

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04632931

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

Financial Statements

For the year ended

31 March 2018



COHEN ARNOLD

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

New Burlington House

1075 Finchley Road

London

NW11 0PU

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Financial Statements
Year ended 31 March 2018

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BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Officers and Professional Advisers

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr E Englander
Mr J S Englander

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mrs S Englander

REGISTERED OFFICE

New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

AUDITOR

Cohen Arnold
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity is property investment which remained unchanged during the year and no change is envisaged in the immediate future.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr E Englander
Mr J S Englander

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

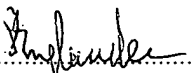
Directors' Report *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2018

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 22 January 2019 and signed on behalf of the board by:


.....
Mrs S Englander
Company Secretary

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Brightman Limited

Year ended 31 March 2018

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Brightman Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Brightman Limited *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2018

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the Financial Statements and the Directors' report in accordance with the small Companies regime and take advantage of the Small Companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

Independent Auditor's Report to the Shareholders of Brightman Limited *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2018

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

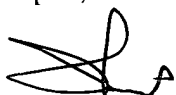
Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Asher Sternlicht
(Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
Cohen Arnold
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

Date: 22 JANUARY 2019

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Profit and Loss Account
Year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover	4	307,993	304,559
Cost of sales		<u>(45,243)</u>	<u>(40,512)</u>
Gross profit		262,750	264,047
Administrative expenses		(2,475)	(172,020)
Other operating income		7,614	6,673
Surplus on disposal of investment properties		3,891	–
Net valuation (deficit)/gain on investment properties		<u>(2,057,195)</u>	<u>1,750,000</u>
Operating (loss)/profit		(1,785,415)	1,848,700
Interest payable and similar expenses		<u>(47,756)</u>	<u>(76,905)</u>
(Loss)/profit before taxation	5	(1,833,171)	1,771,795
Tax on (loss)/profit	6	<u>210,967</u>	<u>(210,967)</u>
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		<u>(1,622,204)</u>	<u>1,560,828</u>

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The company has no other recognised items of income and expenses other than the results for the year as set out above.

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Statement of Income and Retained Earnings
Year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		(1,622,204)	1,560,828
Retained earnings at the start of the year		<u>3,393,324</u>	<u>1,832,496</u>
Retained earnings at the end of the year		<u>1,771,120</u>	<u>3,393,324</u>

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED

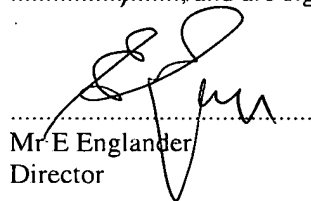
Balance Sheet

31 March 2018

		2018		2017
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	7	3,500,000		6,000,000
Investments	8	<u>223,117</u>		<u>223,117</u>
		3,723,117		6,223,117
Current assets				
Debtors	9	183,631	188,307	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	<u>(349,772)</u>	<u>(2,284,372)</u>	
Net current liabilities		<u>(166,141)</u>		<u>(2,096,065)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		3,556,976		4,127,052
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(1,785,756)		(522,661)
Provisions	12	–		<u>(210,967)</u>
Net assets		<u>1,771,220</u>		<u>3,393,424</u>
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	13	100		100
Profit and loss account		<u>1,771,120</u>		<u>3,393,324</u>
Shareholders funds		<u>1,771,220</u>		<u>3,393,424</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ~~22 January 2019~~ and are signed on behalf of the board by:



 Mr E Englander
 Director

Company registration number: 04632931

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements
Year ended 31 March 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Consolidation

The entity has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the entity and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The valuation of investment properties is inherently subjective, depending on many factors, including the individual nature of each property, its location and expected future net rental values, market yields and comparable market transactions. Therefore the valuations are subject to a degree of uncertainty and are made on the basis of assumptions which may not prove to be accurate, particularly in periods of difficult market or economic conditions.

Turnover

The turnover of the company is represented by rents and charges receivable in respect of its investment properties.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*
Year ended 31 March 2018

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. For investment property that is measured at fair value, deferred tax is provided at the rate and allowances applicable to the sale of the property.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Investment properties are recognised initially at cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition -

- Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are held at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period that they arise; and
- No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties applying the fair value model.

Investment property fair value is determined by the Directors in consultation with RICS qualified surveyors, based on their understanding of property market conditions and the specific property concerned, using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions and market yields, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*
Year ended 31 March 2018

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Acquisitions and disposals

Acquisitions and disposals are considered to have taken place at the date of legal completion and are included in the financial statements accordingly.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments.

The company has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Creditors and provisions are recognised where the company has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*
Year ended 31 March 2018

4. Turnover

The turnover of the Company is represented by rents and charges receivable in respect of its investment properties.

The net rental income is comprised as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Rents and charges receivable	307,993	304,559
Property outgoings	(45,243)	(40,512)
Net rental income	<u>262,750</u>	<u>264,047</u>

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	<u>2,475</u>	<u>1,800</u>

6. Tax on (loss)/profit

Major components of tax (income)/expense

	2018	2017
	£	£
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(210,967)	210,967
Tax on (loss)/profit	<u>(210,967)</u>	<u>210,967</u>

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*
Year ended 31 March 2018

7. Tangible assets

	Freehold investment properties £
Fair value	
At 1 April 2017	6,000,000
Disposals	(442,805)
Revaluations	<u>(2,057,195)</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>3,500,000</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2018	<u>3,500,000</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u>6,000,000</u>

The company's investment properties are valued by Mr E Englander (a Director) in consultation with RICS qualified surveyors based on his understanding of property market conditions using a sales valuation approach, derived from recent comparable transactions and market yields, adjusted by applying discounts to reflect status of occupation and condition.

The historical cost of the freehold investment properties is as follows:

	£
At 1 April 2017	3,886,842
Disposals	<u>(442,805)</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>3,444,037</u>

In accordance with the Company's stated accounting policy (see Note 3) no depreciation has been provided in respect of the Freehold properties which are held for investment purposes.

8. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost	
At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	<u>223,117</u>
Impairment	
At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	<u>—</u>

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*
Year ended 31 March 2018

8. Investments *(continued)*

	Shares in group undertakings £
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2018	<u>223,117</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u>223,117</u>

9. Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	13,065	59,741
Other debtors	<u>170,566</u>	<u>128,566</u>
	<u>183,631</u>	<u>188,307</u>

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	–	2,025,000
Trade creditors	99,889	105,114
Social security and other taxes	116,343	30,086
Other creditors	<u>133,540</u>	<u>124,172</u>
	<u>349,772</u>	<u>2,284,372</u>

11. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Other creditors	<u>1,785,756</u>	<u>522,661</u>

BRIGHTMAN LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*
Year ended 31 March 2018

12. Provisions

	Deferred tax £
At 1 April 2017	210,967
Movement in the year	<u>(210,967)</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>-</u>

The provision for deferred tax is in relation to timing differences in respect of the fair value adjustment of investment properties.

13. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100.00</u>

14. Related party transactions

(i) Other creditors (Note 11) represents amounts due to Better Properties Limited which is ultimately controlled by the Trustees of Settlements made by Mr E Englander and Mrs S Englander. The loan bears interest of 2% above the Bank of England Base Rate.

15. Parent company and controlling party

The parent undertaking is Multistates Limited, a Company registered in England. Multistates Limited is controlled by Mr J S Englander and Mrs B Englander.