# Herald Inns and Bars Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 March 2007

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BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants

# Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007

### Contents

# Page<sup>1</sup>

- Report of the directors
- 4 Report of the independent auditors
- 6 Profit and loss account
- 7 Balance sheet
- 8 Notes forming part of the financial statements

### Directors

C J Hemmings M L Widders

# Secretary and registered office

M L Widders Levens House Ackhurst Business Park Chorley Lancashire PR7 1NY

# Company number

4636778

# Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP, Commercial Buildings, 11-15 Cross Street, Manchester, M2 1WE

# Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2007

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007

#### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the loss for the year

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the operation of a chain of late night bars and public houses

### **Business review**

Trading during the year has been challenging, mirroring the difficulties experienced by the industry generally

The focus for the forthcoming year is to continue to refurbish the estate, improve profitability and reduce costs

The principal uncertainty associated with the company's business is the level of admission to the company's trading units and their liquor spend. The directors believe that this can present either a risk or an opportunity to the business.

The directors monitor performance through the production of a detailed annual budget, then comparing performance against this budget. This will be revisited throughout the year to identify deviations and enable remedial actions to be identified if necessary

Additionally the directors monitor key performance indicators to ensure they are within acceptable parameters, these include

- · Admission numbers and liquor spend at each trading unit
- Gross profit percentage return on sales
- Operating profit return on sales
- Levels of spend on administration costs
- Cash generated from operating activities

The company is financed by bank loans and overdrafts and intercompany loans. In addition, the company enters into debtor and creditor arrangements with third parties, under normal commercial terms, as part of its operating activities. Please refer to the notes supporting the financial statements for further commentary on these financial instruments.

### Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

#### Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

C J Hemmings M L Widders B M King (resigned 25 May 2007)

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial period had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company or its immediate and ultimate parent undertaking

According to the register of directors' interest, no rights to subscribe for shares in or debentures of the company or its immediate and ultimate parent undertaking were granted to any of the directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them, during the financial year

### **Employees**

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure their employment with the company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be comparable with that of other employees.

The company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued its previous practice of keeping them informed on matters affecting them as employees. This is achieved through formal and informal meetings. Employee representatives are consulted regularly on a wide range of matters affecting their current and future interests.

#### Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable contributions during the year

### Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statement, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Report of the directors for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

#### Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware

BDO Stoy Hayward LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

On behalf of the Board

M.L. Widders

Director

Date 14 september 2007

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### Report of the independent auditors

#### To the shareholders of Herald Inns and Bars Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Herald Inns and Bars Limited for the year ended 31 March 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and whether the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with those financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Our report has been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of the Companies Act 1985 or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# Report of the independent auditors (Continued)

### Opinion

### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985,
   and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

**BDO STOY HAY WARD LLP** 

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Manchester

Date 18 SKMEnlesh 2007

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2007

	Note	2007	2006
		£'000	£'000
Turnover	2	37,453	39,416
Cost of sales		18,523	19,573
Gross profit		18,930	19,843
Administrative expenses (including			
exceptional fixed asset impairment of £5 89m)	nt charges 3	30,275	23,904
Operating loss	3	(11,345)	(4,061)
Earnings before interest, tax and cha against fixed assets	urges	(450)	265
Profit/(loss) on disposal of fixed ass	ets	9	(378)
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(3,184)	(2,923)
Loss on ordinary activities before	taxatıon	(14,520)	(7,362)
Taxation on losses from ordinary ac	tivities 7	1,992	-
Loss for the financial year		(12,528)	(7,362)
			-

All amounts relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses are included in the above statement

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

# Balance sheet at 31 March 2007

	Note	2007 £'000	2007 £'000	2006 £'000	2006 £'000
Fixed assets		2 000	2 000	2 000	. 000
Intangible assets	8		23,961		31,245
Tangible assets	9		31,616		34,381
Investments	10		2,397		2,397
			57,974		68,023
Current assets					
Stocks	11	342		486	
Debtors	12	5,186		4,946	
Cash at bank and in hand		142		225	
		5,670		5,657	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	13	22,865		18,931	
Net current liabilities			(17,195)		(13,274)
Total assets less current liabilities			40,779		54,749
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	14		67,772		69,214
			(26,993)		(14,465)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		-		-
Profit and loss account			(26,993)		(14,465)
Shareholders' deficit	16		(26,993)		(14,465)

The financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on if september 2007

M.L. Widders Director

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007

# 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied

#### Consolidated financial statements

The company is exempt under Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 for the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertaking are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 '(Cash Flow Statement [Revised 1996])" not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Herald Houses Limited and the company is included in the consolidated financial statements

#### Turnover

Turnover represents sales to outside customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual values, of all fixed assets, except freehold land, evenly over their expected useful economic lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Freehold property Leasehold property Fixtures and fittings 2% per annum

over the term of the lease straight line over 4-10 years

### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. It is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life. Impairment tests on the carrying value of goodwill are undertaken.

