rate used is calculated by adding an appropriate premium to the relevant gilt yield for the project. The gilt yield reflects the unexpired term of the project agreement and the premium reflects market spread that would be required by investors in bonds issued by the PFI project companies with similar risk profiles, plus the market wrapping fee that would normally be charged to enhance the project cashflows to investment grade. The discount rate that has been applied to the finance debtor and contract receivable at 31 December 2012 is 4 54% (2011 4 47%)

Sensitivity analysis

Since the Company has significant fixed rate financial assets and liabilities, a general increase of one percentage point in interest rates is not expected to significantly impact the profits of the Company

15. Called up share capital		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Called up and fully paid		
50,000 ordinary shares of £1	50	50
16. Reserves		
IU. Reserves	2012	2011
	£000	£000
At the beginning of the year	(32,403)	(31,520)
Loss for the financial year	(567)	(883)
At the end of the year	(32,970)	(32,403)
17. Contingent liabilities		
There are no contingent liabilities (2011 £nil)		
18. Contract commitments		
	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Amounts contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements	50	50

19. Deferred tax asset

A deferred tax asset has been recognised on those tax losses which can be set off against future profits of the Company The future profits of the Company have been estimated on the forecasted cash flows and its estimated contractual rights and obligations as an operator of a Private Finance Initiative contract

The elements of deferred taxation are as follows

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Tax loss for prior periods	10,655	11,496
Tax (profit) / loss for current year	(60)	11
Adjustment following change in corporation tax rate	(849)	(852)
	9,746	10,655

The deferred tax asset has been calculated on the basis that the corporation tax rate from 1 April 2013 has fallen from 24% to 23%

20. Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of a larger group of which the company is a member

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited which is incorporated in the United Kingdom. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Derby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited. The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent BR8 7AG.