

IRTH (19) LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019
Registered Number: 04621007



IRTH (19) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

The Directors present their Report, together with the audited financial statements of IRTH (19) Limited (the "Company") for the 47 weeks ended 24 February 2019 (prior period: 53 weeks ended 30 March 2018) ("2018").

Business review and principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is that of a finance company.

Results and dividends

The results for the 47 weeks ended 24 February 2019 show the Company has made a profit after tax of £2.2m in the period (2018: £2.3m).

Net assets at the end of the period were £41.5m (2018: £39.3m).

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the 47 week period ended 24 February 2019 of £nil (2018: £nil).

Key Performance Indicators (KPI's)

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

The development, performance and position of the operations of the Tesco PLC Group (the "Group"), which includes the Company, is discussed on pages 16 to 17 of the Tesco PLC Annual Report and Financial Statements 2019, which do not form a part of this Report.

Future developments

The Company will continue to act as a finance company for the foreseeable future. The Company's future developments form a part of the Group's long-term strategies, which are discussed on pages 14 and 15 of the Tesco PLC Annual Report and Financial Statements 2019, which does not form part of this Report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of the Group, which include the Company, are discussed on pages 32 to 36 of the Tesco PLC Annual Report and Financial Statements 2019, which does not form part of this Report.

The main risks associated with the Company's financial assets and liabilities are set out below:

Business risk

Uncertainty around the UK's departure from the EU continues to grow as a result of the ongoing political deadlock. A failure to prepare for all eventualities, and any resulting disruption, could have an adverse impact on our primary business, financial results and operations. The Tesco PLC Board will continue to assess and monitor the potential risks and impacts on the Company and its stakeholders as a whole, while taking appropriate mitigation measures to address challenges as appropriate.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019 (continued)

Financial risk management

The main risks associated with the Company's financial assets and liabilities are set out below:

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. Since the creditors comprises amounts owed to Group undertakings, the liquidity risk is determined to be low.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Debtors comprises amounts owed by Group undertakings, hence credit risk is determined to be low.

Going concern

The Directors consider that the Company has adequate resources to remain in operation for a period of at least twelve months and have therefore continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. In coming to this conclusion, the Directors have considered the risks and uncertainties set out above.

Events after the balance sheet date

Details of events after the reporting period can be found in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Political donations

There were no political donations for the period (2018: £nil) and the Company did not incur any political expenditure (2018: £nil).

Research and development

The Company does not undertake any research and development activities (2018: £nil).

Strategic report

The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 from preparing a Strategic Report.

Employees

The Company had no employees during the period (2018: none)

Directors

The following Directors served during the period and up to the date of signing these financial statements:

Charles Wilson	
Jonathan Prentis	(resigned 26 October 2018)
Veselin Bandev	(appointed 26 October 2018)

None of the Directors had disclosable interests in the Company during this period.

Tesco PLC maintained a Directors' and Officers' liability insurance policy throughout the financial period and up to the date of signing the financial statements.

IRTH (19) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019 (continued)

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each Director who is a Director of the Company at the date of approval of these financial statements confirms that:

- so far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Directors have taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information

Where this document contains forward-looking statements, these are made by the Directors in good faith based on the information available to them at the time of their approval of this Report. These statements should be treated with caution due to the inherent risks and uncertainties underlying any such forward-looking information. A number of factors, including those in this document, could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

Under Company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

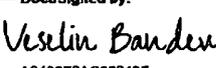
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor

Deloitte LLP, having indicated its willingness to continue in office, will be deemed to be reappointed as auditor under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 30 August 2019 and signed on behalf of the Board by:

DocuSigned by:

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Veselin Bandev

Director

IRTH (19) Limited

Registered Number: 04621007

Registered Office: Equity House, Irthlingborough Road, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, NN8 1LT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IRTH (19) LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of IRTH (19) Limited (the "Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 24 February 2019 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the Profit and Loss Account;
- the Balance Sheet;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IRTH (19) LIMITED (continued)

Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IRTH (19) LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Damian Sanders FCA (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Statutory Auditor
Manchester

30 August 2019

IRTH (19) LIMITED
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

	Note	47 weeks ended 24 February 2019 £m	53 weeks ended 30 March 2018 £m
Administrative expenses		-	-
Operating result		-	-
Interest receivable and similar income	6	2.2	2.3
Profit before tax		2.2	2.3
Tax charge	7	-	-
Profit for the period		<u>2.2</u>	<u>2.3</u>

There are no material differences between the profit before tax and the profit for the period stated above and their historical cost equivalents in the current and previous period.

All operations are continuing for the current and previous financial periods.

There is no other comprehensive income/(expense) in the periods presented; therefore no Statement of Comprehensive Income has been prepared. Total comprehensive income is equal to profit for the periods presented.