- at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition,
- in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

### Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profit in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

#### Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they become payable. The assets of the scheme are held separately in an independently administered fund

#### Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor

All other leases are treated as operating leases Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

Reverse premiums and similar incentives to enter into operating lease agreements are initially recorded as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the period to the date on which the rent is first expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate

### Basis of preparation

The balance sheet shows net liabilities of £26,993k (2006 £14,465k) The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through funds made available by the company's bankers. The bank have indicated its present intention to provide the support necessary for the company to continue in operational existence and this support covers a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Furthermore, the directors anticipate that the ongoing capital expenditure programme will improve the trading results and cashflows of the company in future years. For these reasons, the directors continue to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

# 2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

3	Operating loss		
		2007	2006
		£'000	£'000
	This has been arrived at after charging		
	Auditors' remuneration	20	20
	- audit services	38	38
	- non audit services	-	17
	Depreciation written off	2 106	2016
	owned tangible fixed assets	3,196	2,815
	Exceptional impairment charge	5 175	
	- intangible assets (note 8)	5,475 415	•
	- tangible assets (note 9)	1,809	1,889
	Amortisation of goodwill	4,031	3,505
	Operating leases - land and buildings	4,031	3,303
4	Staff numbers and costs		
	The average monthly number of employees, including directors, was 1,1	23 (2006 – 1,227)	
		, ,	
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows	, ,	
		2007	2006
			2006 £'000
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows  Wages and salaries	2007 £'000 8,425	<b>£'000</b> 9,265
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows  Wages and salaries Social security costs	2007 £'000 8,425 556	£'000 9,265 633
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	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows  Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs  Remuneration of directors  None of the directors received any remuneration from the company period	2007 £'000 8,425 556 18 	\$,265 633 27 

3,184

2,923

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

7	Taxation		
		2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	UK Corporation tax	£ 000	a. 000
	Current tax on loss for the period	(1,992)	-
	The tax assessed for the year is different from the standard rate of codifferences are explained below	orporation tax in th	ne UK The
		2007 £'000	2006 £'000
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(14,520)	(7,362)
	Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate		
	of corporation tax in the UK of 30%	(4,356)	(2,209)
	Effect of		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes – fixed assets	635	651
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	l	17
	Group relief surrender	3,985	-
	Amount receivable for group relief surrender	(1,992)	421
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(418)	431
	Unrelieved tax losses & other deductions	151	1,082
	Other short term timing differences	2	28
	Current tax (credit)/charge for the year	(1,992)	•
			····

The company has capital losses carried forward of £532k (2006 £532k)

At 31 March 2007 the company has a deferred tax asset of £3,073k (2006 £3,337k) which has not been recognised in the accounts. The asset will be recoverable against future trading taxable profits of the company

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

# 8 Intangible assets

	Purchased goodwill £'000
Cost	
At 1 April 2006 Additions	36,256
At 31 March 2007	36,256
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2006 Charge for year Impairment charge	5,011 1,809 5,475
At 31 March 2007	12,295
Net book value	
At 31 March 2007	23,961
At 31 March 2006	31,245

All goodwill is being amortised over 20 years as the directors believe the company will continue to derive economic benefit from the brand names and trade acquired in the acquisitions over that period

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

9	Tangible assets				
	J	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Leasehold land and buildings £2000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Total £'000
	Cost				
	At 1 April 2006	6,951	19,518	15,469	41,938
	Additions	-	<del>-</del>	892	892
	Disposals	-	(23)	(40)	(63)
	At 31 March 2007	6,951	19,495	16,321	42,767
	D				
	Depreciation	276	2.520	2.750	7 5 5 7
	At 1 April 2006 Charge for the year	139	3,529 1,186	3,752 1,871	7,557 3,196
	Impairment charge	139	98	317	415
	Disposals	-	(11)	(6)	(17)
	At 31 March 2007	415	4,802	5,934	11,151
	Net book value			<del></del>	
	At 31 March 2007	6,536	14,693	10,387	31,616
	At 31 March 2006	6,675	15,989	11,717	34,381
10	Investments	<del></del>	<del></del>		
				u	Subsidiary indertakings £'000
	Cost At 1 April 2006 and 31 March 2007				2,397
	Nat hook nakes				
	Net book value At 1 April 2006 and 31 March 2007				2,397
	,				

