Lone Eagle Investments Limited

Directors' report and unaudited financial statements

for the year ended 30 September 2005



# **Company information**

Directors P J Goodes

A P Cutler C D Fayers

Secretary P J Goodes

Company number 4621472

Registered office Palatine House

Exeter Devon EX2 8NL

Accountants Thompson Jenner

1 Colleton Crescent

Exeter Devon EX1 8NL

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# Directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2005

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005.

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity during the year was that of a property investment company.

#### **Directors and their interests**

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company are as stated below:

	Orginary s	Orginary snares	
	30/09/05	01/10/04	
P J Goodes	-		
A P Cutler	-	-	
C D Fayers	-	~	

### Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that year. In preparing these the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report is prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

This report was approved by the Board on 18 15 Ja 2006 and signed on its behalf by

P J Goodes Secretary

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 September 2005

		2005	2004
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	203,474	188,741
Cost of sales		(23,435)	(30,157)
Gross profit		180,039	158,584
Administrative expenses		(21,529)	(26,969)
Operating profit		158,510	131,615
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges  Profit on ordinary		123 (129,372)	55 (116,619)
activities before taxation		29,261	15,051
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	(27,770)	(5,117)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		1,491	9,934
Retained profit for the year		1,491	9,934
Retained profit brought forward		35,016	25,082
Retained profit carried forward		36,507	35,016

# Balance sheet as at 30 September 2005

		20	05	20	04
	Notes	£	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b> Tangible assets	4		2,379,632		2,379,632
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	67,180		37,628	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	67,181 (252,384)		37,629 (234,614)	
Net current liabilities			(185,203)		(196,985)
Total assets less current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		2,194,429 (2,114,285)		2,182,647 (2,131,764)
Provisions for liabilities and charges  Net assets			(43,636) 36,508		(15,866)
			====		====
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	9 10		1 36,507		1 35,016
Shareholders' funds			36,508		35,017

The directors' statements required by Section 249B(4) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet.

#### **Balance sheet (continued)**

# Directors' statements required by Section 249B(4) for the year ended 30 September 2005

In approving these financial statements as directors of the company we hereby confirm:

- (a) that for the year stated above the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985;
- (b) that no notice has been deposited at the registered office of the company pursuant to Section 249B(2) requesting that an audit be conducted for the year ended 30 September 2005 and
- (c) that we acknowledge our responsibilities for:
- (1) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221, and
- (2) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of Section 226 and which otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 13 514 2006 and signed on its behalf by

P J Goodes Director

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1. Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

### 1.3 Investment properties

In accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities, certain of the company's properties are held for long-term investment and are included in the Balance Sheet at their open market values. The surplus or deficit on revaluation of such properties are transferred to the investment property revaluation reserve. Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold investment properties. Leasehold investment properties are not amortised where the unexpired term is over twenty years.

This policy represents a departure from the Companies Act 1985, which requires depreciation to be provided on all fixed assets. The directors consider that this policy is necessary in order that the Financial Statements may give a true and fair view because current values and changes in current values are of prime importance rather than the calculation of systematic annual depreciation. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

#### 1.4. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

#### 2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the UK.

#### 3. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of charge in period	2005 £	2004 £
Current tax		
Total current tax charge		<u>-</u>
Deferred tax		
Timing differences, origination and reversal	27,770	5,117
Total deferred tax	27,770	5,117
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	27,770	5,117

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005

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4.	Tangible fixed assets	Investment		
••		Property	Total	
		£	£	
	Cost			
	At 1 October 2004	2,379,632	2,379,632	
	At 30 September 2005	2,379,632	2,379,632	
	Net book values			
	At 30 September 2005	2,379,632	2,379,632	
	At 30 September 2004	2,379,632	2,379,632	

The investment property has been valued by the directors at 30 September 2005, at open market value for existing or alternative use basis as appropriate, at £2,379,632.

5.	Debtors	2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	64,753 2,427	36,628 1,000
		67,180	37,628
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank overdraft Bank loan Trade creditors Other taxes and social security costs Accruals and deferred income	88 76,595 3,286 13,768 158,647	107 76,595 2,317 10,811 144,784
		252,384	234,614

The bank loan is secured by a fixed legal charge on the investment property and over the assets of the business.

The bank loan is stated net of prepaid finance costs totalling £8,229. (2004: £11,634).

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005

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7.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Bank loan	1,415,176	1,491,771
	Amounts due to connected companies	699,109	639,993
		2,114,285	2,131,764
		<del></del>	

The bank loan is secured by a fixed legal charge on the investment property and over the assets of the business.

The bank loan is stated net of prepaid finance costs totalling £8,229. (2004: £11,634).

8.	Provision for deferred taxation	2005 £	2004 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	52,892	34,831
	Tax losses carried forward	(9,256)	(18,965)
	Undiscounted provision for deferred tax	43,636	15,866
	Provision at 1 October 2004	15,866	
	Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account	27,770	
	Provision at 30 September 2005	43,636	
9.	Share capital	2005	2004
	·	£	£
	Authorised		
	1,000 Ordinary shares		1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	<del></del>	<del></del>
	1 Ordinary shares	1	1

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2005

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10.	Reserves	Profit and loss account £	Total £
	At 1 October 2004 Retained profit for the year	35,016 1,491	35,016 1,491
	At 30 September 2005	36,507	36,507
11.	Capital commitments	2005 £	2004 £
	Details of capital commitments at the accounting date are as follows:		
	Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	50,800	50,800

The company is contracted to make repairs necessary to bring the rental units of the investment property back to their original state. Included in accruals is £50,800 relating to amounts received from previous tenants with regards to the dilapidation of the investment property.

#### 12. Related party transactions

During the year Eagle One Limited, a company controlled by M M R Kay, provided the company with a loan to service the company's working capital requirements. The amount included in creditors falling due after more than one at the year end amounts to £699,109.

During the year Eagle One Limited charged the company, on an arms length basis, £33,533 for interest accruing on the loan.

During the year, Eagle One Limited, charged the company management charges of £9,684.

#### 13. Controlling interest

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr M R Kay.