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 24 FEBRUARY 2019

	Note	24 February 2019 £m	30 March 2018 £m
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	41.5	39.3
Net assets		<u>41.5</u>	<u>39.3</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	9.6	9.6
Share premium account		0.4	0.4
Profit and loss account		31.5	29.3
Shareholders' funds		<u>41.5</u>	<u>39.3</u>

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 14 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 August 2019. They were signed on its behalf by

DocuSigned by:

Veselin Bandev

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Veselin Bandev

Director

IRTH (19) Limited

Registered Number: 04621007

Registered Office: Equity House, Irthlingborough Road, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, NN8 1LT

IRTH (19) LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

	Share capital £m	Share premium £m	Profit and loss account £m	Total equity £m
At 24 March 2017	9.6	0.4	27.0	37.0
Profit for the period	-	-	2.3	2.3
	-----	-----	-----	-----
At 30 March 2018	9.6	0.4	29.3	39.3
Profit for the period	-	-	2.2	2.2
	-----	-----	-----	-----
At 24 February 2019	<u>9.6</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>31.5</u>	<u>41.5</u>

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of these financial statements.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

1. Authorisation of financial statements and statement of compliance with FRS 101

The financial statements of IRTH (19) Limited (the “Company”) for the 47 weeks ended 24 February 2019 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 August 2019 and the Balance Sheet was signed on the Board’s behalf by Veselin Bandev.

Following the merger between Booker Group and Tesco PLC on 5 March 2018, the period end was changed to become in line with Tesco PLC financial reporting.

IRTH (19) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 “Reduced Disclosure Framework” (“FRS 101”).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the Companies Act 2006, modified to include certain items at fair value. The Company’s financial statements are presented in Pound Sterling, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates, and all values are rounded to the nearest hundred thousand, except when otherwise indicated.

2. General information

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is Equity House, Irthlingborough Road, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, NN8 1LT. The nature of the Company’s operations and its principal activity are set out in the Directors’ Report on page 1.

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the period and to the preceding period, unless otherwise stated.

3. Accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 “Reduced Disclosure Framework” issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (“Adopted IFRSs”), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 101. Note 10 gives details of the Company’s parent and from where its consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS may be obtained.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)
a) Basis of preparation (continued)

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f) and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements;
- the requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraph 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119 (a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with Customers;
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors;
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets; and
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of
 - (i) paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment; and
 - (ii) paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets.

b) Adoption of new IFRS

The Company has adopted all mandatory standards, interpretations and amendments that were effective for the current financial year. These include IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'. In addition, the Company has early adopted IFRS 16 'Leases'. None of these changes had a material impact on the financial statements.

c) Going concern

The Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these financial statements. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

d) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates

The Directors believe that there are no key sources of estimation uncertainty.

Judgements

The Directors believe that there are no critical accounting judgements.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

e) Significant Accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Interest payable and similar charges

Intercompany interest-bearing loans are initially recorded at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between proceeds and redemption value being recognised in the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

Taxation

Current tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Profit and Loss Account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. Tax provisions are recognised for uncertain tax positions where a risk of an additional tax liability has been identified and it is probable that that the Company will be required to settle that tax.

Group relief on taxation

The Company may receive or surrender group relief from Group companies without payment and consequently there may be no tax charge in the Profit and Loss Account.

4. Auditor's remuneration

The Auditor's remuneration for the current and prior period of £2,000 (2018: £500) was borne by another Group company for auditing the financial statements of the Company.

There were no non-audit fees payable to the company's auditor in the current or prior period.

5. Staff costs and Directors' remuneration

(a) Employee information

The company had no employees throughout this or the previous period, other than the directors.

(b) Directors' remuneration

No remuneration or fees were paid by the company to any of its Directors during this or the previous period in respect of services to the company. The Directors of the company were remunerated by other Group undertakings for their services to the Group as a whole. It is not practicable to allocate their remuneration in respect of each of the subsidiaries.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

6.	Interest receivable and similar income	2019	2018
		£m	£m
	Intercompany loan interest	<u>2.2</u>	<u>2.3</u>

7. Tax charge

(a) Factors that have affected the tax charge

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK is 19% from 1 April 2017, and 17% from 1 April 2020. This gives a corporation tax rate for the Company for both periods of 19%.

(b) Tax charge in the Profit and Loss Account	2019	2018
	£m	£m
Total tax charge for the period	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

(c) Reconciliation of the tax charge

The differences between the total charge/(credit) shown above and the amount calculated by applying the blended rate of UK corporation tax to profit is as follows:

Profit before tax	2.2	2.3
Tax on profit at 19% (2018: 19%)	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.4</u>
Group relief surrendered for which no payment received	<u>(0.4)</u>	<u>(0.4)</u>
Total tax charge for the period	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

(d) Tax rate changes

The Finance Act 2016 included legislation to reduce the main rate of UK corporation tax from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 17% from 1 April 2020. These rate reductions were enacted by the Balance Sheet date and therefore included in these financial statements. Temporary differences have been remeasured using the enacted tax rates that are expected to apply when the liability is settled or the asset realised.

IRTH (19) LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 47 WEEKS ENDED 24 FEBRUARY 2019

8. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
	£m	£m
Amounts due from Group undertakings	<u>41.5</u>	<u>39.3</u>

Amounts due from Group undertakings are all unsecured, repayable on demand and £31.6m are interest bearing at a fixed rate of 8.35%.

9. Called up share capital	2019	2018
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid 19,090,100 ordinary shares of \$1.00	<u>9.6</u>	<u>9.6</u>

10. Ultimate Group undertaking

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Giant Booker Limited, whose registered office is Equity House, Irthlingborough Road, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, NN8 1LT.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Tesco PLC, which is registered in England and Wales, and which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements.

Copies of the Tesco PLC Annual Report and Financial Statements are available from the Company Secretary at the registered office address: Tesco PLC, Tesco House, Shire Park, Kestrel Way, Welwyn Garden City, AL7 1GA, United Kingdom.

11. Events after Balance Sheet date

There have been no material events since the Balance Sheet date which require disclosing.