The investment relates to the company's investment in its 100% owned dormant subsidiary, Bakersfield Entertainment Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom

# 11 Stocks

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Goods for resale	342	486

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amount stated above

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

12	Debtors			
			2007	2006
			£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors		301	369
	Other debtors		1,614	3,294
	Amounts due from related parties		1,992	-
	Prepayments and accrued income		1,279	1,283
			5,186	4,946
	All debtors fall due within one year			
13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	, .		2007	2006
			£'000	£'000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)		13,060	9,987
	Trade creditors		2,338	2,113
	Taxation and social security		600	189
	Other creditors		995	1,893
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		2,603	2,777
	Accruals and deferred income Provision for liabilities and charges		2,444 825	1,972 -
			22,865	18,931
14	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	•		2007	2006
			£'000	£'000
	Loan notes		10,000	10,000
	Bank loans (secured)		45,772	47,214
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		12,000	12,000
			67,772	69,214
				Amounts
		_	Bank	owed to
		Loan	loans and	group
	Massacha - C dala	notes	overdrafts	undertaking
	Maturity of debt	2007 £'000	2007	2007
		£'000	£'000	£'000
	Due within one year	_	13,060	2,603
	Due between one and two years	•	-	12,000
	Due between two and five years	•	45,772	-
	Due in more than 5 years	10,000	•	-
		10,000	58,832	14,603

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

14	Creditors.	amounts	falling	due	after	more tl	han	one	vear	(continued)	)
4 '7	Cicanors	amounts		~~~	*****			0	,	100,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,

	Amounts own				
	Loan notes 2006 £'000	Bank loans 2006 £'000	to group undertaking 2006 £'000		
Due within one year	•	9,987	2,777		
Due between one and two years	-	5,624	12,000		
Due between two and five years	-	41,590	-		
Due in more than 5 years	10,000	-	-		
	10,000	57,201	14,777		

The loan notes attract an interest rate of LIBOR + 1% from 1 April 2007. The LIBOR element of the interest is payable quarterly in arrears and the margin element of the interest is accrued and payable on the redemption of the loan notes. The loan notes may be redeemed by the company at any time prior to the redemption date in tranches of 500,000 notes. The holders of the loan notes may redeem the notes at any time after the redemption date in tranches of 500,000 notes. The redemption date is 31 March 2011.

The bank loan is repayable in variable quarterly amounts over the next 5 years and was due to commence on 30 June 2006. However, the bank have since notified the company that it will not seek any repayments prior to 31 March 2008. Interest is payable in arrears on a monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly or semi-annual basis at either a rate tied to LIBOR or the Bank of Scotland base rate.

The loans and overdrafts of the company are secured by way of a legal charge over the assets of the company

### 15 Share capital

	Allotted, called up and fully		Allotted, called up and fully		
	Authorised	paid	Authorised	paid	
	2007	2007	2006	2006	
	£	£	£	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1	1,000	1	

### 16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2007 £'000	2006 £'000
Opening shareholders' deficit Loss for the financial period	(14,465) (12,528)	(7,103) (7,362)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(26,993)	(14,465)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2007 (Continued)

#### 17 Commitments

There were no capital commitments at the end of the financial year

### 18 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

	31 March 2007 Land and buildings £'000	31 March 2007 Other £'000	31 March 2006 Land and buildings £'000	31 March 2006 Other £'000
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	12	-	-	-
In two to five years In more than five years	48 3,698	41	159 3,523	44 -
	3,758	41	3,682	44

### 19 Related party disclosures

Included within debtors is an amount from Trust Inns Ltd of £1,992k relating to payment due for tax losses surrendered by the company The ultimate parent company of Trust Inns Ltd is Dollagh Ltd, being the same as that of the company

# 20 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group of which the company is a member

The ultimate parent company of Herald Inns and Bars Limited is Dollagh Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man Dollagh Limited is controlled by the family interests of Mr T J Hemmings

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Herald Houses Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom